"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Generally fair, moderate temperature to-day and Sunday; moderate northwest to north winds.
For full weather report see Page 6.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,565. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1911.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark, TWO CENTS.

GALE OF TROPIC FURY SWEEPS OVER CITY

Several Men Hurt in Harlem When Walls of a Building Are Hit by Lightning.

WIND 63 MILES AN HOUR

Temperature Drops 15 Degrees in a Few Minutes—Death and Destruction in Its Wake Elsewhere.

A storm of tropical fury accompanied by brilliant lightning, and deafening thunder, swept over the city from the Northwest yesterday afternoon, turning day to night and causing havoc everywhere. In Harlem several men were injured when lightning struck a building undergoing repairs, the walls falling upon adjoining houses. From many places reports were received of freaks of the lightning.

A great bank of clouds began to gather in the West an hour before the storm broke. It was a swirling mass which thickened as it advanced until by the time it covered the city it was dark as in the evening and the electric lights were turned on in all office buildings.

The disturbance was bred in a highly humid atmosphere, and it was the second time within the week that such a gale has visited this city, but though it did not get as dark yesterday as on Tuesday the darkness was of greater duration. The wind preceded rather than accompanied the rain and as it tore across the city it stirred up great quantities of sand and dirt which in the more open places assumed the proportions of a miniature sand storm.

The actual duration of the storm, according to the Weather Bureau, was one hour and ten minutes, but the thrilling part lasted only a quarter of an hour. In that time eighteen hundredths of an inch of rain fell. The maximum wind velocity was 63 miles, which was maintained for five minutes. The weather man spoke of it after it was over as "a rollicking Summer storm not at all tornadic in character." It was much bluster and more huff said the man who had viewed it 414 feet above the ground.

Though the wind sent persons scurrying to shelter before the coming of the rain there was in the wind a grateful relief from the torrid heat which held before the coming of the storm. Within a very few minutes the temperature fell from 79 to 64 degrees.

Darkness settled down on the city rather suddenly, and from being a Summer afternoon it became night—so dark that the lights were turned on all over the city. Vessels in th harbor lighted their side lights, and the great lantern upon the tower of the Metropolitan Building flashed into life. A million lights blinked down along t. canyon of lower Broadway.

Tax on Electric Light Company.

The Edison Company had to meet an unusual condition. It was forced to put on more power than was ever before needed on a Summer afternoon—"an extra load," the light men call it. The normal supply the company is called upon to meet on such an afternoon as that preceding the coming of darkness yesterday is 60,000 kilowatts. This is the product of nine or ten dynamos at the different supply stations.

The company's weather observer at the sub-station in Fordham sighted the approach of the storm at 2:15 o'clock, about an hour before the actual time of its arrival. He at once telephoned to the Water Side Station, Fortieth Street and East River. The warning was passed along to other sub-stations and the power was gradually increased. When darkness came the power was 71,000 kilowatts.

As the darkness was prolonged the power was increased at 3:45 P. M. to 106,000 kilowatts, that "peak" being maintained at that point for half an hour. To meet the emergency seven more dynamos were set to work and the number of boilers increased from sixty to eighty-six. Surface cars were lighted and lights put into use on the elevated roads and the bridge entrance looked as it does at night, a blaze of lights.

There was a scurry of small craft to get to shelter as soon as the gathering clouds gave assurance of the approach of the gale. In this most were successful. Folk at Brighton Beach were interested in watching a fishing schooner, which appeared to be having trouble about half a mile off shore. At one time it looked as though she was at the mercy of the blow, but her crew got her under control again and she got away in safety.

Workers Hurt as Wall Falls.

Lightning struck the northerly wall of the old Guardian Storage Warehouse, a five-story brick building at 313 and 315 West 125th Street. The building had been occupied jointly by the storage company and the Metropolitan Tobacco Company until three months ago, when it was left a ruin by a fire. The place was being made over, and there were about twenty workmen in the building when the storm broke. Most of the workmen were in the lowest floor when there was a vivid flash of light, and the north wall tottered and fell, a crumbling mass of brick and timber. The bolt from the sky had torn a wedge-shaped hole thirty feet across near the top of the wall, and then gone downward into the ground.

Simultaneously with the crash of the falling wall the top three stories gave way. Then followed the east and west walls. Over the scene settled a great cloud of dust. Men ran from the building shouting that their comrades were dead. Nearly every one of those who reached the sidewalk was cut about the head.

Detectives Birmingham, Agnew, and Mildren turned in a fire alarm and summoned ambulances from the Harlem and J. Hood Wright Hospitals, and sent in a call for police reserves. Soon the clanging of the fire apparatus and ambulance bells increased the excitement. The firemen raised a ladder and were about to enter by windows when the ladder was ordered down and they were sent in by door.

The first injured man found was Harry Strauss, an iceman, of 60 Lawrence Street. He was passing the building and was buried under brick, laths, and plaster. He is in Harlem Hospital with a torn scalp. Workmen who staggered from the building were sure that some of their mates had been killed.

The worst injured, however, was Thomas Leona of 2,106 Second Avenue. He was carried down two stories by the falling floor, and when dug out had both legs fractured and internal injuries. He is in Harlem Hospital in a serious condition. Frank Attisi of 322 East 112th Street was taken to the hospital with a bad scalp wound and multiple contusions. Nathan Rabmowich, a carpenter, of 406 East Third Street, suffered a scalp wound. Michael Howe of 50 Manhattan Street was hurt while passing the building. He was taken to J. Hood Wright Hospital. Others received cuts and were attended either by the ambulance surgeons or in nearby stores.

Adjoining Houses Wrecked.

On the east side of the building was a one-story frame building. It was unoccupied, as it is being repaired and refitted. It was practically wrecked by the falling wall. The second house to the east, a one-story frame structure, was badly damaged also. It was unoccupied. The west side is a three-story frame

Continued on Page 5.

GUARD FOR YOUNG ROOSEVELT

Rumors of Mexican Revolt Lead Friends to Look for Him.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 18.—E. F. Durning, a ranchman, of El Centro, who is stopping at the Hayward Hotel, says the recent reports of Americans being shot in Mexico have caused the people of the Imperial valley to send out a searching party for Kermit Roosevelt, who is in Lower California on a hunting trip, accompanied by Capriano Dominguez, a Mexican scout.

"Young Roosevelt left Yuma on Aug. 11," said Mr. Durning, "and the people down there decided to send out a party to act as his body guard. More than a hundred people signified their willingness to find Kermit and remain with him until his return to this side of the border, and ten were selected. They left El Centro yesterday.

"While it is not probable that any one would attack the young man knowing who he is, it was best not to take any chances, his friends thought. When he went into Lower California, trouble down there seemed to be at an end, but immediately after his departure reports of revolts were received."

YUMA, Ariz., Aug. 18.—While no direct word has been received of the Roosevelt hunting party since they left here last week, and although some apprehension is felt for the safety of the party because of the aggressiveness of the revolutionary bands that have crossed the border since that time, it is believed the news from Los Angeles is exaggerated.

C. H. Utting, Clerk of the District Court here, returned from the vicinity where young Roosevelt is hunting with reassuring news, although he had not seen the party. He said he had heard of them and that young Roosevelt was enjoying himself killing sheep.

MRS. HILL GOING AWAY.

Will Never Return to This Cruel Land, Says Woman Caught Smuggling.

Mrs. Roberta Corwin-Hill, the daughter of Morris C. Menges, a horseman and real estate operator of Sheepshead Bay, is leaving this country to-day on the White Star liner Olympic, and, according to her friends, will never return to her native land. She has sold her automobile and the furniture of her apartment at 70 East Sixty-sixth Street. She seemed to have plenty of money when she bade adieu to her friends yesterday.

"I may see you in Paris," Mrs. Hill said, "but never again in this land that has behaved so cruelly to me."

Mrs. Hill referred to her imprisonment for three days in the Tombs last February after her conviction for smuggling a $6,000 sable coat into this country.

At the age of 16 Roberta Menges was known as the belle of Sheepshead Bay, and was married to Halsey Corwin, who had $800,000 and was earning the reputation of being the biggest spender in Brooklyn. Afterward she obtained a divorce and married Capt. James Hill of the British Army, whom she also divorced.

ROSE THORN KILLED HER.

Pricked Her Finger While Working in Garden and Blood Poisoning Followed.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENPORT, L. I., Aug. 18.—Miss Susan Reichart, daughter of the late Christian and Mary Reichart, well-known residents of this place, died yesterday as the result of having pricked her finger with a rose thorn three days previously. The prick caused blood poisoning, and several physicians who were called were powerless.

Miss Reichart had an old-fashioned flower garden. It was her hobby to cultivate and gather the flowers, with which she decorated her home. She was accustomed, also, to present large bouquets of her favorite flowers to her friends.

Before breakfast on Monday morning Miss Reichart went into her garden to gather flowers. In plucking a rose from a large bush one of the thorns pricked her finger and drew blood. She put the injured finger in her mouth and sucked it, then forgot about the injury. Later in the day her finger commenced to swell and become painful. A physician treated her, but the swelling spread to the whole hand. Her suffering was intense.

The funeral services will be held to-morrow.

ALMOST STARVED IN CAR.

Stowaway's Food and Money Stolen by His Companion.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—After having been locked five days in a freight car without food or water Charles Chilsman of Baltimore was found unconscious early to-day in one of a long line of "empties" which had been standing on a siding at Greenwich Piers for several days.

Detective Blankenburg of the Pennsylvania Railroad heard the creaking of wood in the car and broke open the door. He was knocked aside by a blow in the head, and a man jumped out and disappeared in the darkness. Blankenburg, thinking pursuit useless, struck a match and discovered Chilsman in a corner.

At St. Agnes's Hospital the stowaway revived. He said he had been unable to get work in Baltimore, that he had lost all of his family, and had been sick. He climbed into the box car in Baltimore with a companion and they were locked in.

"Both of us had a little 'grub,' and I had a little money which I had saved to stake me until I could get work," he said. "My companion was drinking, it seems, and when I was asleep he stole not only my money, but my grub. I tried to get it back and we fought time after time, but I was beaten."

Chilsman was taken before Magistrate Hughes, who, after hearing his tale, offered to get him work in the old salt works. He quickly accepted the offer.

RESCUED FROM A BOX CAR.

Runaway Boy Was Locked in at New Britain and Carried Here.

Herman Schwarn, 15 years old, ran away from his home at 12 Cherry Street, New Britain, Conn., on Thursday, riding in a box car, which was sealed, and which landed him at Pier 31, East River, yesterday morning. He made enough noise by groaning then to be heard, and the car was opened. In half an hour he would have been dead, said a doctor who happened to be near, and who brought him back to consciousness.

The boy told Justice Hoyt in the Children's Court that his father was dead and that his mother mistreated him. He took a bag of apples about 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon and stole into the box car just before a man came along and sealed it. It began moving about 6 o'clock. He did not know where it was going. The air became stifling and he had no water. His apples gave out, and he was nearly exhausted yesterday morning when he felt himself losing consciousness. He made so much noise that Agent Smith of the New York Central heard him, and had the car opened.

When Justice Hoyt suggested sending him back home he said boldly:

"I'd rather die than go back home!"

He was held awhile for an investigation of his story.

ROUND THE WORLD RACER HERE ON TIME

Will Sail To-day on the Olympic and Complete the Girdle of the Earth in Forty Days.

START MADE IN PARIS

Andre Jaeger-Schmidt, Journalist, Has Had No Serious Mishaps on the Way—Sees New York from Times Tower.

André Jaeger-Schmidt, the young French journalist, who is attempting to get around the world in forty days, arrived in New York last night at 8:23 from Montreal, and he will sail to-day at 1 o'clock on the Olympic, which will land him in Cherbourg almost a full day ahead of his schedule, allowing him twenty-four hours in which to reach Paris, a trip which can be made in about seven hours. He was met at the Grand Central Station last night by a large party of newspaper men and photographers and several friends, whom he did not know in New York, and who immediately took him in charge.

Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt is about 28 years old, with blue eyes, light hair, and a light mustache. He wore a light brown suit and a coarse brown shirt together with a red tie. He carried a bag and that, it was said, was the only baggage he had with him.

He obligingly stood on the steps of the train while the newspaper photographers snapped pictures of him, and then was packed into an automobile with his friends and was whirled down for a flying trip through the Bowery and the lower east side, coming back to Louis Martin's in Broadway, where a supper had been prepared in his honor, about 10:30. When he reached Martin's the orchestra played the Marseillaise, and, although the place was not full so early, the crowd cheered and women bent their necks to see the man who will succeed, if all goes well with the Olympic, in beating the record for a trip around the world.

The supper had been arranged in his honor by his friends Frederick J. Ponsell, William Kisen, and Louis Martin. Mlle. Paulette Rey, Miss Leonora Oakford, and Miss Isabelle Lee were the ladies present. The guests had to wait a while, however, for Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt had to satisfy the curiosity of the newspaper men.

"I've had no experience to speak of, and no accidents," he said, in answer to questions. "Everything has gone smoothly enough with the exception of a storm in the Japan Sea, which delayed the boat fourteen hours, and once I missed a train which I should have connected with. That was arranged for, however, as I had a letter from the English Ambassador to Paris, which helped me everywhere. The English Consul arranged so that another train should take me on my speedy way.

"I carried just as little baggage as possible with me, just one suit of clothes which I wear and the necessaries of the toilet in my bag. As for linen, I have bought that whenever I needed a change, and thrown away what I was wearing.

"I have had no trouble at all with the customs. In fact, nobody asked me anything except at Vancouver. I was then asked if I had any baggage, and I said only a small bag, and that I was on my way on a fast trip around the world, and then they let me through immediately. There has been no trouble at all with quarantine.

"Crossing Siberia was very tiring, but nothing happened of any consequence."

"Have you met any celebrated persons on your flying trip around the world?"

"I haven't had time," he said; "I haven't talked to many except on trains and boats. By the way, I am never seasick and I've enjoyed every moment of the time I have spent on the water. On trains it has been more fatiguing."

The reporter then asked if he could not have made shorter time by leaving the Canadian Pacific at Winnipeg and coming down through the United States, touching St. Paul and Chicago.

"I had intended," he said, "to sail by the Allan Line from Quebec, but when I reached Vancouver fourteen hours ahead of my schedule I thought there might be a chance of my catching the Lorraine. I made inquiries going through on the tram and found that it would be impossible. Then it became a question of taking the Olympic as the next best boat, and as I had plenty of time to do this, and a desire to go to Montreal, I thought I might as well go that way."

After he had finished supper Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt visited the Times building and had a view of New York at night from the tower.

Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt was born in Paris and has always lived there in spite of his German name. He has made extensive travels, but never anything before in the nature of trying to beat a record. His father is a wealthy man, but he has been connected with journalism for some time in an executive position on the monthly journal Femina, which has offices on the Champs-Elysees. When the proprietor of this magazine, Mr. Lafitte, started The Excelsior several months ago he chose Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt for an important post and he was selected to undertake this journey around the world, to beat all previous records and to establish the speed at which it is hoped Excelsior will keep up. Frederick Ponsell, who met him last night at the train, was a school friend of Jaeger-Schmidt. The two attended the Ecole des Beaux Arts at the same time.

The previous record of a world excursion was made by Henry Frederick in 1908. His record was 54 days 7 hours and 20 minutes. He was the first globe-girdler to take advantage of the Trans-Siberian Railway.

In 1889 Nellie Bly started out to see if she could beat the record which had been made by the fictitious Phineas Fogg in Jules Verne's celebrated romance "Around the World in Eighty Days." She attempted to follow the route of Phineas Fogg wherever it was practicable, and she succeeded in cutting down the time to 72 days 6 hours 11 minutes and 14 seconds. It must be remembered that in Nellie Bly's time the Trans-Siberian Railway was not in existence.

Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt left Paris July 17. He reached Moscow on July 20, Omsk July 22, Irkutsk July 25, Harbin July 28, Vladivostok July 29, Yokahoma July 31, Vancouver Aug. 12, Montreal Aug. 17, and New York Aug. 18. He should arrive in Cherbourg on Aug. 25. The Olympic is now running on a course 125 miles shorter than the usual one. This ship has been habitually sailing from New York on Wednesday and landing passengers on Tuesday at Cherbourg. The present schedule of sailing on Saturday will make her reach Cherbourg on Friday, probably about 7 o'clock in the evening. Unless the strike in England makes a delay in landing mails and baggage at Plymouth, in that case Mr. Jaeger-Schmidt might be forced to engage some craft to take him across the Channel.

He is due in his office Saturday evening, the 26th, before midnight, and there is no reason to believe that he cannot make it. If the Olympic lands in Cherbourg at 7 o'clock on Friday, the train for Paris will probably start two or three hours later, and he will arrive there early Saturday morning. He said last night that he would urge the Captain of the Olympic to make record time.

WHEN THIRSTY, a teaspoonful of Horsford's Acid Phosphate in a glass of water sweetened to suit, makes a delicious drink.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS.
Dr. Simon Flexner tells of the Rockefeller Institute's battle with this new and fearful scourge in an important interview in
To-morrow's Sunday Times.

LACK OF FUEL HALTS ATWOOD'S FLIGHT

Aviator Forced to Come Down in a Cornfield Ten Miles from Erie, Penn.

MAY GET HERE MONDAY

Plans to Get to Buffalo To-day, to Albany Sunday, and to Arrive at Coney Island on the Next Afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

ERIE, Penn., Aug. 18.—Harry N. Atwood, who is flying from St. Louis to New York, did not reach Erie to-night, as he had planned. He alighted in a cornfield on the farm of John Strucher, one and one-half miles west of Swanville and ten miles from Erie, at 7:10 o'clock this evening. Atwood says he discovered just after he had passed Fairview that he was out of gasoline, and he decided to descend. He landed in a secluded spot, and for twenty minutes he was alone in the field with the machine. Thousands of persons were watching for his arrival here. He was seen for a few minutes as he passed Fairview, and then he was noticed to dart suddenly down.

Rumors that he had been hurt were soon in circulation, one report having it that he had been killed under his machine. Automobiles loaded with men raced to Swanville. Finally word came here from Cleveland that the telegraph operator at Fairview had sent word that Atwood was not injured. It was not long until a throng reached the field in which Atwood stood guard over his machine. He announced at first that he would stay at a farmhouse near the biplane overnight. With the help of some of the men who reached the scene early he put the biplane under a large tree and hired two boys to watch it overnight. He then went to a hotel in Erie to spend the night and announced that he would resume his flight early in the morning.

As showing how fast Atwood flew on this stage of his trip, it was learned that a fast train which left Cleveland 20 minutes after him failed to catch up before the aviator came down for the night. As soon as the passengers were aware that the aeroplane was ahead of them, they ran to the windows. Train dispatchers, who were keeping watch of the airman sent this message to the engineer at his first stop: "Atwood is thirty miles ahead and gaining on you."

Sailing high over the edge of Lake Erie and the stretches of vineyards that dot the shore, Atwood, after leaving Cleveland, alighted in the cornfield near Swanville, his actual flying time for the eighty-four miles from Cleveland being 2 hours and 7 minutes.

To-day's run entitles him to a credit of having flown through parts of five States, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania. He is now 727 miles from his starting point in St. Louis, and 538 miles from New York, having been in the air since he left last Monday fifteen hours and twenty-two minutes. A large part of to-day's flight was over the lake. Soaring far over the water with the lightness of a swallow, yet weighing with its passenger 1,192 pounds, the swiftly moving air craft presented a picturesque spectacle, sometimes shining with a luminous golden color in the late afternoon sun, and again being blotted out in the blackness of an overhanging cloud.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 18.—Harry N. Atwood announced just before leaving Cleveland at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon to continue his flight to New York, that he would land in the Buffalo Fair Grounds Saturday. On Sunday, he said, he hoped to go all the way from Buffalo to Albany by way of Rochester, Syracuse, and Utica.

On his present schedule he plans to reach Coney Island, N. Y., Monday afternoon, flying down the Hudson through Yonkers. He will not attempt to fly from New York to Boston, he said.

Atwood was compelled to make three starts before he finally got his biplane into the air on the resumption of his flight. When he did get off the ground he was caught by a stiff breeze from off the lake, and was soon lost to sight, going through the air at terrific speed.

Residents of Erie were informed this morning that Atwood would decline to visit this city because no fund was obtained for him here. A committee took the matter up and Mayor M. Liebel headed a fund with $100. Other well known citizens gave a like amount. A considerable amount was obtained and Atwood was informed of the fact. He agreed to land on a field near the County Alms House, south of the city. An effort is being made to increase the fund to an amount to insure Atwood's stopping here in the morning before he starts for Buffalo.

$1,000 CHECK ALL SHE HAD.

Offered It to Taxicab Driver to Change for $8—It Was Good.

A fashionably dressed young woman of about 19 years, clad in a suit of soft blue and a large black hat, spent two hours yesterday afternoon shopping in a taxicab. After she had filled the cab with a score of bundles, the chauffeur, Walter Timpone, stopped at Sixtieth Street and Lexington Avenue and demanded his fare—$8. The young woman smiled pleasantly and, opening her purse, offered him a check for $1,000. Timpone barred the door of the taxicab with his arm and yelled for a policeman.

Policeman Lawlor, who was near by, ran up to the cab, where the young woman was still waving the bit of paper at the astonished chauffeur. She insisted that the check was "very good," saying she had received it only a little while before in payment of a sale of bric-a-brac. She explained that she had not noticed that her ready cash had disappeared in her shopping until the chauffeur asked for his fare.

At the East Sixty-seventh Street station the young woman said she was Miss Minerva Cevedale of 129 West Forty-seventh Street. She permitted the Lieutenant at the desk to satisfy himself that the $1,000 check she had offered the chauffeur was good, and then telephoned for her mother. The mother arrived ten minutes later, paid Timpone $8 in cash, and drove away with her daughter, the score of bundles, and righteous indignation in another taxicab.

$2,500 Reward.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen—Seven hundred vouchers on Merkel and Fulton Bank drawn by Leonard D. Hosford to H. M. Randall from 1900 to 1910. Also power of attorney. Last seen care of Randall, 74 Fulton St. Necessary to prove man's honesty. Leonard Hosford, 4 Hawkins Place or 97 Lexington Ave. N. Y. City.

TWO IN AUTO KILLED WHEN TRAIN HITS IT

George Wait and Wife Perish in Wallkill Valley Accident, but Their Children Survive.

GIRL PROTECTS TINY BOY

Has Him in Her Arms When They Are Found—Many Deaths at Grade Crossings This Year.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 18.—George Wait, a well-to-do farmer, and his wife were killed this evening when their automobile was struck by a train on the Wallkill Valley Railroad. Their ten-year-old girl and three-year-old boy were thrown about twenty feet away from the track and escaped with numerous cuts and bruises.

The accident happened at Embler's Crossing of the Wallkill Valley Railroad on the State road, about two miles from Montgomery, where there is a sharp curve. The Wait family, who lived in a handsome residence on the Newburg and Cochreton Turnpike, near Montgomery, about 7:30 this evening started in their auto for Walton to attend the weekly band concert. Mr. Wait and the girl occupied the front seat of the car and Mrs. Wait and the boy the rear seat.

It was dark when the machine approached the crossing. Mr. Wait was driving about fifteen miles an hour when he ran up the slight incline to the track, and apparently did not hear the train approaching. The automobile was squarely upon the tracks when it was hit.

The shock caused the boy and girl to fly out to one side of the track, but Mrs. Wait was thrown about thirty feet directly in front of the locomotive, which ran over her and killed her. Mr. Wait went under the wrecked auto. He was crushed about the hips and his head was also partly crushed. He soon died.

The train was quickly stopped and the crew and passengers ran back. As they approached the crossing they heard the crying of children and found them at the side of the track locked in each others' arms. Not far away was the mangled body of Mrs. Wait. At the side of the crossing was the smashed automobile and underneath it the body of Mr. Wait. The train was run to Walden with the bodies and the children.

Charles D. Wait, a grain merchant of Montgomery, brother of the dead man, when notified of the accident, hurried by automobile to Walden and took the orphaned boy and girl to his home. They were not told of their parents' death. Another brother of the dead man, Dr. Leslie Wait of Newburg, was also notified.

Others Struck at Grade Crossings.

In the last three months there have been several serious auto accidents at railroad grade crossing near New York, in which four of life has resulted.

A fast moving train on the Boston & Albany Railroad and an automobile, driven by Henry C. Nawell of Trenton, met at the grade crossing at Van Hoesens, ten miles east of Albany on July 4. Mr. Nawell, his wife, and his fifteen-year-old son Clifford, lost their lives, and his daughter, Marion, 13, was seriously injured.

At the noon hour on July 24 three automobiles started to cross the tracks of the Long Island Railroad at Thomson Avenue, half way between Woodside and Winfield. One passed in safety, but the others were struck by an electric train. Peter Horn, a chauffeur, lost his life, and Mrs. John J. Gilroy and Mrs. C. H. Goddard were injured.

A more serious accident happened three days later at the Wilkinsburg grade crossing of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Four persons lost their lives, including E. F. Batchellor, General Agent of the Union Stock Yards Company, his wife and mother.

On July 12 a train carried away the rear wheels of Mrs. Meyer Strassburger's auto at Cedar Avenue crossing, Long Branch.

On July 13 a New York & North Shore Traction Company flat car struck an auto near Port Washington and killed Edith Johnstone and Frank P. Jordan, Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the author, just missed being one of the party.

A Delaware & Hudson train hit an auto at Raceville, N. Y., on July 16, and Mrs. Charles Wells, Jr., Mrs. George W. Yates, Mrs. Charles Grant, and Mrs. F. M. Robinson were killed. On Aug. 10 a freight train on the Central New England Railroad struck an auto driven by H. B. Hitt at a crossing near Newburg, N. Y. Miss Bessie Hitt was rendered unconscious and the remaining members of the party were badly hurt.

AUTO KILLS COUNTRY BOY.

Hits Him on Jericho Turnpike on His Way Home from the Orchard.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., Aug. 18.—Philip Abner, Jr., son of an employe on the Harry Payne Whitney estate, was run down at 10 o'clock this morning on the Jericho Turnpike, one mile east of the Quaker Church at Westbury, by the automobile of Moses L. Scudder, coming west from Huntington to New York.

The boy had been gathering green apples, and had them in a cart and was going east on the roadway. Mr. Scudder, a relative of Judge Townsend Scudder, with his son and their chauffeur, James H. Cook, were traveling at a speed of twenty-five miles an hour, when they rounded a turn and sounded the warning horn. The boy started out of the way and then turned back right into the course of the automobile. He was hurled senseless on the macadam roadway. Mr. Scudder picked him up and rushed in the car to the Nassau Hospital, but the boy died before reaching there. His skull was badly fractured.

The Sheriff's office at Mineola was notified, and Mr. Scudder and the chauffeur were examined by Justice Robert Burgess, who decided that they were not responsible, but paroled them for a further hearing.

WOMEN HURT IN AUTO SMASH.

Doctor's Auto Hits Milk Wagon Coming from Clason Point.

An automobile coming into the city from Clason Point about 1:30 o'clock this morning was driving along Westchester Avenue just north of the Bronx River when something went wrong with the steering gear, and it crashed into a milk wagon.

The car was driven by Dr. Frederick L. Flynn of 410 East 150th Street, the Bronx. He and three women who were driving with him were thrown out and all were seriously hurt. The driver of the milk wagon is also believed to have been hurt.

The three women were Mrs. Shields of 40 Clinton Avenue, Irvington; Nadia Klein of 140 East 150th Street and Marian Charlock of 203 East 150th Street. Miss Klein's case was reported serious and several ribs were broken and Mrs. Field was seriously injured internally. The three women were picked up by a passing Westchester Avenue trolley car, which took them to the police booth in Fox Square. There an ambulance call was sent to the German Hospital and Dr. Smith took charge of the patients.

ASTOR YACHT SAVES CREW.

The Noma, with Owner and Fiancee Aboard, Meets Crippled Zingara.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Saturday, Aug. 19.—Word was received here early this morning that the Noma, Col. John Jacob Astor's yacht, rescued the crew of the yacht Zingara off Horton's Point last night.

The Zingara left here yesterday and struck a gale off Fishers Neck. The high seas washed everything off the deck and opened her seams. The five men manned the pumps and kept them going until the Noma was sighted off Horton's Point. Capt. Roberts on the Astor yacht, aided by a searchlight, managed to get the five on board. The rescue was made at 11:30, when both boats were twelve miles off the point.

Capt. Astor and his fiancée, Miss Force, watched the rescue from the deck of the yacht. It is expected that the Noma will put into New London some time during the morning.

The Noma left New York yesterday afternoon with Col. Astor, Miss Madeleine T. Force, and her father aboard.

SWISS SEE AMERICAN SPEED.

Dr. Werner Uses Specials to Rush to Save Young Untermyer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Aug. 18.—The ten-year-old son of Isaac Untermyer of New York, who with his family is staying at Burgenstock, above Lucerne, fell ill a few days ago. His father telegraphed for Dr. Werner of New York, who is spending his holiday at St. Moritz, and engaged for him a special train, to bring him from the nearest station to Lake Lucerne, a special boat across the lake to Lucerne, and a special train on the Funicular Railroad out of that city.

Dr. Werner found the boy, who recently wrote a book, suffering from brain trouble, as the result of overwork. He has improved greatly under treatment, and will be able to return to America with his parents next week.

The specials used by the doctor cost the equivalent of $500. The Swiss are astonished at the expense and the speed attained by the boat.

MEMBERS CLINCH IN HOUSE.

Missourians Disagree on Publicity, but Blows Are Prevented.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—In the confusion that accompanied the final disposition of the Publicity bill in the House yesterday, when the Senate amendments were accepted in the face of stubborn opposition from a number of Southern State delegations, Judge Rucker of Missouri and his colleague, Mr. Booher, who represents a district adjoining Rucker's, got into a controversy which almost came to blows.

Booher was incensed that Rucker should yield to the Senate amendment extending the operation of the publicity law to primaries, and called Rucker a coward. Rucker rushed, and the two men clinched. Dorsey Shackelford caught Booher around the waist and Borland of Kansas City put his arms around Rucker. The two men continued to speak to each other in terms somewhat less than respectful, while members gathered around, but they were separated finally and each went his way home.

THROWN FROM HIS BICYCLE.

Secretary of Elbridge T. Garry Found Unconscious in the Road.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—When the storm was at its height to-night Mr. Booth, secretary for Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, while riding a bicycle at the foot of Bellevue Avenue was thrown to the roadway by the bicycle skidding.

Lying in the road, he was seen by Miss Sadie Jones, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones, as Miss Jones was on her way home in her automobile.

Mr. Booth was cared for until Dr. Charles W. Stewart arrived. Mr. Booth regained consciousness, and was soon able to walk to his apartments.

HUMORISTS FIGHT FIRE.

Help Save the Lawson Barn When Lightning Strikes It.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—The Thomas W. Lawson show barn at Dreamwold, where Glorious Vanity Fair, Glorious Black Eagle, and other blue ribbon horses are housed and where dances of the Misses Lawson have been given, was struck by lightning about 8 o'clock this afternoon. The loss was only $6,500.

The incident occurred while the American press humorists, now in convention in Boston, was being entertained at Dreamwold Hall. Many of them turned out to help the Lawson fire department and the regular fire fighters from Scituate. Cy. Warman of Montreal and the Roses of Cleveland were especially valorous. The bolt entered the end of the 350-foot barn, where the horses are kept, and the fire worked its way back of the sheathing, causing much trouble.

All the animals in the barn got out safely, the automatic doors to each stall working to perfection.

SENATOR RAYNER ILL.

Suffering from a Nervous Breakdown —Forced Out of State Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 18.—United States Senator Isidor Rayner is suffering from a nervous breakdown at his Summer home, Algonquin Manor, on the Choptank River, near Cambridge, Md. His physician, Dr. Bruce W. Goldsborough, said to-day that now that the Senator had given up his work in Congress and is free from nerve strain and excitement he would soon recover.

The Senator was expected to take an active part in the Democratic primary fight between State Senator Gorman and State Senator Lee for nomination for Governor. He had come out against the party organization and in advocacy of Lee's nomination, and he was to have been the principal speaker at a mass meeting here last night.

It was reported in political circles to-day that John J. Mahon, the Democratic boss of Baltimore, had informed Senator Rayner that he had better keep away. For some reason Mahon is said to fear Senator Rayner on the stump in Baltimore more than he does any other man. This fear, however, does not seem to be confined to Mahon, but was also manifested by some of United States Senator John Walter Smith's confidential

STRIKE TIES UP BRITISH LINES; 200,000 MEN OUT

Railroad Traffic Throughout the Kingdom Hard Hit as Peace Plan Fails.

50,000 TROOPS IN LONDON

Liftmen on the Underground Strike and Whole Tube System May Be Blocked.

LIVERPOOL IS CUT OFF

Only Two Trains Out of Forty Reach London from There and Food Running Short.

CARONIA MAY SAIL TO-DAY

Slips Away from the Dock Strikers in the Night—Settling the Dock Strike.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The first day's battle in the great railway strike is over, and both sides contend that they have had the best of the encounter. J. H. Thomas, M. P., Assistant Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, and one of the four who signed the strike manifesto, says that 200,000 men responded to the appeal, and he predicts that by Sunday the whole railway system of the country will be paralyzed. Representatives of the railway companies, on the other hand, say the strike has proved to be a fiasco. Victory, as a matter of fact, has not yet been won by either side.

London is suffering much less than provincial centres, for while the service at several metropolitan terminals was almost normal, there was serious dislocation of traffic in North England, and in some towns almost a complete stoppage. From Liverpool, for instance, only two trains were run throughout the day.

In London the chief difficulties came from an entirely unexpected quarter: the liftmen on the underground railway lines struck. There had been a conference two days ago between the men and managers of the tube companies and it was supposed that all outstanding difficulties had been settled. The strike of the liftmen and a certain proportion of the other employes of the tubes added an unexpected element. The Metropolitan Railway was also affected. Altogether 6,700 men are out on these metropolitan lines, and the services, roughly speaking, had to be reduced by about one-third.

So far as the lines running out of London are concerned the dislocation of traffic was confined chiefly to the Great Western, the Great Central and the London, Brighton, and South Coast lines, but the Southeastern & Chatham Company announced that Ludgate Hill, Snow Hill, and some of the suburban stations would be closed to-morrow. Troops guarded many of the London terminals to-day, but there was no disturbance.

In the country generally the strike has been fairly effective in North England and in South Wales, partially so in Midlands and on the whole unsuccessful in South England. The Northeastern Railway is seriously involved.

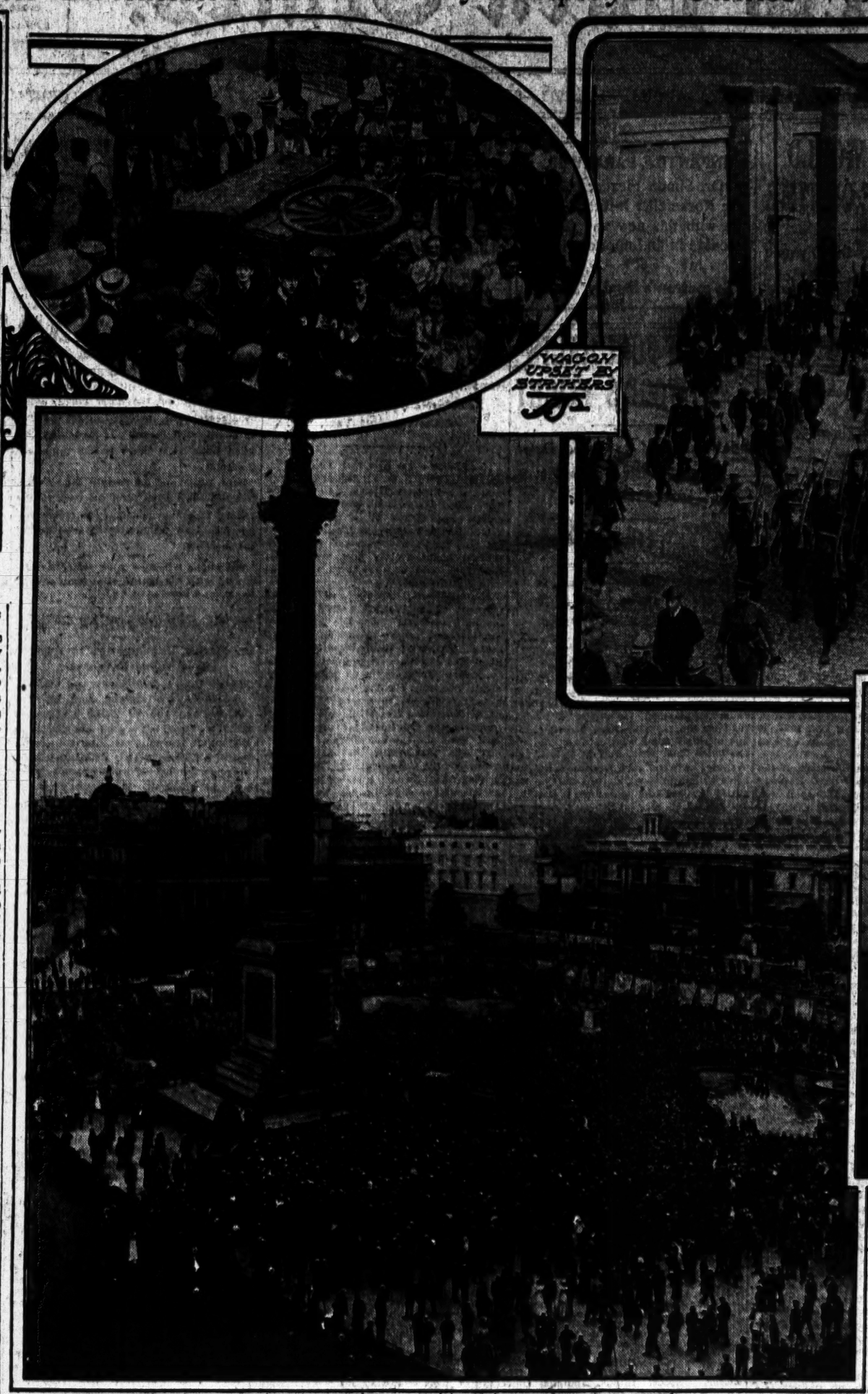
Negotiations between the Government and the parties to the dispute were continued to-day, but without definite result. These negotiations concern the offer of a Royal Commission made by Premier Asquith, who unfortunately did not make it clear to the railway men's representatives what he meant. Reports were current this evening that a deadlock had been reached in the negotiations, but this was later denied authoritatively and the adjournment of Parliament to next Tuesday is understood to have been made for the specific purpose of giving time for a possible settlement of the dispute. There is, however, not much expectation on the part of those conversant with the position on the men's side that the unions will fall in with the lines laid down in Lloyd-George's amended version of the Cabinet's offer of a Royal Commission. The men's leaders are rather inclined to fight to the bitter end now that war has been declared.

One of their main objections to a Royal Commission is the possibility that acceptance would involve or imply that agreement to a perpetuation of conciliation boards. The men, it is believed, would never go back to work under a settlement that implies acceptance of conciliation boards even if the leaders urged them to do so. Another objection raised to a Royal Commission is that it would be impossible to find a trio of men acceptable to both sides, and finally it Government's insistence that the findings of the commission would be enforced by legislation are not considered satisfactory.

Several of the morning papers main[illegible] strike. "The railway strike

Scenes in the Dockmen's and Railway Employes' Strikes Which Have Disturbed Great Britain.

SIR A. F. ROLLIT (THE APPOINTED ARBITRATOR.)



MASS MEETING OF STRIKERS IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE

THE WARWICKSHIRE REGIMENT AND CITY POLICE ESCORTING LOADED WAGONS THROUGH THE STREETS OF LIVERPOOL

NUMOROUS NOTICE IN ONE OF THE STREETS NEAR THE DOCKS

It was not an accident

The fact that ours is the largest retail optical business in the world is not the result of "chance" or "accident."

It is because all *Harris Glasses* include an examination by an *Oculist* of the highest personal and professional standing; because we never advise the use of glasses unless they are *absolutely necessary;* because we charge only for the glasses; because HARRIS eyeglass service has always stood for skill, thoroughness and dependability.

Our **guarantee** of absolute satisfaction is your protection, whether your glasses cost $2, $3 or $5.

M. H. Harris
Oculists and Opticians

54 East 23rd St., near Fourth Ave.
27 West 34th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
54 West 125th St., near Lenox Ave.
442 Columbus Ave., 81st and 82nd Sts.
76 Nassau St., near John St.

1009 Broadway, near Willo'by, Bklyn
489 Fulton St., opp. A. & S., Bklyn

597 Broad St., near Hahne's, Newark

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Broadway at 32nd Street

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
$28 and $25 Suits now $15.50 | $38, $35, $30 Suits now $19.50

¶ Sale goes on until every Suit is sold.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Seasickness
Trainsickness

Mothersill's the Only Safe Guaranteed Preventive

Acts in 30 Minutes

Mothersill's after the most thorough tests is now officially adopted and recommended by practically all New York Steamship Companies running South, Great Lakes and many Trans-Atlantic Lines.

Mothersill's is always sold with a positive guarantee to give satisfaction.

Mothersill's is guaranteed not to contain Cocaine, Morphine, Opium, Chloral or any of the coal-tar products, and can be used by the most delicate without fear of unpleasant after effects to heart, liver or kidneys.

Please write us for booklet which will convince the most skeptical that "Mothersill's" is all that it is represented to be.

Mothersill's is a powder put up in gelatine capsules. Is equally effective for train sickness. 50-cent box sufficient for 24 hours; $1.00 box sufficient for longest continuous journey. If your druggist does not keep it, he can obtain it for your from any leading wholesale druggist, or you can write—

MOTHERSILL REMEDY CO., Ltd.
Detroit, Mich.—19 St. Bride St., London, E. C.

New Jersey Central

POPULAR ONE-DAY OUTINGS

Lake Hopatoong
$1 EVERY SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.30 a.m.
Leave Liberty St 9.00 a.m.

Atlantic City
TO-MORROW **$2.50**
Leave West 23rd Street 7.30 a.m.
Leave Liberty Street 8.00 a.m.

All coffee ails yield to well-made

Postum

Be sure it's well boiled.

... in full progress, but railway traffic is not paralyzed," says one sarcastically and another describes it as a fiasco. The Times considers it a mistake to minimize the gravity of the situation which it says "is far more serious than anything that has previously occurred in the history of industrial troubles in this country."

It is difficult to obtain an exact idea of what has happened over the extensive area affected, particularly in view of the often contradictory reports.

An appalling picture is given by various correspondents of conditions in Liverpool. The city is described by one as in a state of suspended revolution. The railway service is disorganized, and there are no tramcars running. The electric light has been cut off all day and the city is in a dirtier condition than ever. A motor car here and there and an occasional convoy under strong guard are almost the only vehicles to be seen in the usually crowded streets.

Two trains only out of forty scheduled to leave for London departed. These two, which left Lime Street, were crowded to their utmost capacity. No trains left the Central Station for London. Here the great Central Northern and Midland Railroads, which run some thirty trains between them to the Metropolis were besieged with passengers, many of whom had escaped from the Isle of Man and hoped to reach their homes. They stretched in a long line down the street, and seated on trunks and other baggage, patiently awaited news. The hotels were packed with stranded passengers and all public houses were closed by order at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and no one not actually staying at a hotel was allowed to enter its doors.

But the worst feature is the phantom of disease and starvation which hovers over the slums. It has been impossible to remove any refuse either from the streets or houses. The weakest are suffering first, and an Irish doctor, who does much work in the slums, remarked, "First it is the children; they are dying everywhere, but it will not rest with them unless the refuse is removed. Should any infectious disease break out among the people here, it will carry them off like flies. The atmosphere of the city is awful."

The Caronia, one of the great Cunarders, was smuggled out of the dock at an early hour this morning, when it was still dark. She was manned chiefly by officers of the Cunard company. Searchlights of the warship Antrim played about her as she stole through the dark. The Caronia was conducted safely up stream, and it is hoped she will sail on Saturday with the mails which in the ordinary course the Lusitania would have carried.

It is a significant circumstance that the North Eastern system, which years ago recognized the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, suffered more than any other road which refused recognition.

The whole passenger traffic in Newcastle upon Tyne and the neighboring districts is disorganized and the mineral and goods traffic are absolutely paralyzed. The districts of Northumberland and Durham are served only by the Northeastern Railway Company. Very many of Newcastle's business men live at the seaside, to which there is ordinarily a service of electric trains every few minutes. Friday morning the motormen and conductors were not at work. The company by getting the assistance of apprentices, clerks, and others were able after a time to provide a half-hour service, which, however, ceased early in the evening. Clerks also acted in the Newcastle Central Station as ticket collectors and checkers.

Much difficulty was experienced in traffic in all directions. The mail trains north and south were run with fair regularity, but on all local lines service was seriously restricted. A sufficient number of men remained to enable the company to keep an intermittent service to most places. Nearly all trains, however, were very late, and business people were seriously inconvenienced. Motor car journeys were hurriedly arranged, and motor breaks provided to make journeys to London, Edinburgh, and Carlisle.

LONDON LIKE AN ARMED CAMP.

50,000 Troops Guarding the Railways Against Strikers.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—London has the appearance of an armed camp to-night. On all sides are to be seen soldiers in khaki, rifles in hands and ball cartridges in their belts, while from the dome of St. Paul's the engineers are keeping in communication with the general staff by heliographic signals in the daytime and by electric flashes at night. Altogether there are 50,000 troops on guard. All this is because of the railway strike.

Undeterred by the failure of their negotiations on Thursday to effect a settlement of the dispute between the railway companies and the employes, the whole of to-day's work was spent by Premier Asquith, David Lloyd-George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Sydney Buxton, President of the Board of Trade, in further conferences with the leaders on both sides of the controversy. Mr. Asquith was far from well, and went into the country on Thursday night to recuperate, but he came to town to-day to take part in the negotiations. He is spending to-night in the suburbs, but keeping in close touch with the situation.

An official statement issued at the Home Office at a late hour to-night says the strike has developed all over the country and produced a widespread, though only partial dislocation of the railway services. It adds that as far as its present information goes over two-thirds of the railway men remain at their posts, and the companies are receiving numerous applications for employment. The statement notes the absence of serious disorders, and that the military authorities have the situation thoroughly under control. It also refers to the settlement of the London dock strike, and says there will be a resumption in the unloading of cargoes to-morrow.

The statement concludes by announcing that Mr. Lloyd-George and Mr. Buxton still are endeavoring to arrange an amicable settlement of the railway difficulty on fair terms.

According to the best available information, what jeopardizes the negotiations is less the obduracy of the strike leaders than the intractibility of the strikers themselves as manifested through their provincial and local Secretaries. It is stated that Ramsay MacDonald and Arthur Henderson, the labor leaders in the House of Commons, and other men high in union circles spared no effort to induce the men's executive to accept the Government's proposals, but without success. The negotiations, however, will be resumed at the Board of Trade to-morrow.

Special Prayer Issued.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has issued a special prayer for a cessation of the strife which will be used in all the churches to-morrow and Sunday.

The present is an anxious moment for the military heads, who are arranging to-night for a possibly prolonged camping of the troops in London. All kinds of stores have been requisitioned from Aldershot and depots for food and forage will be established in various sections around the city.

The Postmaster General to-night held a conference with the postal officials to arrange for the best possible mail service during the strike. The service will be largely by motor vans.

Broadly speaking, the strike is most effective in the North of England, where many towns are completely isolated and in the South of Wales. It is partly effective in the Midlands, but has not caused trouble in the South of England. On only a few of the Irish railways have the men gone out. The situation in Scotland is uncertain. Edinburgh reports that a general strike has been declared there, but at Glasgow the men have postponed their decision as to whether they will answer the call until Sunday.

The great Central Station at Marylebone, in the northwest section of the city, closed at 8 o'clock this evening and the military are bivouacking there to-night.

The Great Western Railway is also suffering severely. As an instance, the Irish express, from Paddington to Fishguard, took twenty hours to make the trip, which usually is accomplished in five and a half hours.

Some others of the local stations closed temporarily to-night and restricted services on the lines out of London are announced for to-morrow. The disorganization of traffic here, however, is less serious than had been anticipated. The lines going to the southward have been little affected by the strike and are maintaining a good service. The same may be said of the Great Eastern and Midland Lines, which offered the workers a substantial bonus to remain on duty. The Great Northern and Northwestern Lines have been able to give only a restricted service, and to-night many intended passengers were obliged to sleep in the stations on rugs or coats spread in the waiting rooms.

Late to-night the striking tube workers held a meeting and decided to remain out.

The underground companies kept up restricted service during the night and have engaged many new men to take the places of those who have quit work.

The prospects are therefore that all of London's underground services will continue running to-morrow.

No accurate information is obtainable to-night as to what the status is of the negotiations which will be resumed to-morrow at the Board of Trade. It is believed their successful termination will depend greatly upon whether the strike can be made more effective. The companies continue to refuse to recognise the men's unions and the men clearly are pinning their faith on their ability to completely tie up the railways and if possible to effect another general transport strike.

On the whole there is much less disorder connected with the strike than had been expected. What trouble there has been consisted of sporadic conflicts arising from intimidation of strikers by pickets, attacks on trains and signal boxes, the cutting of wires, &c.

Miles of side tracks are filled with idle engines and cars, and thousands of miners have been thrown out of work, because the collieries cannot get vans into which to load their coal.

Food Prices Unaffected.

The prices of food, as far as London is concerned, either in the hotels, restaurants, or in the stores, show little change, and a resumption of work to-morrow by the dockers in unloading fifty ships that are waiting to discharge their cargoes will tend to bring the food situation here to about normal. Should the strike continue a serious question will be the milk supply, for which London is wholly dependent upon the railway service.

The strike is throwing a large amount of extra work on London's tramway service and to-night the tramway men are reported to be complaining.

There have been serious fears of a strike of the employes of this branch of railway men, and if it should come about it would deprive Londoners of almost their last available means of cheap transportation.

To-night the railway companies announced that all their excursion trains had been withdrawn from service. This will make the usual week-end trips to the country by the populace impossible.

Mr. Churchill, the Home Secretary, to-night asked T. P. O'Connor and Col. Gerald Kyffin-Taylor, members of Parliament for Liverpool, to recommend what measures the Government should take to settle the strike troubles there. Mr. Churchill also requested that they consult with the Lord Mayor of Liverpool and report to him concerning the food supply and the general conditions of the city. Mr. O'Connor and Col. Kyffin-Taylor started immediately for Liverpool.

In addition to his appeal to the members of the National Reserves the Lord Mayor of London to-night requested that all citizens who are willing to serve as special Constables in case of need shall assemble at the Guildhall to-morrow and enroll their names. Many young professional and business men are expected to respond to the Lord Mayor's summons. Each Constable will wear a badge and carry a police club, and will be authorized to take into custody disorderly persons.

Special constables have not been used in London since the Trafalgar Square riots by the unemployed in 1887. At that time John Burns, now President of the local Government Board, who was a labor agitator, was one of the many persons arrested for creating disturbances.

The Scottish office to-night issued instructions to the chief constables of Scotland to enroll special constables if necessary. It was recommended that public-spirited citizens who are able to serve without pay be chosen for the offices.

So grave does the Government regard the situation that it has issued an urgent call to the need of instant legislation that the Cabinet suddenly decided this afternoon that Parliament should not adjourn today as had been arranged.

Chancellor David Lloyd-George, who was leading the Government forces in the House of Commons in the absence of Premier Asquith, made the announcement just before the lower chamber's session was suspended for luncheon. He stated:

"In view of the very troubled and critical situation in the industrial world, it will be very inadvisable for this House to separate, at any rate for a few days until we realise better what possibilities there are of effecting some settlement."

The Chancellor concluded by saying that the situation was such that he could not to any good purpose make any statement at present. He moved that the adjournment be delayed until Tuesday next, and this was agreed to.

During the session Mr. Churchill delivered a stern warning to the disorderly elements. He said that there had been no disturbances in London, but several attempts had been made to commit outrages against railway property. It was important that all should understand that such acts were crimes of the most serious character punishable with penal servitude. It was early yet to measure the extent of the strike, but the Government was taking all necessary steps to make sure that the food supply, as well as fuel and other essentials should not be interrupted on the railways or at the ports. All services vital to the community should be maintained, and the Government would see to that, not because they were on the side of either the employers or the workmen but because they were bound to protect the public from the danger that a general arrest of industry would entail. He continued:

Churchill's Warning.

"The means whereby the people of this land live are highly artificial and a serious breakdown would lead to starvation among a great number of poorer people. Not the well-to-do would suffer, but the poor of the great cities and those dependent upon them, who would be quite helpless if the machinery by which they are fed—on which they are dependent for wages—was thrown out of gear.

"The Government believes that the arrangements made for working the lines of communication and for the maintenance of order will prove effective, but if not other measures of even larger scope will be taken promptly. It must be clearly understood that there is no escape from these facts, and as they affect the supply of food for the people and the safety of the country, they are far more important than anything else."

The London newspapers are encountering great difficulty in making deliveries in the suburban country. Most of the newspaper trains have been abandoned and the publishers are using automobiles. In a great number of the provincial towns, including Liverpool, the circulation of newspapers is limited practically to street sales by newsboys.

The theatrical and music hall business is likely to suffer severely from the strike. Several hundred companies are now out touring the provinces. A majority of them move on Sundays by special train, and if these trains probably will be discontinued many of the theatres and music halls throughout the country are expected to be dark next week.

Numbers of sporadic strikes are occurring throughout the country as a result of the railway movement. The barbers of Bristol quit work to-day and the workgirls from Hermondsey, a parish of London, struck and came to London and paraded the streets with banners bearing the words, "We are fighting for fair play."

The pinch of want is making itself felt in many of the great cities, while thousands of persons are stranded throughout the kingdom, unable to rejoin their families.

When the strike began a few isolated engineers abandoned their posts on the tracks and signal men left their boxes unprotected, resulting in narrow escapes from collision.

Mobs stopped the trains in Monmouthshire and threatened to tear up the rails if the trains were moved.

It was reported to-night that 6,000 strikers were marching from Neasden to the Great Central Railway's station at Marylebone to demand the payment of wages. As a precaution the station has been occupied by several hundred Lancashire Fusilliers, furnished with ball cartridges and in readiness to repel an attack.

Some 50,000 troops arrived in London during the night and early morning found them encamped at points where they were able to protect the lines of communication according to a plan worked out months ago by a commission composed of railroad men and military men appointed to adopt a scheme for protecting these lines in the event of a foreign invasion. The plan worked perfectly last night and long before Londoners were about this morning the various military units were at their posts.

Ball Cartridges Ready.

Should the strike become general the soldiers could help but little in moving the trains, as there are only three railway companies of Royal Engineers. They, however, are able to protect the roads and the men working. The orders to the military officers in this connection are strict. There is to be no firing over the heads of the mob in case of a riot, but after the Riot Act has been read ball cartridges, with 100 pounds of which each soldier has been supplied, are to be used.

The troops were placed chiefly in the passenger and freight depots and at the signal boxes, some of which have already been disconnected by wire-cutting and attacked by strike-throwers, and at the tunnels, bridges, and workships. At each point one or two men stood guard with drawn bayonets while the rest of the company busied themselves with their horses and accoutrements. Six hundred men guarded the General Post Office, to prevent interference with the mail carts and further emphasize the military control in London.

Rioting in Wales.

Strikers took possession of the railway line at Llanelly, a seaport of Wales, and succeeded in repulsing the police who attempted to drive them off. At several out-of-the-way places in Wales signal boxes were burned.

Some 200 men employed on the Caledonian Railway went out and efforts were made to bring about a general strike in Scotland.

For some time past the railroad companies have been preparing for difficulties and engaging duplicate staffs. They claim already to have a large number of "understudies" in the places of strikers. Living and sleeping accommodations for these men have been provided within all the stations so that the chances of conflicts between the strikers and the workers has been reduced to a minimum.

Some of the provincial railway staffs have been so reduced that clerks are acting as firemen and guards, while inspectors are driving locomotives.

The battleship Warrior arrived at Douglas, Isle of Man, this afternoon to provision the hungry islanders whose regular communications with Liverpool have been cut off.

Reports from Wales say that some 20,000 or 30,000 additional colliers will be idle to-morrow.

The international combine of steamship companies has no hope of getting away any ships from Liverpool to-morrow. The best it expects to accomplish to-morrow is to sail the steamer Philadelphia out of Southampton and the steamer Minneapolis out of London. These vessels, however, were fully booked up long ago, and consequently their sailing will not help to diminish the number of stranded Americans in England.

LIVERPOOL STATIONS CLOSED.

City in Semi-Darkness — Tramway Service Cut Off.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 18.—The city was in semi-darkness a part of to-night. Only a fraction of the usual electric power was available, and that was used to make possible a continuation of the curtailed tramway service. The railway stations had been closed and train service stopped, and large crowds fought for places on the tramcars.

Despite the fact that thousands were enabled in this manner to get to their destinations, thousands of others were forced to walk long distances to their homes in the suburbs. The tramway service was cut off entirely at 9 o'clock and the power used to light the streets as a measure of safety.

Only three trains left Liverpool to-day for London and two for Manchester.

Three thousand young men have been enrolled as special Constables. All the City Magistrates met to-night in secret conference, and the Mayor again appealed to the newspapers to avoid inflaming the people by printing sensational headlines.

Business at the markets and on the Exchanges was suspended to-day, notices being posted that labor troubles prevented their usual work.

Shipping and trade associations to-day adopted a resolution against so-called peaceful picketing by which many employes who are willing to work are being intimidated. The resolution requests the Government to make the system of picketing unlawful.

The Liverpool Express will be unable to publish to-morrow because of the cutting off of its electric power.

Two loaded prison vans were escorted through the streets to-night by the Scots Grays. One of them was filled with women, who were singing "Fall In and Follow Me."

BIRMINGHAM, England, Aug. 18.—Sharp hand-to-hand fighting between the police and strikers occurred here this forenoon during attempts to restock the wholesale meat markets, which are practically empty. Wagons were unloaded at the railway station, but as soon as they appeared on the street they were charged upon by the strikers and upset. The only wagons that got through were those moved after the arrival of strong police reinforcements. The train service is in a chaotic state.

Again to-night there was a sharp conflict when several wagons loaded with meat were being driven to the wholesale market under an escort of police and soldiers. The mob attacked the cavalcade and was driven off and dispersed, but not until there had been a free use of truncheons by the police.

RIOTS AT BIRKENHEAD.

Strikers, Drunk on Stolen Liquor, Stone the Police.

BIRKENHEAD, England, Aug. 18.—Late to-night there were serious riots here following a debauch by strikers on stolen liquor. The troops were called out and dispersed the rioters after serious conflicts, in which the police had suffered heavily from stone and bottle throwing.

MONMOUTH, England, Aug. 18.—Efforts are being made to withdraw the pumpmen from Severn tunnel so that the tunnel may be flooded and Great Western trains stopped from running.

DIVIDED ON MERITS OF STRIKE DEMANDS

Tory Papers Denounce Railway Men's Action While Liberal Journals Champion Their Cause.

WINNING PUBLIC SYMPATHY

British Railroad Officials Accused of Petty Tyranny and Feudal Prejudice Against Labor Unions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—It is indisputable that public opinion will exercise considerable influence upon the final settlement of the general railway strike in England. If one were to judge only by what one reads in the Tory newspapers of London one would suppose all the faults were on the side of the men. The Times accuses them of reckless, treasonable madness. The Standard declares that the strikers have absolutely alienated the sympathy of the public by the incompetence and factlessness of their leaders. The Telegraph says: "The threat to bring out all transport workers in the United Kingdom and so not merely stop the wheels of industry, but put an end to the supplies of food in which the great towns of England are so perilously dependent, means anarchy and mob rule, which are the very negation of civilized life."

The Daily Mail says: "The strike as organized and directed is against the public, and the public have the victory in their own hands. The force of public opinion, if the public have courage of their own convictions and a sense of their own danger, can end this strike and make its repetition impossible."

It is a curious phenomenon that the public even of London refuses to take matters as seriously as the newspapers. Throughout the week the comments of the man in the street were indicative of a spirit of levity rather than any real apprehension of the dangers to which his papers called his attention. He made jests about the scareheads in the press, and in some instances, it must be acknowledged, his gibes were justified, for several papers have come to extremes of sensationalism which would make an American yellow journal turn green with envy.

One paper, for example, printed a heart-stirring description of the entry of the guards regiments into London as if they had been ordered back to save the metropolis from sack at the hands of revolutionists. The facts are that the guards had returned to the London barracks on the expiration of the regular manoeuvres. Instances of this kind might be multiplied so that the public's refusal to get excited possesses some measure of justification.

In the opinion of a good many people with whom I talked on the subject, the attitude of the conservative press does not accurately reflect the opinion of the general public. It leaves out of consideration what may be called the great human heart of the thing; namely, that men prefer a struggle for a wage of somewhere beyond a pound a week, rather than continue the struggle to live and rear children on that sum.

There has been little evidence in the conduct of the crowds, which have already experienced inconveniences due to dislocated transportation services, of anger at the striking railway men. The latter, or their leaders, are blamed for precipitancy in their twenty-four hours' ultimatum, but even in this respect allowances are being made for them, and in regard to the general issue there undoubtedly exists throughout the country a volume of sympathy with the men which careful study of the provincial papers of standing leads one to infer is being regarded as a negligible quantity by some of the leading London organs. Not by all be it noted. The Daily News, The Daily Chronicle, The Morning Leader, The Star, and The Westminster Gazette, while they all are deploring certain features of the situation, are whole-heartedly in favor of the men's demands.

Could Have Avoided Strike.

The report of the proceedings of the Board of Trade during the week and the negotiations conducted by the Government show that the dispute referred to a very narrow issue. Indeed the men's representatives were asked among other questions whether there was no other way than a general strike for remedying their grievances. Their answer was: "Yes, by a suggestion offered by the committee to the railway companies to meet official representatives of the men."

In other words, the recognition of the railway unions would have prevented a general strike. In fact, a general recognition of the unions was not necessary. It would have been enough for the immediate purpose if the companies had consented, for this crisis only, to meet the union officials. They need not even have met face to face, it might have been enough if they had exchanged views through the mediation of the Government officials. It is probable no permanent solution could have been reached by these methods, and, of course, the mere fact of meeting was in itself no guarantee that an agreement would have been reached, but, at any rate, an immediate outbreak of civil war could have been prevented, and in such matters to gain time is to gain everything.

Criticises the Employers.

As the Manchester Guardian puts it, this one fact remains indisputable—that the country might be breathing freely again now if only the companies had consented to meet the trades union officials. The country ought never to have been exposed, it says, to such frightful perils, simply because one set of employers refuse to hold conversations with trades union officials.

"Why," it is asked, "should the railway companies maintain a position towards unions which almost every other employer and State itself long since abandoned?"

The companies argue that recognition of the unions is inconsistent with the [illegible] agreement of 1907 on which they base their attitude, but it is pointed out that one of the companies, the Northeastern, has a conciliation agreement which actually recognizes the men's unions. As another Liberal paper says, while the men invoked the arbitrament of war too rashly, the fact cannot be disguised that much of the trouble rests with the boards of railway companies.

"There are too many ornamental personages on these boards," this paper says, "and not enough men who are closely associated with the business life of the country. They hardly realise, it would seem, how the obstinacy of their attitude imperils the great business and commercial interests of the country. Their stolid refusal to recognise the men's unions has been the cause of many quarrels and much bad blood in the railway world.

Thinks Men Should be Heard.

"The business man might as well refuse to recognise his opponent's solicitor who presents him with a demand on his client's behalf.

"It is difficult to understand why it is right or proper that railway directors should be represented by managers, secretaries, and superintendents, with solicitors and barristers to present their case and argue their position, while the railway men are restricted to men of their own grade, unskilled in advocacy and liable to be dismissed if they prove too energetic or clamorous.

"This refusal to recognise the unions is a mere piece of feudal prejudice which the railway directors have acquired from early environment, but which has no place in the world of commerce to-day."

These points were strongly brought out in a manifesto, issued by the strikers' Executive Committee. After reciting the reasons for their dissatisfaction with the Conciliation Boards, "whose formation was in the first instance delayed by the companies and whose agreements were later interpreted by the companies to suit their own interests, the signatories on behalf of the men being refused any voice in this all-important matter. The manifesto continues: "Whether in revenge or not, we do not know, but coincident with this settlement a policy of harassing and driving the men was instituted until to-day railway men are worse than slaves.

"All these circumstances which are well-known to railway men and can be amplified from practical experience, were the cause of outbreaks at various centres. Even then had the companies met the representatives of the men, the present situation would have been saved. The companies arrogantly refused this, and by so doing denied the railway workers of the country what had been conceded to every other class of workers. As the men throughout the United Kingdom have shown their unchangeable determination not to tolerate this state of affairs any longer, we call upon every railway man to join his fellows and so strike a united blow for deliverance from petty tyranny and also to help obtain higher wages, shorter hours, and a more humane life for all."

AMERICANS RUSHING HOME.

Effect of the British Dockmen's Strike—Passage Hard to Get.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—As a consequence of the Liverpool strike the homeward rush of Americans was begun earlier than was expected, many who intended to remain in Europe till the end of August preferring to sacrifice the rest of their holiday in order to get back in good time to resume their occupations. The offices of the American, German, and French Lines here have been besieged for the last two days by Americans eager to obtain passage from Cherbourg. The Kaiserin Auguste Victoria sailed to-day overcrowded, and late this afternoon no money could buy accommodation of any sort on the Philadelphia or Chicago, sailing to-morrow. THE NEW YORK TIMES was told at the offices of the North German Lloyd Line that only one suite is yet available on the Kaiser Wilhelm, which sails on Wednesday.

Many who arrived this morning from London and were disappointed here went immediately to Rotterdam or Antwerp in the hope of finding room on he Noordam of Vaderland. The Cunard and White Star Lines will book only without guaranteeing the date of sailing.

SOUTHAMPTON, England, Aug. 18.—Every available berth on the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, which sailed for New York to-day, was taken by Americans who were unable to get away on the boats at Liverpool. Scores of others clamored for accommodations on the American Line steamer Philadelphia, which is scheduled to sail to-morrow.

The boat train with London passengers for the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria arrived on time, and brought also 1,000 bags of mail which had been diverted from Liverpool.

END LONDON DOCK STRIKE.

Future Disputes to be Referred to John Burns or Another Arbitrator.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The strike of dockmen, coal porters, and carmen which began here on Aug. 1 and resulted in a dislocation of trade, almost famine conditions, and rioting for nearly two weeks was finally settled to-night. The strike was called off on Aug. 11 under the promise that the differences between the men and the shipowners would be arbitrated.

The chief points of the agreement reached are that the men may be engaged for work outside the dock premises and that any difference which may arise shall be referred to John Burns or an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Local Government Board.

Major Roche, who, having been ordered from Ireland to rejoin his regiment at Aldershot, and arriving at Fishguard, found the train stalled by strikers, promptly mobilized a party of soldiers who were returning by boat from a furlough, borrowed rifles from the local territorials, drove off the strikers at the point of the bayonet, and got his train through.

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 18.—The dispute between the White Star and the American Lines and their dockers has been satisfactorily settled.

COVENTRY, England, Aug. 18.—Seventy per cent. of the railroad men in this district have gone out. To-day there were constant conflicts between the police on one hand men and women on the other in efforts by the latter to prevent the movement of goods.

MATLOCK, England, Aug. 18.—Only a part of the men on the North Staffordshire Railway obeyed the strike order, and the train service was little affected to-day. The company is paying the workers an extra of 50 per cent.

BOLTON, England, Aug. 18.—The strike of the railway men here was practically unanimous. The cotton mills are closing because of a shortage of material. The food supply is short, and this is causing the greatest anxiety.

SWANSEA, Wales, Aug. 18.—Railway traffic here is at a standstill. The four stations are closed, and the police are guarding them. Many factories are shutting down owing to a lack of fuel.

LINES IN IRELAND AFFECTED.

Railwaymen in Belfast, However, Refuse to Go Out.

DUBLIN, Aug. 18.—The greater number of the principal railway lines in Ireland are partially affected by the strike. The railroad men are quitting gradually as they bring their trains into the city.

BELFAST, Ireland, Aug. 18.—The railroad men have refused to obey the strike order, as also have the [illegible] Belfast Corporation employees.

UNION PACIFIC TALK FALSE, SAYS HAUSMAN

H. C. Frick Friendly and No Reduction in Common Stock Dividend Contemplated.

SEES END OF LIQUIDATION

He Believes Underlying Conditions in the United States Are Favorable and Crops Improved.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Frederick Hausman, member of the firm of A. A. Hausman & Co., who has been in Europe since the beginning of July studying conditions here, during which time he says he has talked the situation over with most of the leading European financers, expects to return on the Olympic Aug. 30. He was one of those who saw Jacob H. Schiff off to catch the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria at Southampton to-day.

Mr. Hausman gave THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent the following views, which, he said, were also the views of one of the world's foremost financiers:

"To the best of my information and belief the break in the market is chiefly caused through the heavy liquidation of the overextended and weakly financed bull account which has been in existence on the other side for some time past.

"Sales could be traced to the disturbed sentiment on account of the activity in politics at Washington, and the market has been materially assisted by aggressive bear sales on a considerable scale, coming on a market which didn't have much support.

"In markets of this kind rumors of all kinds are floating about, particularly regarding Union Pacific; also regarding the resignation of H. C. Frick, which was said to be due to friction on the board, that there was disagreement in the matter of the segregation of Union Pacific assets, and that in consequence of the continued poor earnings the dividend on the common stock would be reduced.

"I am in a position to say absolutely that all such rumors are utterly devoid of the least foundation, and that they have been started solely for the purpose of the bear movement. From what I can learn from an excellent source there is no friction in the Union Pacific board whatsoever. Mr. Frick resigned some two months ago for personal reasons, but remains on the friendliest terms with the board.

"I understand that his holdings of Union Pacific shares have been unimportant and of no consequence for some years past.

"The underlying conditions in the United States continue favorable and the crops have undoubtedly improved since the last Government report. It might be true that the labor situation may cause some trouble, but as far as Union Pacific is concerned, owing to the firm stand taken by the management, it does not seem that the labor troubles will be of any consequence. The earnings for the time being might be somewhat disappointing. From what I can learn on good authority there is no intention of reducing the dividend on the common stock.

"As regards the market in general, apart from a few scattered sales from the other side, liquidation from all corners seems to have run its course and stocks, such as industrials, are very cheap on their intrinsic merits. English investors have not been slow to take advantage of the present low level of prices, and I have noticed, during the last few days, investment buying of leading stocks on quite a large scale.

"English railways and Government stocks here show great strength in face of the labor situation, which undoubtedly is serious."

Mr. Hausman, who has not been in very good health, underwent a slight operation to-day for abscess.

SHOT DOWN IN THE STREET.

Young White Man Killed After Night of Race Rows in Harlem.

A young white man was shot and killed just after midnight this morning at the corner of Second Avenue and 127th Street as a sequel to a night taken up with ugly squabbles between the whites and the negroes of that neighborhood.

Trouble began a little after dark as the rumor spread that a white man had been done out of some money by a negress, and the temper of the people on the streets was threatening. Patrolman McGuire of the East 126th Street Station had his hands full with flying stones, the occasional sound of a shattering window, and the sight of negroes congregating in the hallways of the tenements, afraid to venture out, and very surly.

Just at midnight McGuire caught sight of a negress running up Second Avenue toward 128th Street. She had a brick in her hand. McGuire gave chase. He was gaining on her, when he was brought to a halt by the sound of five revolver shots, fired in quick succession. They were from behind, and McGuire raced back to 127th Street, to find a young white man lying face down on the pavement and bleeding badly from a wound in the back of his head. A negro was just vanishing into the doorway of a near-by tenement.

The policeman got his wounded man into a saloon, but he died before the Harlem Hospital ambulance got there. He was Charles McKegney of 2,461 Second Avenue. McGuire found everything quiet in the tenement, where he had seen the negro enter and detectives were sent out to make a house to house search.

TUMBLES INTO THE HUDSON.

Girl Falls from Stranded Motor Boat, but is Promptly Rescued.

Miss Clara Becker, 19 years old, of Poughkeepsie, after being adrift for more than ten hours in a disabled motor boat, was thrown into the Hudson from the boat off West Forty-fourth Street yesterday morning when the boat was caught by the swell of a passing steamer. She was rescued by Robert Koller of 417 Maple Avenue, East Orange, who with two other persons, was in the boat with her at the time.

The party left the Mecca Yacht Club landing at 104th Street early Thursday afternoon for a trip down the river. They started for home about 7 P. M. On the way the engine got out of order, and, tinker as they would, the men in the boat could not get it going. When Miss Becker was thrown out of the boat yesterday morning Koller jumped into the river after her. He had a hard struggle, and it was only with the assistance of George Beatore and Sidney Evans, the other members of the party, that he and the girl were hauled back into the boat. Then it was which the works

STATES LIKELY TO COME IN.

Senate Adopts Compromise and House Is Likely to Follow.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—While the House was waiting to-day to see whether it would be practicable to override the President's veto of the New Mexico-Arizona Statehood resolution the Senate took that measure up in a form modified to meet the President's objections and this afternoon passed it overwhelmingly. The House is expected to accept the new measure to-morrow and the President will then sign it. As amended the resolution requires that the citizens of Arizona shall vote the recall of Judges out of their Constitution before they can be admitted, and forces the citizens of New Mexico to vote separately on the provision in their Constitution providing for amendments. New Mexico will be admitted no matter how the election is decided.

Only four insurgents—Messrs. Bourne, Bristow, Cummins, and Clapp—two regulars, Messrs. Brandegee and Heyburn, and two Democrats, Messrs. Bailey and Pomerene, voted against the compromise in the Senate.

During part of the debate four Cabinet officers—Attorney General Wickersham, Postmaster General Hitchcock, and Secretaries Stimson and Nagel—were in the Senate Chamber. Mr. Hitchcock listened while Senator Reed of Missouri (Dem.) read this telegram from the Democratic State Committee of Arizona:

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 12, 1911.

To E. B. O'Neill, Washington, D. C.:

It is a well-known fact that Hitchcock, during the campaign for the election of delegates to our Constitutional Convention, traveled over Arizona with different Federal officials, holding quiet little receptions at which plans were made for the defeat of the candidates who stood pledged for a progressive Constitution. Taft's name was freely used and insinuations made concerning projected Federal buildings. His friends told The Arizona Gazette to be good or Republican patronage would cease. The Gazette refused to be coerced, and patronage did cease. Practically every Postmaster in Arizona immediately became active in fighting the progressive candidates. It is well known he has influenced papers in Tucson, Yuma, Globe, and Prescott.

C. H. AKERS, Acting Chairman.
J. L. IRWIN, Secretary.

"The objection is not to the recall of Judges," declared Senator Reed. "The President, through his satellites and office holders, was unable to dictate the action of the people of Arizona, and we find him now using his power to prevent the people of that State from being admitted to the Union."

ROOT HAS TREATY CHANGE.

Would Bar Questions Affecting the Monroe Doctrine from Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—In the executive session of the Senate to-day Senator Root, of New York, presented an amendment to the arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France in the nature of a declaration so construing the conventions as to render them inapplicable to questions arising under the Monroe Doctrine.

Heretofore Senator Root has opposed amendments to the treaties, maintaining that they were sufficiently safeguarded. He made no explanation of his reasons for introducing the amendment. There is no probability that the treaties will be acted upon during the present session.

$600 A MONTH TO MRS. BETTS

Gambler's Wife Wanted $2,000 Pending Trial of Separation Suit.

The wife of Louis Betts, the sporting man, who is suing for a separation, is to have $600 a month alimony pending trial. She had asked for $2,000, and supported the request by styling her husband as the "king of all gamblers," known as such throughout the country, and added that he is a very rich man, worth more than $1,000,000, in her opinion. She set forth in her affidavits that she had seen checks and notes he got from gambling amounting to more than $150,000 and that one person paid over $140,000.

This recalls the fact that earlier in the year, when Mrs. Cecil Marstin was asking for alimony in her suit for divorce, she spoke of her husband, Alsarin Marstin, as having taken in $140,000 in one day at a place in South Illinois Avenue in Atlantic City, thanks to an electrical device that permitted the regulation of the roulette wheel. Atlantic City was vastly excited, and The Review of that place wanted to know why the Prosecutor did not summon Mrs. Marstin to tell there what she had told the court in which her suit was brought.

Jacob Gordon of 346 Broadway is counsel for both women. Yesterday he explained that it is the same $140,000 referred to in the two cases—that Betts and Marstin were associated in the Atlantic City establishment and that the man who lost it is a leader of National fame in the steel industry. In her papers Mrs. Betts goes into no particulars as to the transaction.

Mr. Betts denies everything she says, and in affidavit style accuses her of being addicted to "spirituous liquors," intimating that that is the explanation of anything unusual in their married life. He owns no million dollars, he says, and denies that he owns many of the pieces of real estate which she had named as part of his rich holdings. He confesses to having two cafés in Florida, but says that they bring in only $1,000.

"How monstrously false!" says the replying affidavit of his wife. "Does he mean to say that of those 'two sumptuously palatial gambling dens?'"

TWO ARE HELD AS BURGLARS.

Brother of Essex Fells Chief of Police Charged with Robbery.

Frederick Hadfield of 63 Thirteenth Avenue, Newark, and Charles Eysoldt of 72 Court Street, Newark, a brother of the Chief of Police of Essex Fells, N. J., were arrested last night on suspicion of having robbed the home of Edgar P. Ward, 471 Centre Street, South Orange, about a week ago of $1,000 worth of silverware and a quantity of jewelry.

Some of the silverware they had melted up and another part of the loot had been pawned in New York and the tickets were found on Eysoldt. Much of the goods and six crucibles were found in the home of Hadfield's mother, at 89 Garden Street.

When the robbery was reported Chief of Police McGuire of South Orange took Hadfield to the Newark Police Headquarters to look over the Rogues' Gallery there. Hadfield picked out as the man he had seen loitering near the Ward house a man whom Chief McGuire knew had reformed. Hadfield's nervousness caused Capt. Carroll to suspect that he was hiding something.

FEARS WE CAN'T TAP THE TEN MILE RIVER

Law Bars Depleting of Streams Crossing State Lines, Says City Counsellor Stirling.

WAS INVESTIGATED BEFORE

Nevertheless the Plan to Do So Carrying an Appropriation of $1,100,000 Will Be Laid Before the Estimate Board.

Plans for tapping Ten Mile River to relieve the water scarcity of Manhattan and the Bronx, with a request for $1,100,000 to carry them out, will be laid before the Board of Estimate at its next meeting by Water Commissioner Thompson and Assistant Corporation Counsel George L. Stirling. But even if the plans are approved, and the money granted, several other important steps must be taken before the actual work can begin.

The plans will have to be approved by the State Water Commission and the consents obtained of property owners along the nine miles of proposed pipe line from Pawling to the Croton watershed, or the property condemned.

To build a pumping station and to lay pipes will take about four months, according to a statement issued by Mayor Gaynor a few days ago, but the indications yesterday were that it will be that long before the actual work is begun. The river cannot be tapped before next year, and Assistant Corporation Counsel Stirling said yesterday that even if the consents of property owners were obtained and the pumping station built and the pipes laid, there is little prospect of the city being able to tap the river within the time specified by Mayor Gaynor and Commissioner Thompson. Everything is contingent upon the city's obtaining the right from the State of Connecticut to use the water, and Mr. Stirling thought this could not be done without going to the United States Court.

"The whole thing is a mighty delicate proposition," he explained, "and I doubt if it is worth all the trouble that the city will be put to. We will not get very much water after we do tap the river, and if there should be a drought next year Ten Mile River will be turned as dry as any other stream. The law is very specific about the use of inter-State streams. The city has tried to get water from other streams similar to Ten Mile River, but had to abandon the attempts.

"I do not see the necessity of taking up again the Ten Mile River plan at this late date, when the whole matter was so thoroughly gandled once. Ten Mile River rises in Columbia County and flows through a portion of Dutchess County, and then enters Connecticut, where it discharges into the Housatonic River, which is the second or third largest river in Connecticut. On its banks is Derby, a large manufacturing town, containing many mills which are run by the water from the river. The largest concern is the Ousatonic Power Company.

"Now, if we were to divert the water from Ten Mile River to flow elsewhere these companies would enjoin us, and I feel pretty sure that we would be beaten in the courts. Even if we won our case we would have to pay these mill owners and others for taking their water from them, and the amount would be enormous.

"There is one plan which we are working on now and may be carried out successfully. It is to build the pumping station at Pawling and to direct through a pipe line into the Croton reservoirs all the surplus of the river during the wet seasons.

"If our present plans go through we are hoping that the courts will decide that it is no great deprivation for us to carry off the surplus water during the wet season."

DIVERS COLLIDE, ONE DROWNS

Head of Boy Plunging in Hits Head of Boy Coming Up.

Edward Mahoney, 17 years old, of 213 Barry Street, Williamsburg, was drowned in the East River yesterday near the North First Street dock. He had jumped headfirst into the water and his head struck that of "Pip" Green, 16 years old, of 21 Metropolitan Avenue, who had also been diving and who was coming to the surface when Mahoney went down.

Both were stunned. Green was able to reach the pier and clung to a spike until rescued. Mahoney went down and never reappeared. The body was not recovered.

English Aviator Killed.

ALDERSHOT, Aug. 18. — Theodore Ridge, while flying in a new pattern military aeroplane here to-day, fell 100 feet and died shortly afterward from his injuries.

TOGO LEAVES BOSTON TO-DAY

Going to Niagara, Then to Pacific Coast via Toronto.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Another day of complete rest was planned to-day for Admiral Count Togo, who suffered yesterday from an attack of acute indigestion. Although greatly refreshed by a good night's sleep it was thought best for the Admiral to postpone all the events on his schedule for to-day until to-morrow. Accordingly he remained in his suite at the Hotel Tourraine.

Admiral Togo planned to leave Boston this afternoon for Niagara Falls, but this portion of his trip has been postponed until to-morrow afternoon. After leaving Niagara Falls he will go direct to the Pacific Coast by way of Toronto. The reasons given for not visiting Montreal are his extra day in this city and a proposed longer stay at Niagara Falls.

Dr. Takaki, a Japanese physician of Brooklyn, examined Admiral Togo this forenoon, and said that the Admiral was simply suffering from fatigue.

Capt. Potts and Commander Kasai Taiguchi of the imperial Japanese Navy, aid-de-camp of Admiral Togo, made a formal call on Mayor Fitzgerald at the City Hall to-day. They stated that the Admiral intends to call on the Mayor at City Hall to-morrow afternoon.

A message sent from Washington by Acting Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop asking Admiral Togo to visit, if possible, the Atlantic fleet off Provincetown, was received here just before 3 o'clock this afternoon, but the Admiral felt obliged to decline. He is booked to sail from Seattle within eleven days. He will have time only for the transcontinental journey, two days at Niagara Falls, a day in the Canadian Rockies, and a day at Seattle for public receptions.

Girl Badly Burned by Naphtha.

Mary Couston, 17 years old, was cleaning clothes with naphtha in a bedroom at her home, 147 Stanley Avenue, Yonkers, yesterday afternoon, when her 7-year-old sister, Annie, who was playing with matches, set the naphtha afire. The flames were spread over Mary's clothing. Neighbors, hearing her screams, ran in and rolled her in blankets. The bed and other articles of furniture caught fire and a fire alarm was sent in. The firemen soon saw that there was work not for them but for the doctors, and sent for an ambulance from St. Joseph's Hospital. The young woman's recovery is doubtful.

GALE OF TROPIC FURY SWEEPS OVER CITY

Continued from Page 1.

house, the top floor being occupied by Michael Mulren, 32 years old, his wife, and two sons. The roof of this building was caved in. None of the occupants of the top floor was at home except Mr. Mulren, and he escaped without a scratch.

A large oak tree in front of 389 East 138th Street, the Bronx, was struck by lightning and fell, blocking the street. Mabel Mulligan, 21 years old, of 315 East 144th Street, was on the sidewalk near where the tree had stood. The heels and parts of the soles of her shoes were ripped off. She was uninjured.

A flagpole on the East Twenty-second Street Police Station was shattered, and the top part fell into the street in front of the house. It injured no one. The gilt ball at the top of the pole was burned and all the gilt removed by the lightning.

After striking the pole the lightning followed the roof of the building to the rear and threw Policeman Kerschoff from his cot. Several policemen were in the room, but none felt the shock except Kerschoff.

The lightning followed the gas pipes to the main floor. Policemen Reilly, Schroy, Dondero, and Carey, who were in the squadroom, said it made three complete circuits of the room and then left by way of a window.

A bolt entered the front door of the Sheffield Lunch Room at 289 Third Avenue and made its exit through a show window filled with cakes, meats and fruit. The edibles were scattered about the sidewalk.

Two windows in the offices of the Department of Charities, at the foot of East Twenty-sixth Street, were blown in by the wind. The Morgue was flooded to a depth of more than 10 inches by water that came in the skylights and from the street.

The Charities Department steamer Thomas S. Brennan was struck twice by lightning. Fifty passengers, mostly women, were on board at the time the boat was first struck and they were badly frightened.

The boat was nearing the Metropolitan Hospital dock on Blackwell's Island when she was first struck. The lightning bolt struck the walking beam and went down to the engine room, putting out all the lights on the boat.

Capt. McCarthy was on the bridge and Engineer Robinson in the engine room. The engineer could get no signal from the Captain and shut off the electric power.

The momentum of the boat was sufficient, however, for Capt. McCarthy to carry her safely to the dock, and the passengers were sent ashore. A few minutes later the boat was struck again as they were unloading freight. This time all the fuses were burned, but no one was injured.

It had been intended to proceed to Randall's Island, but this programme was abandoned. The passengers returned to Manhattan by other boats.

Roller Coaster Hit at Coney.

Coney Island, Brighton and Manhattan and Rockaway Beaches were all storm swept, and thousands who had gone to them had to scramble for shelter. At Coney Island the roofs of several bathhouses were stripped off, and the tents erected on the site of Dreamland were blown down.

Lightning struck the "Chase Thru the Clouds," a big roller coaster at Brighton, and ripped off about 500 feet of the structure. Part of the fence around the Boer war show at Brighton was blown away.

Three boys were caught in a canoe in Sheepshead Bay. They scurried for shore, but before they could make it their boat was upset. In it were Matthew O'Connor, 18 years old, his brother Joseph, 13, of 234 East Fifth Street, Brooklyn, and Eugene Cleary, 15 years old, of 218 East Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn. Matthew caught Joseph and swam ashore with him. He returned to rescue Cleary, who was clinging to the overturned boat. Thirty feet from the drifting boat he sank. Cleary was rescued by life-savers, but the body of O'Connor was not recovered.

During the storm a 25-foot dory of the United States Life-saving Station at Rockaway sank in Jamaica Bay. No one was in the boat.

In the Dutch Kills section of Long Island City lightning struck the flagpole on the top of St. Patrick's Lyceum, on Radde Street. The pole fell to the sidewalk. On the opposite side of the street in a vacant lot were two tents put up by boys, and when the storm started they took refuge in them. When the lightning began to flash they ran home.

This was about five minutes before the flagpole was struck. A moment after the pole was struck the tents burst into flames, the bolt having leaped to them after striking the flagpole.

In the rear of the lot where the tents were is the delicatessen store of Mrs. William Heinberger. She was in the rear of the store and was knocked down and rendered unconscious.

In Staten Island several barns were struck by lightning and telephone and telegraph wires went down everywhere. The barn of Thomas Carlin, at 92 Chestnut Street, Tottenville, and one at 171 Wiant Street, Elm Park, were burned. At Rockland Avenue, Springville, a large tree was blown down and did much damage to telephone wires.

MANY HURT IN PHILADELPHIA.

Falling Telegraph Pole Injures Three in Passing Automobile.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Aug. 18.—A wind blowing thirty-eight miles an hour, accompanied by brisk rain, swept over Philadelphia from the northwest. It had left behind it a trail of damage, impeding the telegraph and telephone services. In the city it caused considerable damage.

In the vicinity of Fourth Street and Girard Avenue after the storm pedestrians saw a large number of chicken hawks that had been unable to breast the driving wind and were blown, evidently for miles, into the city.

Trees, roofs, telegraph wires and poles suffered in all parts of the city. Damage is reported from all sections, and in the open country to the northwest the wind leveled the corn in the fields. The list of injured follows:

Alexander Brownlee, 367 East Chelton Avenue; Miss Annie Brownlee, his sister-in-law, of 5,692 Morton Street, and T. Wayne McDowell, a boy, of 5,690 Morton Street, injured when their automobile was struck by a falling telegraph pole.

Patrick Collins, 22 years old, of 2,037 Rowan Street, broken arm; Women's Homeopathic Hospital.

James Graff, 30 years, 2,072 C Street, bruises of the body; Samaritan Hospital.

Electric wires were blown down, causing darkness in Fairmount Park last night. A live wire on the Columbia Avenue bridge at Thirty-second Street endangered passengers in street cars.

At the Philadelphia Ball Park the sudden wind sent hundreds of baseball enthusiasts scurrying from the stands, which were swaying dangerously, and the Philadelphia game with St. Louis was delayed.

Wires were down all through the Lehigh Valley and around Norristown, Reading, Bethlehem, Allentown, Conshohocken, Pottstown, and other Up-State towns and cities, which were cut off from communication for some time.

At one time more than fifty wires between this city and New York were out of commission. Repair gangs were rushed along the lines at once. The railroads reported no trouble or delay on account of the storm.

ONE DEAD IN TRENTON.

Houses Were Razed or Unroofed and Trees Uprooted—Many Escapes.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—One man was killed, another was injured, two horses were crushed to death and many thousands of dollars damage caused to property late this afternoon by a severe wind and rain storm. Louis S. Boose, a lineman for the Bell Telephone Company, was shocked to death while repairing wires. Before his body could be released the electric current had burned him frightfully. Owen Kite, an attache of the office of the State Controller, was hurt when part of a scaffolding was blown through a window of the State House.

Shortly before four o'clock dense clouds appeared from the west and swept down upon the city. The storm broke before many had opportunity to seek shelter and many narrow escapes were reported from falling trees, roofs, store signs, or windows.

Houses in course of construction and barns were razed, trees were uprooted and roofs hurled to the street.

A falling tree crushed one horse to death and another was killed by the collapse of its stable. Part of the roof of Barlow's Hotel was ripped off, as was a section of the roof of the Clinton Street station of the Pennsylvania Railroad. A heavy cornice fell from the steeple of State Street M. E. Church and many passers had narrow escapes.

PENNINGTON HARD HIT.

Storm Centre Swept Over the Town, Causing Great Damage.

Special to The New York Times.

PENNINGTON, N. J., Aug. 18.—The worst storm this section of the country has seen in years swept over the community this afternoon. It began with a terrific wind, followed by rain and hail lasting about an hour. Trees were uprooted, houses unroofed, trolley wires blown down, putting the service out of commission for several hours.

A large tree in front of the Post Office was blown across the trolley tracks, pulling the wires with it. The roof was blown from the farmhouse of John Donald, near here. Many growers lost all their apples. Suburban telephone lines were put out of commission. It is thought the centre of the storm passed through this place. Thousands of dollars' damage has been done.

YACHTS OUTRIDE THE BLOW.

Gale Was Heavy, but Lasted Only Fifteen Minutes on Jersey Coast.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 18.—A severe squall, accompanied by heavy rain, struck this place this afternoon, and for a time shipping was in extreme danger. Many pleasure yachts were off shore, and those on board were in terror when the lowering clouds required crews to make things ready for a hard blow. All rode the storm, which lasted only fifteen minutes.

The yacht Princeton was caught as she was entering the inlet. Capt. Gale let go two anchors, and took in all sail except a small jib to give him steering way. The wind caused the anchors to drag, and the yacht seemed doomed to be cast on the Brigantine Shoals, but the hooks finally caught in a telegraph cable, and the Princeton was saved. Several sail and motor boats were driven on the bars in the vicinity of Barnegat, but all were floated later with assistance of life-saving crews.

GARAGE FALLS AT MINEOLA.

One Man Buried Under Debris and Seriously Hurt in the Storm.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 18.—In a terrific storm here this afternoon a combination garage and dwelling which was being erected about a mile from here in the Jericho Turnpike was blown down. The concrete cast and west walls gave way first, and then the whole structure fell.

Five men were in the upper floors, but all escaped with bruises and slight cuts.

Henry Korhonee, 22 years old, who was on the first floor, was not so fortunate. He was buried under blocks of concrete, and a half hour's hard work was needed to release him. At the Nassau Hospital, here, it was found that his left leg was broken and that he was injured internally. His condition is said to be critical.

All Cars Transfer to
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

No matter whether you travel via auto, carriage, surface car, elevated train or afoot, Bloomingdales'—"The Store of Certain Satisfaction"—is quickly reached from anywhere, convenient now to everywhere.

Boys' $2.50 Double Breasted Suits, size 8 to 16 years, at $1.66

They are made of cheviot and worsted in neat mixtures with Knickerbocker trousers. Just what the boys need for school.

Remainder of Boys' $3.00 Wash Suits, Russian and Sailor styles 88c
Boys' $4.00 Double Breasted Suits, sizes 8 to 16 years, Saturday $2.44
Boys' Double Breasted Suits, Norfolk and Derby models, 8 to 17 years $3.95

Men's $1.00 Fall Shirts with cuffs attached, sizes 14 to 17 ..... 57c
Men's 2 for 25c Collars, sizes 14 to 18, price box of 6 for 36c
Men's $1.50 Mercerized Pongee Pajamas, sizes 15 to 18, at $1.05

Root's Underwear for Men, Tivoli wool, in natural wool and camel's hair. Also the popular Norfolk and New Brunswick underwear, at, per garment 89c

BLOOMINGDALES, Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

GIMBELS

Offers a Variety of Everything Desirable

For this half day, when the store closes at 12:30

For Holiday-makers—
Wearing Apparel Sporting Requisites

For those who are visiting New York and have just a half day's shopping left, will be interesting economies in the

August Sale of Fine Furs
August Furniture Sale

And other events in artistic home-furnishings.

Lincoln Beachey's Curtiss Aeroplane in which he won the Gimbel Aeroplane Race, from New York to Philadelphia, on August 5th, in 2 hours, 22 3-5 seconds, is now on view on the Fourth Floor.

THE ONLY SAFE KIND

The Guaranteed Mortgage is the highest development of mortgage investment. It is the only safe kind for the inexperienced. The Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificate represents the latest improvement in this security.

It is available for all investors, even for those who wish to place so small an amount as $200 where it will be absolutely safe and will yield 4½%, exempt from personal taxation in this State.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO

Capital & Surplus . $8,000,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

BRINDLEY BREAKS ALTITUDE RECORD

Aviator Who Got License After Chicago Meet Opened Goes Up 11,000 Feet in a Baby Wright.

HANDS NUMB FROM COLD

Parmalee Also Beats World's Record for Height, but Falls to Equal Brindley—Ovington Falls Into the Lake.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—American records and a world's record were broken by the aviators in the seventh day's programme in Grant Park to-day.

Sopwith, the English aviator, carried off most of the money prizes, as usual, but the aviators, and particularly the Wright brothers and their men, were greatly interested by the work of Oscar A. Brindley in the baby Wright machine. Brindley now holds the highest honor of the meet, in addition to winning one of its largest prizes.

On a dare, the young aviator, who flew for the first time, shortly before the Chicago meet opened and did not get his pilot's license until a day or two afterward climbed clear out of sight into the clouds and came down safely again with a barograph reading of 11,000 feet and enough over to make the judges feel sure that the world's unofficial record of 11,330 feet had been broken.

The official world's record was made by M. Loridan, and is but 10,761 feet. Brindley easily beat all official records, not only for the Chicago meet, but for the world as well.

During his long flight Brindley and his small craft were several times lost to sight behind the fleecy clouds which floated over the lake. When he finally alighted his thermometer showed a minimum temperature of 38 degrees. He was so badly chilled that his hands were numb, and he had difficulty in moving his fingers on the steering levers.

The nearest approach to Brindley's record was that made by P. O. Parmalee today in a Wright biplane. He ascended to a height of 10,800 feet, thus breaking the official world's record.

Lincoln Beachey and C. P. Rodgers were close competitors for the altitude record, but were forced down by the strong wind and engine trouble at the start of the meet. Beachey several times went out of sight behind the clouds and the smoke to the southwest of the city. When he came down his hands were numb from the cold.

When the opening gun boomed to-day the wind was blowing at the rate of forty-five miles an hour off the lake. But the duration men bounded into the air as soon as the time limit permitted them, and fought the wind for most of the afternoon. The gale was so strong that it blew the aviators many times over the heads of the spectators, and some of them had a hard time keeping their craft going against it.

Beatty and Ward had trouble at the start with their engines, and left a trail of black smoke across the sky behind them. Ward was finally forced to come down. Eugene Ely then went up for duration, and was also forced to alight. He came down with a bump that made the crowds gasp.

By the time the monoplane test for speed started the wind had died down to 35 miles, but it was puffy and caused the machines to tilt threateningly at the turns. Six biplanes were in the air when Rene Simon went up for the start in the monoplane event, which Sopwith won. Sopwith also won the cross-country flight of sixteen miles in 15 minutes and 10 seconds. In this event Earle Ovington met with a mishap when his Blériot monoplane fell into the lake. He struck but four feet of water, however, and was not injured.

James Ward also had a narrow escape from death. The propeller of his machine broke as he flew before the grand stand and pieces of wood penetrated and tore the canvas planes, but the aviator managed to bring his machine safety to the ground.

Ward, who had set out to reach first place in the totalization for duration contest, jumped out of his damaged machine, climbed into an automobile standing near, and hurried for the hangars. In five minutes he was in another aeroplane, his torn number, 24, pasted on the new aeroplane, and was in the air gain.

"I need these minutes for my duration," he yelled and was away, staying up until the closing gun called him down at night. Ovington's accident occurred near the South Shore Country Club in the sixteen-mile over-water race, the course of which had been changed to eliminate the danger of the cross-water flight. He had stopped his engine for the turn at the club and was unable to start it. He tried first to land on the smooth lawn, but found his speed too great; instead he made a circle over the lake and then found his speed insufficient to reach land and so alighted in a lagoon, from which he could swim to shore.

Every aviator in the Chicago meet has signed an agreement to fly without pay next Monday, when it is planned to turn over the entire proceeds of the admission sales to the widow of St. Croix Johnstone, who was killed last Tuesday when his monoplane well into the lake. It is believed that a fund of $50,000 will be obtained for Mrs. Johnstone.

It is probable that as the result of the deaths at the Chicago meet an organization will be formed to carry out a permanent plan for the insurance of the lives of aviators.

CONDEMN COTTON REPORT.

Southern Officials Say the Federal Estimate Is Wrong.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Renewed protests against the issuing of preliminary cotton estimates by the Agricultural Department were made in the Senate to-day by Senator Smith of South Carolina.

He presented telegrams from Agricultural Commissioners of eight cotton-growing States declaring the Government estimate of a record-breaking cotton crop was not borne out.

Senator Smith introduced a new resolution calling upon the Secretary of Agriculture to make an immediate investigation and report conditions of the cotton crop. Senator Smith declared that the cotton market dropped $20 a bale on the strength of the Government's report of a three-million-bale increase in this year's crop.

"This estimate was made June 28," he declared, "before part of the crop was out of the ground."

He said he protested to Secretary Wilson, and was informed that the Secretary did not know the preliminary report had been issued, and that it would not occur again. But on Aug. 2 Senator Smith added, another glowing preliminary report was issued.

"I should hate to draw in the Senate of the United States," Senator Smith said, "the conclusions that I feel might be drawn from this remarkable report of the Agricultural Department. Either the Commissioners of all the cotton States—men right on the ground and familiar with conditions—are utterly mistaken, or else the Agricultural Department is wrong [illegible]

TAFT TARIFF VETOES UPHELD IN THE HOUSE

Regular Republicans Appear in Force and Prevent Two-thirds Vote by Allies.

FREE LIST VETO IS RUSHED

Democrats Ridicule Reliance on Tariff Board and Declare the President Has Defied the People.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18. — President Taft's vetoes of the Wool bill and the so-called Farmer's Free List bill stand, and the bills are dead. The Democrats in the House endeavored this afternoon to override the vetoes and failed in each case. On the wool bill they were 31 votes short of the necessary number, and on the Free List bill 28 short. The vote on the Wool bill was 227 to 129. That on the Farmer's Free list bill—the veto of which was sent to the House only this afternoon—was 226 to 127. Under the Constitution it requires two-thirds of those present and voting to override a veto.

Democratic leaders, however, rejoice in one fact that will have an important bearing on the next National campaign. They succeeded in putting on record more than a score of insurgent Republicans as in vital disagreement with the Republican President on the tariff.

The defeat of the Democratic plan was due entirely to the activity of the regular Republicans in getting their absentees back. The vote on the passage of the Wool bill on June 20 was 221 to 100. On that vote twenty-four Republicans stood with the Democrats, including Anthony and Campbell of Kansas, regulars. There were many Republican absentees who had not taken the trouble to arrange pairs. Since it became known that the Democrats would endeavor to override the veto the regulars have been demanding the presence here of every man in their camp, and they succeeded in bringing almost every one, whereas eight Democrats were away. The vote this afternoon shows 28 Republicans with the Democrats, or 24, if Dr. Akin of New York, who classes himself as an independent Republican, is counted with them. Thus there was no real loss of Republican strength to the Democrats. It was the presence of the regulars that made the result.

Eleven insurgents voted to sustain the veto. Of these, four, Jackson and Rees of Kansas, Sloan of Nebraska, and Stephens of California, had voted for the bill on June 20. The twenty-three insurgents who stood with the democrats were: Anderson, Davis, Steenerson, Lindburgh, Miller, and Volstead of Minnesota; Hanna and Helgesen of North Dakota; Norris of Nebraska; Haugen, Hubbard and Woods of Iowa; Lenroot, Nelson, and Morse of Wisconsin; Kent and Stephens of California; Murdock, Young, Jackson and Madison of Kansas; La Follette and Warburton of Washington.

On the free list bill four insurgents changed their votes and opposed the President. These were Sloan and Kincaid of Nebraska, French of Idaho, and Lafferty of Washington. Morgan of Oklahoma, a regular, also went against the veto. Young of Kansas and Miller of Minnesota, who before had voted with the Democrats, went back to their party.

Eight democrats were absent without pairs—Wilson of New York, Anderson of Ohio, Ayres of New York, Burgess of Texas, Latta of Nebraska, who is in a hospital in Rochester, Minn., very ill; Levy of New York, McHenry of Pennsylvania, and Young of Texas.

Says Taft Defies the People.

As soon as the reading of the journal was completed in the House this morning Mr. Underwood moved to take up the Wool bill and place it on its passage over the President's veto. It was agreed that there should be three hours' debate. The opening speech for the Democrats was made by Ollie James of Kentucky, who began with the remark that the veto power was an inheritance of royalty, undemocratic, and un-American. In this case he said it was a "bold, flagrant defiance" of the popular will.

Mr. James ridiculed the idea that the representatives of the people, nearly 500 in number, should be set aside for the five members of the Tariff Board, with no tariff-making experience, as the President had done. In effect the President had said: "Go to your homes; you haven't sense enough to pass a Tariff bill." It was as if the President had told Messrs. Payne, Dalzell, Underwood, Clayton, and Clark, with all their long years of service, that they had learned nothing whatever about the tariff.

He declared Mr. Taft would go down in history as the first President of the United States who ever opposed his "ponderous corporosity" to the will of the people. "They say," he continued, "that we are trying to put the President in a hole. We are not doing that; the people will put him in a hole in November, 1912."

Ex-Speaker Cannon made one of his old-time pigeonwing efforts, which kept the House in a good humor. He said that he hoped that the work of the majority this session would confound them before the people in 1912, and he knew it would in 1914 and again in 1916, and, although he was an old man, he expected to be here to witness their confusion. This the old gentleman said, leaning far over toward the Democratic side, with a broad grin on his face.

"I voted for the Payne bill," said Mr. Cannon in conclusion, "and I agree with the President that it is the best tariff bill that ever was passed."

Speaker Clark Closes Debate.

The great speech of the day came when Champ Clark called Mr. Underwood to the chair and closed the debate for the Democrats. When he went into the well in front of the House every Democrat in the chamber rose in his place and cheered. Many waved handkerchiefs, and many more yelled long and fiercely. The Speaker was in fine fettle. He spoke in a strong, resonant voice that was heard far out into the corridors.

"I will permit no living man to be more patriotic than I am," he said. "The gentleman from Illinois [Mr. Mann] leaves out of his statistics the most important part of our country—and that is the 90,000,000 human beings for whom we are trying to legislate some relief.

"There is one thing that I am weary of hearing and that is that we are trying to destroy the industries of the country. It's a lie!" the Speaker fairly shouted. "No sane man wants to do that by the estimation of a hair. It's our country. It's ours as much as it is yours, and in the language of Tiny Tim I am constrained to say, 'God bless us every one.'

"No President is denied the right to use the veto, but he has no moral right to use it against the will of the representatives of the people. You say we are trying to put the President in a hole. God knows we don't have to. He has put himself there. He had a right to veto this bill if he wanted to. I am not quarreling with him. I am lamenting his lack of wisdom as his personal friend. He has raised an issue that will rage with unabated fury until the close of the polls in November, 1912.

"It is not true that Mr. Underwood and I supported the bill for the Tariff Board. What we did do was to vote to make that board responsible to the will of the House. I will not speak in a derogatory manner of the Tariff Board or of those who now think it is of such importance, but any member of the Ways and Means Committee knows more about the tariff than that entire Tariff Board rolled together."

He cited the long experience of various members of the committee in tariff matters.

At the end of the speech the Democrats made the star demonstration of the day, rising and cheering for several minutes.

There was intense interest as the clerk called the roll on the motion to override the veto. Every Republican that voted with the Democrats was greeted with hearty cheers. The result was as stated above: yeas, 227; nays, 129; present and not voting, 3.

Free List Veto Received.

It was after 4 o'clock when the President's veto of the Free List bill came in. It was read at once and received with cheers from the Republicans. Mr. Underwood moved to put it on passage over the veto at once with debate limited [illegible] the interval allowed [illegible]

GERMANS VERIFIED WILEY POISON TESTS

Rejected Remsen Board Report on Benzoate of Soda—Two Wiley Reports Suppressed.

WILSON NOW TO BE HEARD

Taft Likely to Take the Papers in the Dispute to Beverly for a Full Review.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley concluded his testimony before the Moss committee to-day, and to-morrow that body will hear Secretary Wilson, whose testimony on his attitude toward the pure food law is expected to last two days at least.

Dr. Wiley told with many details how he organized his "poison squad" and conducted the experiments which all the power of the Administration, from the President down, through the Secretary of Agriculture and numerous other officials of the Department of Agriculture at times had been employed to discredit. These tests were conducted for four or five years. Dr. Wiley said that while they were going on he was down at the Bureau of Chemistry at daybreak and stayed there till late at night in order to make sure that the young men of the squad were properly served with the food assigned to them. He himself supervised every detail, except making the thousands of analysis that were necessary, and these were conducted under the direction of Dr. Bigelow, the Assistant Chief of the Bureau.

This was long before there was a pure food law and these tests were largely instrumental in compelling the passage of the law. There were twelve subjects, all of them young men from the Bureau of Chemistry or other parts of the Department of Agriculture, or from the medical colleges in the City of Washington. Every subject pledged himself not to hold the Government responsible for any harmful results from the tests.

"In every case were found that all the substances we tested were harmful to human health," said Dr. Wiley. "We tested borax, salicylic acid, sulphur dioxide, sulphate of copper, saltpetre, and benzoate of soda. There were harmful effects in every instance. Some of the subjects were less affected than others, for we had one or two pretty tough ones; but most of them fell by the wayside. The borax test we kept up a year. Many of the young men dropped out and others took their places."

Dr. Wiley then told how his publications on some of these tests, especially on benzoate of soda, had been suppressed by the department. He also told how the Prussian Government had referred the benzoate of soda question to a referee board and its report had declared that Dr. Wiley's tests with benzoate of soda had been sustained and the recommendations of the Remsen board had not been warranted by the facts.

The witness then at some length described the United States Pharmacopoeia—which Congress has made the standard for drugs—and the revision that is made every twenty years by a convention of scientists; of his holding the Presidency of the last convention and being a member of the committee chosen by the convention to revise the work in the interest of the purity of drugs. He declared that while he was absent once Associate Chemist Dunlap told Secretary Wilson that work for the Pharmacopoeia was being done in the Bureau. Dr. Wiley said the work done had cost only $27, but he was forced to stop it when Solicitor McCabe said his actions violated the law, although his understanding was that the law imposed the duty of such assistance upon the Bureau as part of the execution of the pure food and drugs law.

The witness was asked about the statement of Solicitor McCabe that few drug cases were reported by the Bureau of Chemistry for prosecution. He replied that there were few cases prepared because many lines of inquiry were taken out of his hands and turned over to the Remsen referee board.

"Your hands are tied until opinions are given by the board?"

"Absolutely paralyzed."

All records of the Department of Agriculture embracing copies of pure food decisions or regulations changed "through the protests of interested manufacturers," will be called for by the committee. Dr. Wiley explained that they were official printed regulations and decisions which had later been withdrawn and changed after the food manufacturers had protested against them.

When asked what modifications in the existing law he would suggest, Dr. Wiley said, that he had none to make and that he still believed it was a very good law, but if he had one good law clerk and one additional stenographer, or the law clerk was a solicitor under the Department of Justice assigned to duty in connection with the enforcement of the pure food law, he could administer the law infinitely better than it was being done and at one-hundredth of the expense. This suggestion was commented on by members of the committee, especially the Republicans, in a way to indicate that the committee will not fail to act in the direction suggested.

The witness also expressed his desire to put the ban on foods declared by the Bureau of Chemistry to be injurious to health until the referee board had pronounced them harmless. He said he had been defeated in this matter by his associates.

President Taft does not expect to settle the Wiley case before the adjournment of the present session of Congress. The closing days of the session have presented to him so many important matters that he has been unable to take up the case in detail. If adjournment comes within a few days the papers will be taken to Beverly. Mr. Taft intends to read all the testimony offered before the House committee and any other information bearing on the case. That there may be some criticism of officials of the department other than Dr. Wiley is the belief here to-day.

W. M. WOOD COMMENDS TAFT.

Head of American Woolen Company Thinks Schedule K Good.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—In commenting upon the veto of the Woolen bill by President Taft yesterday President William M. Wood of the American Woolen Company, said in a statement issued to-day:

Schedule K represents the outcome of deep study of many of the greatest statesmen of America and the practical manufacturers. Under it our wool and woolen industry has grown from relative insignificance to a position of immense strength. The progress of our industry was greater in the decade between 1900 and 1910 than it had ever been before.

The protectionists from the manufacturing States who have stood solidly for this schedule deserve the gratitude of our entire business community.

I believe that the rage against Schedule K will have very considerably subsided before Congress reassembles in December.

KILLED AS OTHERS QUARREL.

Bystander Hit When Youths Shoot at Each Other Unsteadily.

Two young Italians were having a little wine together last evening over a table in a sailors' lodging house at 38 President Street, Brooklyn. They were talking amiably enough until about half-past ten, when their talk turned upon a girl.

Then there were black looks and imprecations and soon the two had drawn revolvers and were firing unsteadily at each other. Neither was hurt, but one shot struck the proprietor, Eldrino Canessi, in the heart and killed him. At the sound of the shooting and the shouts, the police jumped in and carried off the two young fellows, charging them with homicide. They gave their names as Rosario Cattola of 144 Conover Street and Menozzi Starico of 19 President Street.

BRIDGEPORT WRECK BLAME.

Federal Official Puts It on Engineer and Exonerates Railroad.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad was absolved and Engineer Curtis blamed for the wreck of the Federal Express at Bridgeport, Conn., July 11, when fourteen persons were killed and more than forty injured, in a report to-day to the Inter-State Commerce Commission by H. W. Belnap, Chief Inspector of safety appliances of the commission, who made an exhaustive investigation of the wreck.

Engineer Curtis, who was killed in the wreck, had been an employe of the New Haven Road for fourteen years and was regarded as thoroughly competent. He was familiar with the rules, tracks, and signals at the place of the accident.

"The accident was caused," reports Inspector Belnap, "by the train crossing from Track No. 2 to Track No. 4 at a high rate of speed, estimated at between 55 and 60 miles an hour."

The rules of the New Haven Road require engineers to make that crossing at not to exceed fifteen miles an hour. The report indicates that Engineer Curtis, who had been ill, but apparently had recovered, might have been unconscious at the time, "but any attempted explanation would be a mere matter of conjecture."

The report recommended that automatic train-control apparatus be provided to insure the stopping of trains when signals or rules have not been obeyed; that switches should not be set to divert high-speed trains from one track to another at any crossover not safe for high speed, and that approach-locking should be provided to prevent switches from being changed from a through route to a diverging route after a train has received signals for the through route.

RATES ON OIL HIGH UP.

California Company Asks Reparation from the Southern Pacific.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Rates on crude oil alleged to be excessive by more than one thousand per cent. were exacted by the Southern Pacific Company, from the Associated Oil Company of Oil Centre, Cal., according to a complaint filed by the oil company to-day with the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The petitioner shipped crude oil from McKittrick and Olig, Cal., through Bakersfield, Cal., to Prescott and Seligman, Ariz. The rate charged from McKittrick to Bakersfield was $3.33 a ton; while the rate exacted from Olig to Bakersfield was $3.55 a ton. Just rates, it is averred, would have been 20½ cents a ton, and 30 cents a ton, respectively. The oil company asks for reparation in the sum of $13,468, asserting that the Southern Pacific admitted that the rates charged were exorbitant.

ZIONISTS SEE SECOND ADVENT

File Declaration That the Saviour Is Due on Earth in November, 1912.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—The second advent of Christ upon earth and the reuniting of the Lost Tribes of Israel will occur some time in November of 1912, according to a declaration filed in the office of the County Recorder yesterday. This remarkable document, which fixes the month of the second coming of the Saviour, was drawn up and filed by Harry L. Burnette and John Taylor, disciples of the late John Alexander Dowie, and asks that all the followers of Zion rally to the support of the "King" when he shall come.

"Before the year of 1912 shall close Jesus, the Christ, the Son of God, will come forth from the Eternal Throne once again to teach and preach the gospel of salvation and to heal the sick," reads the document.

"The Christ will be revealed in Zion City, built by God's Elijah as a preparation of the way unto all who await His coming."

According to Burnette, who is the author of the prophecy, the Christ will remain on earth 424 years. This time will be consumed in reuniting the tribes of Israel and in building cities throughout the earth after the model of Dowie's Zion City. The rebuilding of Jerusalem will be the last work of the Christ upon earth.

POISON 30 ARMY OFFICERS.

Arsenic Put in Their Food—Bombs Seized in Lisbon.

LISBON, Aug. 18.—Thirty army officers were poisoned at their mess dinner at Torres Novas last night, apparently from arsenic. Prompt use of stomach pumps saved the lives of all.

It is presumed that the poisoning was an act of revenge.

The police of Lisbon have seized several cases containing bombs of high power which were being transported in two carts. When the police questioned one of the drivers both drivers fled. The ownership of the explosives has not been established.

CHEER IN HOUSE OF LORDS.

Outbreak by Members of Lower House When Veto Bill Becomes Law.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Veto bill, limiting the powers of the Upper Chamber over legislation originating in the House of Commons, which resulted in one of the most serious legislative conflicts in the history of the country, became a law to-day, the King's assent thereto being given through a royal commission in the House of Lords.

When the royal assent was signified the members of the Lower House present broke out in loud cheering. A demonstration on their part had never before been heard in the Upper Chamber.

POPE IS CONVALESCENT.

His Holiness Spends Some Time at His Desk Over Urgent Matters.

ROME, Aug. 18.—There is no doubt that Pope Pius is now convalescent. His Holiness rose earlier than usual this morning and went to the chapel to hear mass, and remained there for some time praying.

In his apartment during the day he walked from one room to another with little difficulty, and spent some time at his desk attending to pressing affairs.

Killed by Electricity.

George Leidtke, 40 years old, of 226 River Street, Hoboken, a lineman employed by the Public Service Corporation, was killed by electricity late yesterday afternoon, when about 3,000 volts passed through his body. After the storm it was found that one of the arc lights at the entrance of Schuetzen Park at North Bergen, N. J., would not light. While Leidtke was standing at the bottom of the pole a large feed wire fell and coiled itself about him.

FOR US TO SAY

That we are organized, equipped and qualified to give the most economical results on a building operation is but to have the courage of our convictions.

And the best that can be said of those convictions is, that they are not ours alone, but are shared by the Owners for whom we have done work.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

Try One More Good Dinner

MAN-A-CEA WATER

is more than a pure drinking water.

Booklet mailed on request.
Phone Broad 3199. Main Depot 13 Stone St., N. Y.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

The Telephone—

Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?

New York Telephone Co.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Specials Until 1 P. M. Today

18.00, 20.00 and 22.50 Suits, **12.50**
(Some broken sizes)

22.50, 25.00 and 27.50 Suits, **15.00**

27.50, 30.00 and 32.50 Suits, **17.50**

1.15 for Summer Shirts, Values to 3.00 — 6 for **6.50**

95c for Summer Shirts, Values to 2.50 — 6 for **5.25**

85c for Summer Shirts, Values to 2.00 — 6 for **4.75**

FINAL CLEARANCE of ALL STRAW HATS

There are hats from America's foremost straw hat makers, including Blum & Koch and the Knox Mfg. Co.

2.50 and 3.00 values, **1.00** 4.00 values, **2.00**

3.00 and 3.50 values, **1.50** 5.00 values, **3.00**

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Four Modern, Luxuriously Equipped Trains to

St. Paul—Minneapolis and Duluth

The North Western Limited

Electric-lighted. Daily between Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis. Leaves Chicago 6.45 p. m.; arrives St. Paul 7.15 a. m., Minneapolis 7.35 a. m.

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth Express

Electric-lighted daily train between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. Leaves Chicago 10.10 p. m.; arrives St. Paul 10.00 a. m., Minneapolis 10.40 a. m.

Badger State Express

Daily to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Daylight ride through picturesque Wisconsin. Leaves Chicago 9.30 a. m.; arrives St. Paul 10.00 p. m., Minneapolis 10.35 p. m.

Duluth-Superior Limited

Electric-lighted. Daily Chicago to Superior and Duluth. Leaves Chicago 6.25 p. m.; arrives Superior 7.51 a. m., Duluth 8.25 a. m.

Similar excellent train service southbound.

All trains of the North Western Line now arrive at and depart from the new passenger terminal.

Tickets sold and baggage checked to 9,500 stations West and Northwest of Chicago, located on 62,000 miles of railroad—one-fourth of the railway mileage of the United States and one-eighth of the railway mileage of the world.

Ticket Offices

Chicago and North Western Railway

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

R. M. Johnson, General Agent, 461 Broadway, New York City.

24 HOURS

NEW YORK to ST. LOUIS

Overnight to Cincinnati

via the cool, comfortable "Water Level Route" and the luxuriously appointed

Southwestern Limited

Lv. New York	-	4.00 P. M.
Ar. Dayton	-	7.22 A. M.
Ar. Cincinnati	-	8.50 A. M.
Ar. Indianapolis		9.10 A. M.
Ar. St. Louis	-	3.00 P. M.

Railroad and Pullman tickets will be delivered upon request by Special Messenger without extra charge.

New York Phone, 6310 Madison
Brooklyn Phone, 167 Main

E. J. O'HAYER, General Eastern Pass. Agent
1216 Broadway, New York City

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

NEWS OF BOOKS

Contents of The New York Times Review of Books Published with To-morrow's Times.

"Mothering" the West
A woman's experiences in thirty years of pathfinding and pioneering when the region was in its infancy.

The Power of a Great Beauty
What a diarist of the regency has to say of many things.

New Light on Luther's Life
Recently discovered sources of information the basis of Dr. Preserved Smith's work.

The Latest of Philosophers
Three works which have given Bergson wide repute among the world's thinkers.

From German Authors' Pens
New "Confessions," novels and dramas, by the leading writers of the Fatherland.

Hardy Reading His Own Books
Preparing an American edition—Kipling's "jingo" poetry—English literary news.

How Did Kings Become Kings
Magic arts and their evolution as set forth in Dr. Frazer's "Golden Bough."

Intrigues of Saxony's Court
Princess Louisa's "Own Story" of the scandals which drove her from Dresden.

The Panic the Marquis Made
That is, when the snubbers discovered the old man to be a Marquis.

Mark Twain's First Humor
His introduction is "The Territorial Enterprise" of Virginia City, where his fame began.

Christ Driven Out of Paris
A Frenchman's sacrilegious story of the Redeemer's reception upon His return to earth.

Priceless Court Records Saved
They are in Boston, date from 1629, and had been used as bedding.

New York's Thousand New Books
Indications that at least that number of volumes will appear in the Autumn—A longer list than last year is promised.

BOOKS REVIEWED

Among the books which will be reviewed in to-morrow's NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS are the following:

TIME AND FREE WILL. By Henri Bergson. Translated by F. L. Pogson. The Macmillan Co.

MATTER AND MEMORY. By Henri Bergson. Translated by N. M. Paul and W. Scott Palmer. The Macmillan Co.

CREATIVE EVOLUTION. By Henri Bergson. Translated by A. Mitchell. H. Holt.

THE GOLDEN BOUGH. By J. G. Fraser. Part I. "The Magic Art and the Evolution of Kings." Two volumes. The Macmillan Co.

THE GOLDEN BOUGH. Part II. "Taboo and the Perils of the Soul." The Macmillan Co.

THE RE-APPEARING: By Charles Morice. Translated by John N. Raphael, with introduction by Coningsby Dawson. George H. Doran Company. $1.20.

THACKERAY. By Anthony Trollope. New York: The Macmillan Co. 75c.

TO LOVE AND TO CHERISH. By Eliza Calvery Hall. Illustrated. Little, Brown & Co., Boston. $1.

THE TENTS OF TROUBLE. By Damon Runyon. Desmond Fitzgerald, Inc. $1.

PERPETUA. By Dion Clayton Calthrop. John Lane. $1.30.

THE MAGIC OF THE SEA, or COMMODORE JOHN BARRY IN THE MAKING. By Capt. James Connolly. St. Louis: B. Herder. $1.50.

THE PRICE. By Gertie de S. Wentworth. Mitchell Kennerley. $1.35.

A TRAMP ACROSS THREE STATES. By William Moore. New York: The Mackey Press. 10 cents.

THE GROUND PLAN OF THE ENGLISH PARISH CHURCH. By A. Hamilton Thompson. Putnam's.

AMERICAN HISTORY BY AMERICAN POETS. Edited by Nellie Werner Wallington. Two volumes. Duffield & Co. $3.

THE WINNING OF BARBARA WORTH. By Harold Bell Wright. Chicago: The Book Supply Company. $1.30.

GOSPEL MONOGRAM. By Sir W. J. Herschel. E. S. Gorham. $2.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES FOR SCHOOLS. By Prof. Andrew C. McLaughlin and Prof. Claude Halstead Van Tyne. Appleton & Co.

THE REVOLT AT ROSKELLY'S. By William Caine. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.25.

OTHER LAWS. By John Parkinson. New York: John Lane Company. $1.25.

THE SONGS OF CY WARMAN. Rand-Avery Company. $1.

THE LIFE AND LETTERS OF MARTIN LUTHER. By Preserved Smith, Ph. D. With illustrations. Houghton Mifflin Company. $3.50.

AN IRISH BEAUTY OF THE REGENCY. Compiled from "Mes Souvenirs," the unpublished journals of the Hon. Mrs. Calvert, 1789-1822. By Mrs. Warrenne Blake. With frontispiece in photogravure and thirty-two other illustrations. New York: John Lane. $5.

CAPTAIN BLACK. By Max Pemberton. G. H. Doran Co. $1.20.

THE SECOND AMENDMENT. By Henry Clay Hansbrough. Hudson Publishing Co. $1.40.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND MILES BY STAGE. By Mrs. Carrie Adell Strahorn. Frontispiece and 350 illustrations from drawings by Charles M. Russell and others, and from photographs. G. P. Putnam's Sons. $4.

THE TRINITY. By the Rev. Francis J. Hall, D. D. Longmans, Green & Co. $1.50.

THE WEAVERS, A PLAY. By Gerhart Hauptmann. Translated into English by Mary Morison. New York: Huebsch. $1.

ABOUT AUTHORS

It seems that innumerable writers had completed lives of Tolstoy and were only waiting for the death of the eminent philosopher, evangelist, and novelist to put the finishing touches to their work. Besides Aylmer Maude's "Life of Tolstoy," we are to have shortly from the Cassels Paul Birknoff's "Life of Tolstoy," Romain Rolland's "Life," with the imprint of E. P. Dutton & Co., and "What Tolstoy Taught," by Bolton Hall, from B. W. Huebsch. Meanwhile word comes from Yasnaya Poliana that Countess Tolstoy has succeeded in securing her husband's papers from his sometime Secretary, who would have exploited them for the benefit of the "cause," to say nothing of his own ambition, and with the help of her eldest son will issue the authorized memoirs of Tolstoy in three or four volumes, the latter part of which will be autobiographical.

Among the Autumn announcements of the Cassels is a volume on Stevenson in a series known as "Little Books About Great Writers." The author is Mrs. Isobel Strong, Stevenson's stepdaughter. Necessarily, Mrs. Strong is very well qualified to write such a volume, and her work is sure to contain new light on R. L. S. Her plan is also attractive. It is to give the narrative as much as possible in Stevenson's own words. Apropos of Stevenson, Katharine D. Osbourne, wife of Stevenson's stepson, is putting the finishing touches to her description of Stevenson's sojourn in California, which A. C. McClurg & Co. will publish under the title "Robert Louis Stevenson in California." Mrs. Osbourne not only writes of R. L. S. himself, but also of his work, which she is well able to do as his editor.

For the lovers of William DeMorgan's romances, Henry Holt & Co. have prepared a leaflet of thirty-eight pages, which will be sent out on application. Mr. DeMorgan, under his well-known pseudonym of "Claudius Clear," has written for The British Weekly an article on Thackeray. In attempting to name Chas Thackeray was one of the greatest storytellers who ever lived Mr. [illegible] answers the question as to [illegible] a great novelist [illegible] "Pendennis" and "Esmond" [illegible] phrases as "to take a casual example," "the reader may suppose so and so, but the reader is mistaken"—phrases which would never embellish the work of a genuine novelist.

William Dean Howells is dividing his Summer between Kittery Point, Me., and Europe, expecting to reach Spain eventually, a country he has not visited for years. It is possible that a book on his travels will be the outcome of his journey.

Lord Halifax has a work on "Leo XIII. and the Anglican Orders" in the Longmans' Autumn list. This recalls to mind the fact that F. Marion Crawford's "Life," of the late Pontiff has not yet been published. Somewhere in the archives of The Macmillan Company the manuscript, comprising three volumes, is reposing. As Crawford worked on this "Life" he discovered little by little that in order to bring Leo XIII. and his wonderful administration into proper relief, he must practically give a history of the Papacy during the nineteenth century. As the book was about to be published, however, in 1908, there appeared Dr. Fredrik Nielson's "The History of the Papacy in the nineteenth century," which had been excellently translated into English by Dr. Arthur James Mason, and published by E. P. Dutton & Co., and so the Crawford manuscript was laid aside. The Halifax book will doubtless be entertaining, but not so entertaining as the book which is sometimes certain to be published on "Pius X. and the Anglican Church," for here we shall have the intrigues of Merry del Val, which for years have prevented England from having a Cardinal, laid bare, to say nothing of the combat waged between Archbishop Bourne, the present Archbishop of Westminster, and the Duke of Norfolk, the leader of the English Catholics.

Max Pemberton is said to have "a warm place in his heart" for his latest novel, "White Motley: A Love Story of an Airman in the Alps," which bears the imprint of the Sturgis & Walton Company. This is probably due to his love for sports. He tells how, having been entered at the Merchant Taylors' School in London by his parents with the idea of making a clergyman of him, he decided later on to become a writer. Although it was necessary that he should not neglect his studies, he took care that he got a sufficient amount of bodily exercise. And before he left the banks of the Cam he had become an expert oarsman, besides having acquired an enthusiasm for the other forms of outdoor sport. When he left Cambridge he immediately began to write. In 1891 his first novel appeared under the title, "The Diary of a Scoundrel," and was instantly successful. Mr. Pemberton was born in Edgbaston, now a district of Birmingham, forty-one years ago.

Florence L. Barclay, author of "The Rosary" and "The Mistress of Shenstone," is at work on the proofs of her new story, "The Following of the Star," which the Putnams will publish About Oct. 1. Mrs. Barclay is in her home in Hertford Heath, Herts, England.

George Gibbs, author of "The Bolted Door," &c., has sent the manuscript of his new novel, "The Forbidden Way," to his publishers, D. Appleton & Co. The artist-author is cruising along the Atlantic Coast, occasionally fishing. Concerning the latter, he has written to one of his friends: "My fishing is of the kind that some would despise—from the stern of a sloop, with a line and a cork bobbin, the line passing between my great and lesser toes while I lie at full length trying to forget things." Mr. Gibbs is not an advocate of the strenuous life, although he plays golf and tennis. On his return from the cruise he will probably go to his Pennsylvania home, where he will spend the end of Summer and the early Fall.

John Trotwood Moore, author of "Jack Ballington, Forester," is at present exploring the Tennessee mountains for local color for his forthcoming novel. "The Bishop of Milk-Sick Creek," which will probably bear the imprint of Doubleday, Page & Co.

H. G. Wells, the well-known English novelist, author of "Tono-Bungay," &c., is now in Pont de l'Arche, France. It is his custom to spend a large part of the Summer in the republic, where he seems to be very popular, for all his books have been translated into French.

Clayton Hamilton, the well-known dramatic critic and writer, author of "Materials and Methods of Fiction," is finding time between his lectures at Chautauqua on "The Novel and the Drama" to occasionally add some paragraphs or go over a chapter of his work on the biography of Stevenson, shortly to make its appearance through The Baker & Taylor Co. Mr. Hamilton recently visited the haunts of R. L. S. and the localities of his stories.

Miss Caroline Lockhart, author of "Me-Smith," while in Idaho recently, undertook to shoot the dangerous Salmon River Rapids. Accompanied by another woman, she raced down in a barge of a placer mining company. They were the first women to dare the feat, and Miss Lockhart, in speaking of it later, said, "and I reckon we'll be the last. It was fierce!" She is at work on a new novel.

Anthony Hope is back in England after a leisurely tour of the Continent. This month he goes to Overstrand, where he and his family will stay in their small house for the rest of the Summer.

Although Fannie Heaslip Lea is now Mrs. Hamilton Pope Agee, having been married after the publication of her novel "Quicksands," she says she will not give up writing. She has left her New Orleans home to go to Hawaii, where Mr. Agee is a Government official.

Colette Yver, whose novel, "Love versus Law," ("Les Dames du Palais,") has been translated for the Putnams by Mrs. Bradley Gilman, has written her publishers the following concerning herself: "I was born in 1874 of an old Breton family. I grew up in Rouen, where I lived until my marriage with M. Husard. Since then I have lived in Paris, or in the country near Paris, where I lead a very retired life. The call to literature came to me at an early age. At 17 I began to publish in the provinces little books for children."

Henry L. Stuart, author of "Fenella," is again in this country. He has been living in England for several years past. Mr. Stuart was at one time a reporter in New York and Denver, where he has many friends, as well as in Colorado Springs, Col. He expects to be in the United States for several months.

Harold MacGrath, whose latest novel, "The Carpet from Bagdad," is to be brought out at the end of the month by the Bobbs-Merrill Company, is an enthusiastic fisherman. He believes the best streams for bass are at Cape Vincent. A friend took him into Canada to convince him that there are other places in the world. They arrived at sunset, and the host called the novelist's attention to the wonderful scene. The following morning they went out for bass. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon they had caught one fish. The host again rhapsodized over the sunset. The second day they caught no bass. On their way home, the host was silent. As they came up the landing to the hotel, MacGrath touched him on the shoulder: "There's your darned sunset, Jim!" Mr. MacGrath's impression of a famous violinist was recently expressed thus: "Rum and bayrum." And he believes the greatest invention to be that of "any theatrical press agent's."

J. A. F. Orbaan, author of "Sistine Rome," though a Dutchman by birth, is an ardent student of Italian history, especially that of Rome, in which he first became interested while a newspaper correspondent there. He wrote his recent volume in order to interest the more thoughtful and studious travelers and tourists in Italy. He is at present in the United States for a brief stay.

The annual Dorcas Fair will be held, as usual, at Quillcote, the residence of Kate Douglas Wiggin at Hollis, Me., next Tuesday. There will be the usual dancing, refreshments, concerts, and fair in aid of the local church society.

Stewart Edward White has written from the heart of the jungles of Africa that he has bagged his eighth lion. "Only three lions have ever been killed bigger than this, and they beat him by only a few inches," he wrote. He expects to return the beginning of September.

Will Levington Comfort takes a fifteen-mile horseback ride from Detroit each morning before settling down to write in his bungalow, the only approach to which is an overgrown bridle path. Now that the automobile has become such an inspiration to the writing of present-day fiction it is interesting again to hear of a horse supplying the stimulus.

Irving Bacheller is occupying most of his Summer in the dramatization of his latest book, "Keeping Up with Lizzie." He is in his Adirondack camp, Robinwood. His recreations are riding and fishing.

Henry McHarg Davenport, whose "Likable Chap" is about to appear from the presses of the Sturgis & Walton Company, left at the end of June on an extended vacation of wanderings from Radford, Va., to MacMahon Island, Me. He hopes to acquire material for a sequel to his forthcoming story of boy life in an American boarding school.

PUBLISHED TO-DAY

THE NE'ER-DO-WELL By REX BEACH

Author of "The Silver Horde"

FOR rush of action, intensity of surprise and humor, Rex Beach has here outstripped himself. "The Ne'er-Do-Well" is a young American with a fight on his hands, and it isn't an easy fight to win. He goes to Panama. This new scene is even richer than Alaska. Here are various kinds of Americans—some with swarthy skins—and the Spanish girl, her father, his enemies—a motley crew.

THROUGH it all sweeps the joy, the zest, the enthusiasm of youth in action. The conquest of the Isthmus by the canal engineers forms a moving background. One young American from the reckless idler at the beginning—which gives the novel its title—becomes a man of the sort who does things. The love story is as vivid as the tropical sky which bends above the lovers.

PICTURES by CHRISTY

Post 8vo., Cloth, $1.25 net

Harper & Brothers

Ready Monday

Children of To-Morrow

By Clara E. Laughlin

A story of New York life to-day in the fullest sense. The young men and women characters are drawn together from various callings—law, journalism, politics, the stage—to become actors in an absorbing drama where love is the leading element. Probably never in fiction has the city of New York and its life been so vividly portrayed.

Illustrated in full color
$1.30 net; postpaid $1.40

Her Little Young Ladyship

By Myra Kelly

A novel very different in nature from her famous "Little Citizens" and "Little Aliens," but possessing the same qualities of humor and sympathy and understanding of character. It is the love story of a New England girl and a young English nobleman, and though often exciting and dramatic, Myra Kelly's famous fun and wit run through it.

$1.25 net; postpaid $1.35

The Kitten's Garden of Verses

Written and Illustrated by Oliver Herford

Parodies Stevenson's "Child's Garden of Verses" as cleverly and gracefully as he parodied "Omar Khayyam" in "The Rubaiyat of a Persian Kitten." His verses he supplements with a fascinating gallery of kittens—in mischief chiefly, but also in play, in meditation, and in trouble:—such a range of expression he gives as considerably to heighten the already considerable fame of the "Herford Kitten."

$1.00 net; postpaid $1.10

ANNOUNCEMENT!

F. Hopkinson Smith's New Novel

Kennedy Square

May be had next Saturday at any Bookstore or Stand in the Country

Charles Scribner's Sons — 153 Fifth Ave. New York

The HARVESTER

By Gene Stratton-Porter

Author of

"FRECKLES," "A GIRL OF THE LIMBERLOST," ETC.

"The Harvester" is a man of the woods and fields, who draws his living from the prodigal hand of Mother Nature herself—selling the medicinal roots and herbs and barks, the wild mushrooms and so on, which are his for the gathering. If the book had nothing in it but the splendid figure of this man, with his sure grip on life, his superb optimism, and his almost miraculous knowledge of nature secrets, it would be notable. But when the Girl comes to the "Medicine Woods," and the Harvester's whole sound, healthy, large outdoor being realizes that this is the highest point of life which has come to him—there begins a romance, troubled and interrupted, yet of the rarest idyllic quality.

Decorated Wrapper, Illustrations in Colors.
Beautiful Lining-pages. Fixed Price,
$1.35 (postage 15 cents)

OUT TO-DAY—AT ALL BOOK-SHOPS

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO., GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK

"The Ideal Book for Summer Reading"

THE CRUISE OF THE SNARK

By JACK LONDON

Fully illustrated. Cloth, $2.00 net; by mail $2.20.

To cast loose for the South Seas in a home-made 45-foot boat of eccentric rig, seems a deliciously mad thing to do.

As the Boston Herald says of Mr. London's new book: "Every one who loves adventure will turn to it as one of the best things that has been done of its kind since Stevenson's account of his famous voyages."

Published by The Macmillan Company, New York.

OVER ONE MILLION COPIES OF MR. WRIGHT'S BOOKS SOLD IN 2 YEARS

PUBLISHED TO-DAY—A PRESENT-DAY STORY

READ IT TO-NIGHT AND SLEEP TO-MORROW, OR READ IT TO-MORROW AND SLEEP TO-NIGHT

THE WINNING OF BARBARA WORTH

FIRST EDITION 175,000 COPIES

By HAROLD BELL WRIGHT, Author of THAT PRINTER OF UDELL'S, THE SHEPHERD OF THE HILLS, AND THE CALLING OF DAN MATTHEWS

¶ As clean a story as man ever wrote—a story with big incidents, strong people, high ideals and the Spirit of the West.

¶ A story of desert life and the national reclamation work with a sane, wholesome message as broad as humanity itself—The Ministry of Capital.

¶ The Illustrations secured at great cost, made by Mr. F. Graham Cootes on the scenes of the story, are six in number with the addition of full colored jacket.

512 Pages. 12 Mo. Cloth, $1.30 Net.

FOR SALE WHEREVER BOOKS ARE SOLD

Note: Ask your bookseller for a review of "The Winning of Barbara Worth," also biographical sketch, "Harold Bell Wright as I Know Him," by E. W. Reynolds.

THE BOOK SUPPLY COMPANY, PUBLISHERS, CHICAGO

LOCKE'S GREAT NOVEL

The Glory of Clementina

Illustrated. Cloth, $1.30 net.

"Mr. William J. Locke writes happy books, books which help to warm one's feet at the hearthstone of the world; and the public reads to be happy."

READ LOCKE AND BE HAPPY

"Clementina" immediately jumped into lead of the "best sellers," and is rapidly outdistancing all the most popular novels of the year. The printing presses can hardly turn out copies fast enough to supply the demand of the Big Public.

JOHN LANE CO. NEW YORK

ANY BOOK

For full information about *any* book write, telephone, or call at either of our Two Complete Bookstores.
2, 4, & 6 West 45th St. 27 & 29 West 23d St.

Putnams Retail Dept. of G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York & London.

IF YOU ARE A WRITER

we can aid you to find a market. MSS. SUCCESSFULLY PLACED. Criticised, Revised, Typed. Send for leaflet C. References: Edwin Markham and others. Established 1890.

UNITED LITERARY PRESS 132 5TH AV., NEW YORK

Westover of Wanalah

A story of Love and Life in Old Virginia By GEORGE CARY EGGLESTON. Illustrated. $1.50.

At all Booksellers. Send for free complete catalog.

Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Co., Boston.

ITALIAN BOOKS

of every description. Just published:

Ugo Ojetti, Ritratti d'Artisti Italiani. $1.3
C. Barbagallo, L'Opera Storica di Guglielmo Ferrero e i suoi critici. .9

ITALIAN BOOK CO., 520 Broadway, New York.

READ

The Husband's Story

By DAVID GRAHAM PHILLIPS

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

reaches 1,200,000 homes that believe in it and its advertisements.

BOOK CHAT

Send 1c. per word for sample copy of the most brilliant literary magazine in this country. Address BROADWAY PUBLISHING COMPANY, Dept. 16, 835 Broadway, New York.

THE CORSICAN

NAPOLEON'S DIARY

"One of the great diaries of literature." —New York Times.

4 IMPRESSIONS IN A MONTH.

THE THOMSON-PITT BOOK CO 947 5th Ave., New York.

BOOKS AND LIBRARIES BOUGHT

AUTHORS

MANUSCRIPTS WANTED FOR PUBLICATION

HELEN NORWOOD HALSEY

Author's Agent, Literary Worker, Manuscript Expert

Books, short stories and household manuscripts wanted for publication. Also juvenile scripts. I deal with the best publishers. Typewriting done under my supervision, by experts.

110 West 34th St., New York City

Send 2c. in stamps for Miss Halsey's "Writer's Aid Leaflet K."

GEORGE BARR McCUTCHEON'S LATEST STORY

WHAT'S-HIS-NAME

JUST RECEIVED

ENGLISH AND FRENCH ART BOOKS, PRINTS, &c.

Collection of Books, Lithographs, Etchings, mostly relating to recent illustrative art. Pennell's pen drawing, lithography, Chas. Keene, Phil May's books, &c.

La Correctionelle Litho. by Gavarni.

THE 23D ST. BOOK STORE. 141 E. 23d St. East of Lexington Ave.

The Best New Book on Canada.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA

By W. L. GRIFFITH

In the "All Red" British Empire Series. 8vo, 450 pages. Illustrations and Maps. $3.00 net.

LITTLE, BROWN & CO., Publishers, BOSTON

CASH FOR BOOKS

Executors, Administrators and others will find it to their advantage to communicate with us before disposing of large or small collections of books, autographs, prints or other literary property. Prompt removal. Cash down.

HENRY MALKAN,

New York's Largest Bookstore,

42 Broadway and 35 New Street, N. Y. Telephone Broad 2900-2901.

"MARY" and "CONRAD"

are two of the best new novels

MITCHELL KENNERLEY, Publisher, NEW YORK

BASSET: A Village Chronicle

By A. C. GALLENTINE

NOTICE TO AUTHORS HAVING BOOKS TO PRINT

Our Manufacturing Dept., just established, offers these extraordinary rates:—

Vol. 100 pages (500 copies) $165
Vol. 200 pages (500 copies) $250
Vol. 300 pages (500 copies) $330
1,000 copies, $50 more each case.
Illustrations inserted $3 each.

Address at once, stating number of words in your MS.

MANUFACTURING DEPT., BROADWAY PUBLISHING CO., 835 Broadway, N. Y.

BRENTANO'S PUBLISHERS BOOKSELLERS STATIONERS

Real Book Bargains of Publishers' Overstock at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

New Stock constantly added. Quantities limited. Books of interest to all Readers.

Catalogue sent free upon request.

Safe delivery guaranteed throughout the world.

5th Ave. & 27th St., New York

LITERARY TYPEWRITING—Special regard for punctuation, spelling; transcripts correct and complete—ready for editor. Phone 3800 Bryant. Messinger, 19-21 West 44th.

THE WORLD'S MOST COMPREHENSIVE COSMOPOLITAN BOOKSTORE; browse around. Brentano Books, Putnam, 161 5th Av.

TYPEWRITING FOR AUTHORS

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY. Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. E. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....243 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....345 Fulton Street
Long Island City.....37 Vernon Av.
Jersey City.....Journal Square
Hoboken.....94 Hudson St.
Newark.....794 Broad St.
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....123 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON.....17 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....80 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark, Elsewhere, Two Cents, Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month.....0.72
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year.....8.60
DAILY, per Week.....0.12
DAILY, per Month.....0.50
DAILY, per Year.....6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year.....2.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.60).....1.00
TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50).....1.00
To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $1.35 per month. Daily, $1.85 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 60c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUG. 19, 1911.

Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to them in any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

MR. TAFT'S VETO.

Was the President wise in vetoing the bill reducing the duties in the wool schedule with the intention and the hope of getting a better bill next session after the Tariff Commission has reported? With all respect for his motives and appreciation of the logical presentation he makes of his position, we do not think that he was wise. We are compelled to conclude that, whether we consider the probability of actual improvement in the tariff, the probable disturbance of business, or the political complications of the next year, the President has made a serious mistake.

What was the situation as to the probability of an actual improvement in the tariff? He had before him a bill that made substantial but not revolutionary reductions in the wool schedule, which he had pronounced indefensible, the rates of which, in fact, were abominable, and which had excited the deepest general resentment among the victims of extreme and unscrupulous protection. This bill had been passed by a combination of Democrats and insurgent Republicans. Of the good faith of the Democrats there is not the shadow of a doubt. They voted for the rates in the bill as the best that could be got in the direction of removing obvious and notorious extortion. As to the insurgent Republicans, their bad faith was as plain as the good faith of the Democrats. Their chief motive was the desire to embarrass the President, and, in their elegant phraseology, to "put him in a hole." What would have happened had the President evaded their treacherous attempt and accepted the bill sent to him? Clearly he would have secured practical reduction of particularly objectionable duties. If, when the Tariff Commission reported next session, it was found that these reductions were too small, or that they were not as well adjusted as they might be, amendment would have been possible and practicable. A principle would have been established, a real advance have been made, and further progress have been assured. Business disturbance would not have been serious, since the interests involved would have had before them the new schedule and would have adapted themselves to it.

What would have been the effect politically? Present complications would have been very greatly simplified. A long step would have been taken toward divorcing the tariff from politics. Tariff reduction of real value would have been brought about by the united action of the Democrats, the insurgent Republicans, and the President. The tariff would inevitably have become a secondary and subordinate partisan issue in the contest of next year, and further steps in its orderly reduction would have been possible without arousing the bitterness, wrath, and confusion that have always attended the attempts at such steps. So far as concerns the personal fortunes of the President—which he cannot ignore, though we are far from believing that he would make them a controlling consideration—his acceptance of this bill would greatly have strengthened him. It would, at one blow have disarmed both his Democratic and his Republican opponents. The former would have had to acknowledge his valuable aid in accomplishing their avowed ends, the latter would have been utterly helpless against him in the councils of their party.

What is the situation he has created? However sincere he may be, and we believe is, in his opinion that the Tariff Commission would produce a better bill than the one presented to him, he has little reason to hope that the Commission bill will be accepted. He has sacrificed a substantial reality to a most dubious future alternative. Worst of all, he has strengthened the public belief that the Commission is likely to be used by the Republican Party, not to reduce the tariff, but to prevent its reduction. That belief is a formidable obstacle to the success of the President's plan. The public mind is weary and disgusted with the "successive duration" of the notion that the reduction of the tariff must be "scientific," when everybody knows that the tariff has repeatedly been [illegible] that the Democratic Party has repeatedly been [illegible] that the Democratic Party has repeatedly been [illegible] that the Democratic Party

E. H. SOTHERN AND JULIA MARLOWE WED

Actor Reports His Marriage to Co-Star in London While on Vacation.

BOTH HAD BEEN DIVORCED

Miss Marlowe's First Husband Was Robert Taber, Actor, Now Dead—Sothern's ex-Wife, Virginia Harned.

News that E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe had married in London on Thursday was received yesterday morning by Lee Shubert, who had a cablegram from Mr. Sothern announcing the fact and giving no details. All that Mr. Shubert knew, outside of the cabled message, was that Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe had met in London on their vacations and that they were at the Hyde Park Hotel.

The marriage of the two stars, who have been associated in the theatre for so many years, is hardly a surprise to their friends. It has been expected for two seasons, ever since Mr. Sothern was divorced from his former wife, Virginia Harned, the actress. About once every two months the rumor that they were about to wed was started, and each time both took occasion to deny matrimonial intentions.

When their last season closed on account of the heat, early in July, the marriage rumor was started again. Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe sailed together on the Amerika on July 15, Miss Marlowe to go to Switzerland and then to Munich and Mr. Sothern to spend a part of his time in England. Just before their departure Miss Marlowe said that there was nothing in the report that they intended marrying.

Miss Marlowe, as well as Mr. Sothern, has been married before. Miss Marlowe's other husband was the actor, Robert Taber, whom she married in 1894, and who was her leading man for several seasons after she became a star and with whom she later starred. In 1900 she obtained a divorce from him, and he died in 1904 of pleurisy.

Mr. Sothern and Virginia Harned were married in Philadelphia on Dec. 3, 1896. They met as members of Daniel Frohman's old Lyceum Stock Company, and appeared together in many plays. Later they starred jointly in some productions and then appeared in different plays. On Oct. 15, 1910, Miss Harned received a decree of divorce from Mr. Sothern at Reno, Nev., on the grounds of desertion and non-support. They had not lived together for several years.

Mr. Sothern, the second son of E. A. Sothern, the famous comedian, began his stage career in 1879 at the Broadway Theatre, playing the cabman in "Sam," in his father's company. He next appeared at the Boston Museum in small parts, and later played low comedy roles in John McCullough's company. In 1881, after his father's death, he went to England and toured the provinces with his elder brother, Lytton Sothern. He returned to America in 1883 and appeared in a number of plays before he was engaged by Daniel Frohman for the Lyceum company.

His first appearance with this organization was in 1887, in the role of Jack Hammerton, in "The Highest Bidder." The next year he had the leading role in "Lord Chumley," written for him by Belasco and DeMille. During his stay with the Frohman Lyceum company he appeared in "Captain Letterblair," "The Master of Woodbarrow," "The Dancing Girl," "The Victoria Cross," "The Way to Win a Woman," "Sheridan, or The Maid of Bath," "The Prisoner of Zenda," "An Enemy to the King," "Change Alley," "The Lady of Lyons," "The Adventures of Lady Ursula," "A Colonial Girl," "The King's Musketeers," and "The Song of the Sword." In 1890 he produced Hauptmann's "The Sunken Bell" at the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston. On Sept. 17, 1900, he made his first appearance as Hamlet in New York. During the next two years he appeared as Francois Villon in "If I were King," and as Robert of Sicily in "The Proud Prince," with Cecelia Loftus as leading woman.

Miss Marlowe, whose name at home was Sarah Frances Frost, was born in Caldbeck, England, in 1865. While she was still a child she began her stage life by appearing as Josephine in a juvenile "Pinafore" company that toured the West and South. Her parents had removed to the United States in 1875. She played Suzanne in "The Chimes of Normandy," a page in "The Little Duke," and juvenile parts in "Rip Van Winkle." Then she called herself Fannie Brough.

Her first real dramatic appearance was in 1887, when she appeared as Parthenia in "Ingomar" at New London, Conn., under the management of Col. R. E. J. Miles. In October of that year she made her appearance in New York at the Bijou Theatre, again impersonating Parthenia. Next she was engaged to play Shakespearean roles at the old Star Theatre, and made her first appearance as Juliet there. After touring the country with Robert Taber, and following her separation from him, she appeared in such pieces as "Colinette," "Bonnie Prince Charlie," "When Knighthood Was in Flower," "Barbara Frietchie," and "The Cavalier."

Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe became associated as co-stars in 1904, after both had become popular throughout the country. Under the management of Charles Frohman they appeared in "Romeo and Juliet," and continued under that management for two seasons. Then they put themselves under the direction of the Shuberts, playing jointly for two seasons with a repertoire, including several Shakespearean plays, and "The Sunken Bell," "Jeanne d'Arc," and "John the Baptist." In April, 1907, they made their first joint appearance in London, playing for six weeks at the Waldorf Theatre there.

During the seasons of 1907-08 and 1908-09 Mr. Sothern starred singly in a series of productions, including "A Fool Hath Said," a revival of his father's old play, "Lord Dundreary," "Don Quixote," and "Richelieu." During these seasons Miss Marlowe appeared in "Gloria" and "The Goddess of Reason."

In the Autumn of 1909 Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe reunited their forces. They [illegible] the season of The New Theatre, appearing in "Antony and Cleopatra," and then went on tour in a repertoire of Shakespearean plays, to which they have [illegible] themselves exclusively since. Their last appearance in New York was early in July, at the Broadway Theatre, where they presented "Macbeth," and were obliged to close their season on account of the extreme heat. They are scheduled to begin their next tour at the Manhattan Opera House in a few weeks, with their repertoire of Shakespeare's plays.

It is not expected by their managers and friends that their marriage will affect their plans in the slightest. Their business partnership—for they have been equal partners in theatrical ventures during the last two seasons—is known to have been constantly pleasant and profitable, and neither seems inclined to retire from the stage at present, or for some time to come.

LEAVE LONDON ON MOTOR TRIP.

Sothern and Marlowe, Reported Married, Are Said to be in Devonshire.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 18—No details could be obtained to-night of the reported marriage of E. H. Sothern and Julia Marlowe. They have been staying for some weeks past at the Hyde Park Hotel and left yesterday morning on a motor trip.

At the hotel to-day the rumor was current that they had been married. They are now understood to be in Devonshire. Sam Sothern, brother of E. H. Sothern, left London, last night, [illegible] and where he would return.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Ewald Fleitmann and her family have left the Jersey coast for the White Mountains, and are at the Profile House.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Hadden, who are at Lenox this Summer, are now motoring in the Adirondack region.

Dr. W. E. Ewing, Mrs. Ewing, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Forbes McCreery are among those who are spending part of August at the Oriental Hotel, at Manhattan Beach.

Miss Cornelia V. P. Robb, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. Hampden Robb, will be married to Daniel E. Downs, Jr., on Sept. 20, at her city residence, 23 Park Avenue.

Miss Emily De Loosey Potter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Clarkson Potter, and Charles H. Jackson will be married on Sept. 21 at the country home of the bride's parents in Westchester, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Howland are leaving for Europe to-day on the Olympic.

F. Johnstone-Porter of London, who has been at the Ritz-Carlton for some time, has gone to the Adirondack League Club, Old Forge, N. Y.

The dates for the dances for the younger set for next season, including the Junior Cotillion and the Cinderella and Metropolitan dances, have been fixed; and they will be held, as usual, at Sherry's. The Junior Cotillion will be danced on Dec. 5, Jan. 2, and Feb. 6; the Cinderella on Dec. 7 and Feb. 23, and the Metropolitan on Dec. 29, Feb. 16, and April 13.

Miss Doris Cooper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Taber Cooper, of 557 West 124th Street, and Brian Hooker, author of the libretto of "Mona," Prof. Horatio Parker's opera prize winner, were married yesterday in Farmington, Conn. Mr. Hooker's parents are Mr. and Mrs. William A. Hooker.

HER WEDDING A SURPRISE.

Dorothy Cronkhite, Daughter of Col. Cronkhite, Marries E. G. Young.

Miss Dorothy Holford Cronkhite, only daughter of Col. Adelbert Cronkhite, U. S. Army, and Mrs. Cronkhite of Governors Island, surprised her parents and friends the other day when she announced that she had been married to Edward Gamble Young, of this city, last Monday. The marriage was performed at Oakland, Md., by the Rev. Dr. Blake, rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal church, that place. Col. Cronkhite, who has been the artillery officer of the Department of the East for several years past, had just been assigned to command Fort Totten, L. I. He was receiving the congratulations of his brother officers on his promotion when he received word that Miss Dorothy was no longer Miss Cronkhite, but Mrs. Young.

The couple's engagement was announced last April. "We did not say a word about being married to anybody but the preacher," said Mrs. Young yesterday, "and we kept it secret until it was all over. Now we are packing up for a little honeymoon in the Maine woods and that is the story in its entirety."

The Colonel and Mrs. Cronkhite, as soon as they were informed of what had happened in Maryland, sent their blessing to their daughter and son-in-law and they were asked to come straight to Governors Island, where they remained until yesterday.

Col. Cronkhite is one of the best known officers in the Coast Artillery Corps. He is a West Pointer and a soon of Lieut. Col. Henry M. Cronkhite, U. S. A., retired. With his promotion came the assignment to command Fort Totten. Fort Totten is to be the new headquarters of the Department of the East and Col. Cronkhite will go there to assume command of the post within the next few weeks.

Mr. Young is the son of George Hurlbut Young, of this city.

G. F. TOUCHARD TO MARRY.

Engaged to Miss Holmes, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jabish Holmes.

Mr. and Mrs. Jabish Holmes of this city announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emmeline W. Holmes, to Gustave F. Touchard, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave F. Touchard of New York, and one of the best known tennis players in this country.

Miss Holmes was a bridesmaid at the wedding last February of Miss Vivien Gould and Lord Decies. There were six bridesmaids, two of whom have married, and Miss Holmes is now the third of the sextette to become engaged. Miss Louise Cromwell of Washington, D. C., was married this Spring, and Miss Annie Douglass Graham, who took the place of Miss Beatrice Claflin, was married to Jay Gould in April. The other three bridesmaids are the Misses Hope Hamilton, Allison Pierce and Hannah Randolph, and the latter's engagement has already been rumored.

The date of Miss Holmes's wedding has not been set as yet. She has never been formally presented to society and was to have been a debutante of this coming season. She is now with the parents at their country place at Davenport Neck, New Rochelle. Their town house is at 116 East Fifty-eighth street. Mrs. Holmes was formerly Miss Marie Neff Humes.

Mr. Touchard has been to the front in the tennis championships for the last three years. The Touchard family came here from California. Mr. Touchard is a lawyer at 111 Broadway.

WED AND WIRED PARENTS.

Miss Helen E. Hills Married J. C. Mantell, Son of the Actor.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 18.—Announcement to-day of her marriage on Tuesday to J. C. Mantell, son of Robert Mantell, the actor, explained the refusal of Miss Helen Elizabeth Hills to become one of the maids of honor to Queen Titania of the Asbury Park carnival, which had been offered her a short time ago. Miss Hills said she did not want to accept the honor because Mr. Mantell objected.

Mr. Mantell married Miss Hills Tuesday at the parsonage of the First Methodist Episcopal Church here, the Rev. Dr. F. B. Stockdale, pastor of the church, performing the ceremony in the presence of the bride's brother and Mrs. John Enright of New York and Lakewood. The parents of the bride did not know of the marriage until informed by telegraph. Mrs. Mantell is 22 years old.

After the ceremony the couple left for New York City, where Mr. Mantell had prepared a home. Mrs. Mantell is the daughter of a New York paper manufacturer. The Mantells have a Summer home at Atlantic Highlands.

LIEUT. FRANK LAHM TO WED.

Army Aeronaut to Marry Miss Jenner —Romance of Tennis Courts.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, Aug. 18.—The engagement of Lieut. Frank P. Lahm of the Seventh United States Cavalry, widely known army aeronautic expert, and Miss Gertrude Jenner of this city, has just been announced. The wedding will be a military affair, at the Jenner home, Oct. 19.

The engagement is a romance of the tennis courts at the Westbrook Country Club, where during the last month the couple played daily, the Lieutenant being home on furlough. Miss Jenner is a graduate of Oberlin and Vassar Colleges.

MEESEBERG—EGELHOFER.

Miss Louise Egelhofer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Egelhofer of Brooklyn, was married yesterday to G. Montague Meeseberg, Jr., also of Brooklyn. The couple are now on their bridal trip, and plan to visit Niagara Falls and the Thousand Islands.

Miss Delmonico to Wed C. T. Neal.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Crist Delmonico of Morristown, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Julia Crist Delmonico, to Chester Trenholm Neal of New York. The engagement is of several months' standing, but has been known only to the immediate families. The marriage will take place this Fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus Sail To-day.

Among those who will depart for Europe to-day on the North German Lloyd liner George Washington are Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus. They [illegible] on the other side [illegible] England and [illegible] the Continent.

COL. ASTOR AGAIN SAILS WITH FIANCEE

Leaves on Noma with Miss Force and Her Father—Rumors of Marriage at Sea.

LIKELY OFF FOR NEWPORT

May Stop to Fish at Robbin's Island, Off Connecticut Shore—Wedding Plans Not Made, Says Host.

Col. John Jacob Astor, accompanied by his fiancee, Miss Madeleine T. Force, and her father, William H. Force, sailed on his yacht Noma yesterday afternoon. Their going was delayed by the storm, which broke just as the party was starting to board the launch at the New York Yacht Club pier, foot of Twenty-third Street. The yacht finally steamed away shortly after 4, its nose pointing toward Long Island Sound.

There were many rumors afloat regarding the destination of the yacht, one report being that the yacht would proceed to the high seas, where the marriage of the couple would take place. Another had it that the party would leave the yacht along the Connecticut shore, where they would be joined by other members of the family, and the marriage would take place in some small town in Connecticut.

Friends of Col. Astor declared, however, that the Noma was going to Newport, and that probably the party would stop off at a little island in the Sound within sight of the Connecticut shores for some fishing, where Mr. Force has been in the habit of going to a place called Robbin's Island for his week-end fishing excursions during the Summer.

Col. Astor just before he sailed is reported as saying that they were off on a little fishing trip, just to get away from everything, and more especially to benefit Miss Force by a change of scene and air, as the physicians say she needs a change. He also reiterated that no plans had been made as yet for the wedding ceremony, and that when this was settled due announcement would be made.

A small crowd of curious folk was gathered at the yacht club station, when Col. Astor and his fiancée arrived in his automobile. Miss Force was leading a terrier and as she passed along the board walk a mongrel ran along side of her. The vagabond dog looked as if it hadn't eaten for several days and when Miss Force saw it, she stooped and petted it, exclaiming as she did so: "Poor little doggie!"

The party waited in the club house for half an hour while the storm raged. When Col. Astor was asked here if he was to be married aboard the Noma, as has been rumored, he replied: "No, not just yet. Not for some time." He refused to say where they were going, but said he would return the early part of next week. Mr. Dobbin, his private secretary, also accompanied him on the trip.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—It was said here to-night that the destination of Col. John Jacob Astor's yacht Noma is Newport. Word was received at his Summer home to have an automobile meet Col. Astor and his guests at the New York Yacht Club landing here to-morrow morning.

IDA CONQUEST TO BE BRIDE.

Actress Will Marry Cavalier Ricardo Bertelli and Leave Stage.

Mr. and Mrs. John Conquest of Brookline, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ida Conquest, to Cavalier Ricardo Bertelli of Genoa, Italy. Miss Conquest, who is a prominent actress, will retire permanently from the stage when she marries in October, the date to be announced later.

Mr. Bertelli is the eldest son of the late Admiral Luigi Bertelli of Genoa, Italy. He is thirty-nine years old and comes of two of the oldest and most distinguished families in Italy. His mother's maiden name was Sanguineti. He was graduated from the University of Turin, with the degree of Chemical Engineer. He was also graduated from the Academy of Beaux Arts of Venice, receiving the honor of the silver medal as a landscape painter.

He came to this country ten years ago to establish the Roman Bronze Works of which he is the owner, and his work was recognized at the exhibition of Turin in Italy by the King, who conferred on Mr. Bertelli, the Order of the Crown of Italy.

Miss Conquest has appeared in many New York productions. She was born in New York in 1881, and first attracted attention as a player in 1902, when she appeared with John Drew playing Muriel Mannering in "The Second in Command," and Hyacinth Woodward in "The Tyranny of Tears." Previous to this she played ingenue roles in the Empire Stock at the Empire Theater.

The season of 1903 and 1904, she appeared with William Gillette in "Sherlock Holmes," and also toured throughout the West under the management of Charles Frohman as Jinnie in "The Girl with the Green Eyes." She also appeared as Helena in "A Midsummer Night's Dream" with Nat Goodwin at the Amsterdam Theatre, and at the same theatre in 1904 she appeared with Richard Mansfield, playing Katie in "Old Heidelberg," "Ivan the Terrible," "Beau Brummell," and "A Parisian Romance." In 1905 she starred in "The Moneymakers" at the Liberty Theatre and also appeared in the all-star cast of "London Assurance" as Grace Harkaway at the Knickerbocker Theatre. The same year she appeared on the London stage at the Comedy Theatre with William Collier as Agnes Holt in "On the Quiet," returning to New York to play the same part at the Criterion Theatre.

In 1906 at the Hudson Theatre she appeared as Ann Whitfield in "Man and Superman," with Robert Lorraine. In 1908 she appeared at the Bijou Theatre as Hilda in "The Wolf." In 1909 at Weilack's Theatre she played Sylvia in "A Little Brother of the Rich." Her last appearance in New York was as Asta in "Little Eyolf" at the Nazimova Theatre.

Miss Conquest has just returned from Cleveland, where she produced a new play called "The Talker." She is under contract to co-star with Tully Marshall in this play, but it was said last night that this contract would be canceled and that Miss Conquest would retire permanently from the stage.

After a short honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Bertelli will reside at Elmsford, Westchester County, where Mr. Bertelli has established his country residence and studio. Miss Conquest is in Brookline with her parents, where she will remain until after the wedding.

Dinner for Congressman Bartholdt.

The New York Daughters of the Revolution entertained Congressman Bartholdt at dinner yesterday afternoon aboard the George Washington, the North German Lloyd liner that is to carry him away to-day, and with him the statue of Von Steuben, which he has been commissioned by President Taft to present to the German Government. This is similar to the statue of Von Steuben which stands in Washington, the gift of Germany to the United States.

Mr. and Mrs. Max D. Brill Sail To-day.

Max D. Brill sails for Europe this morning on the Olympic, accompanied by Mrs. Brill. They plan a motoring trip through England, Germany, France, Switzerland, and Italy, and will probably not return until late this year. This is Mr. Brill's first vacation in several years.

Rose Stahl Back from Vacation.

Rose Stahl was a passenger on the Baltic yesterday, coming back from a vacation spent in Europe. Most of her time was devoted to Germany. She is to [illegible]

MRS. F. D. FRENCH ARRIVES.

Will Not Discuss Granddaughter's Marriage—Reconciliation Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French and Mrs. Samuel J. Wagstaff will return from Tuxedo Monday. From a friend of the family it was learned to-day that the reported reconciliation has no foundation, nor have there been any advances by Mrs. Geraghty, it was said.

It was also stated that the couple have not been forgiven by Mr. and Mrs. French.

Called from Europe by the father of Mrs. Jack Geraghty, who was Miss Julia Steele French, the grandmother of the young woman, Mrs. F. O. French arrived here yesterday aboard the steamship Baltic of the White Star Line. She was met at the pier by her son, who cautioned her not to talk about the case.

Mrs. French was taken from the ship in a wheel chair and sat in it during the inspection of her baggage by the customs men. She was extremely perturbed and talked in suppressed excitement with her son while she sat on the pier. Upon being asked if she had come home to effect a reconciliation between her granddaughter and the young woman's family, Mrs. French said: "I cannot say a word about this matter, not a word."

When Mr. French was questioned he said: "I have nothing to say, and no one else here has anything to say."

As soon as their baggage had been examined and passed they took an automobile and drove to the Grand Central station, where they took a train for Newport.

LOPOUKOWA SPRAINS ANKLE.

Prima Ballerina of Russian Dancers Out of "Cleopatra" Cast.

Lydia Lopoukowa, the little prima ballerina of the Russian dancers at the Winter Garden, will be out of the dances and the cast for a week or more, recovering from a sprained ankle. She did not appear last night, and her part was taken by Maria Baldina, another of the principals of the Russian company. Lopoukowa met with her accident early last week, when she was dancing the Bacchanale in "Cleopatra." She tried the dance without the shoes she usually wears, and turned her ankle. She continued through the performance that evening, and has appeared at every performance since, up to last night, but the solo part of the Bacchanale was eliminated. Yesterday morning her physician found that her foot was badly swollen, and he insisted that she take a complete rest.

This morning she will go to the country for ten days. During her absence her place in the ballets will be taken by Mlle. Baldina.

SIGNS YOUNG OPERA SINGER.

Dippel Engages Mrs. Saltzman-Stevens for Chicago Company.

Andreas Dippel, General Manager of the Chicago-Philadelphia Opera Company, made yesterday the most important announcement he has made so far for the coming season—the engagement of Mrs. Minnie Saltzman-Stevens. This young singer had the unusual experience of singing in several of the most important theatres of the world while her repertoire embraced only two roles. Recently she has added two more to her list.

Mrs. Saltzman-Stevens was born in Bloomington, Ill., and as a singer is a product of the teaching of Jean de Reszke, with whom she studied in Paris. Her repertoire includes Brunnhilde, Sieglinde, Isolde, and Kundry. She has sung at Covent Garden in London and at Bayreuth, where Mr. Dippel recently heard her. Her contract with him is for three years.

MRS. KOHL'S FIVE THEATRES.

Widow of Charles E. Kohl Buys Properties in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—By the purchase of five Chicago theatres yesterday Mrs. Caroline Kohl, widow of Charles E. Kohl, became the largest holder of theatrical property in Chicago. The theatres included in the transaction are the Majestic, the Olympic, the Chicago Opera House, the Academy of Music, and the Bijou.

The deal makes Mrs. Kohl the most important woman theatrical manager in the country and marks the passing of the firm of Kohl & Castle, which for many years controlled amusement places and theatres in Chicago.

Billie Burke Back from Europe.

Billie Burke, who is going to be a Frohman star again this season, arrived in New York yesterday on the Baltic of the White Star Line. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. William Burke. Owing to the dock strikes in Liverpool all their baggage came on the Mauretania of the Cunard Line, and had to be transferred to the White Star piers for Customs inspection. Miss Burke and her mother were at the Carlton Hotel, London, at the time of the fire last week, and escaped from their rooms with only the few things they could carry in their hands. Their heavier luggage was protected, however, and their loss was slight. Miss Burke will begin rehearsals of her new play, "The Runaway," next week.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Mary Miles Minter has been engaged to play the littlest rebel with Dustin and William Farnum in "The Littlest Rebel," under the management of A. H. Woods.

William A. Brady has engaged Katie Putnam for the title role in the Pacific Coast company of "Mother," while Lavinia Shannon will have the same part in Mr. Brady's other organization in the same play, that will open in Kansas City on Sept. 3.

Sylvia Norris, who played a small part in the recent revival of "A Country Girl," has been engaged by Charles Dickson for the ingenue role in "Golden Rule, Limited," Mr. Dickson's new comedy that will open in New London on Sept. 25.

Liebler & Co. have decided that they will begin their season at the Century Theatre, formerly The New Theatre, with a revival of Maeterlinck's "The Blue Bird," opening about Sept. 18. The original New Theatre production will be used, and several of the original members of the cast will appear. Tyler, however, will be played by a boy. Burford Hampden, and Helen Lackaye will appear as Light.

TO-DAY'S MUSIC IN THE PARKS.

THE MALL, CENTRAL PARK, AT 4 P. M.
Volpe Symphony Orchestra.

PART I.

"The Star-Spangled Banner."
March—"Orient at Occident" ..... Saint Saens
Scenes Pittoresques ..... Massenet
a. Marche. b. Air de Ballet. c. Angelus.
d. Fete Boheme.
Fantasie—"Aida" ..... Verdi
Salut d'Amour ..... Elgar
Spanish Rhapsody ..... Chabrier

PART II.

Overture—"Orpheus" ..... Offenbach
Selection—"Mlle. Modiste" ..... Herbert
"My Hero," from the Chocolate Soldier ..... Straus
Violin Solo Fantasie—"Faust" ..... Wieniawski
Maximilian Pilzer.
Polonaise in A major ..... Chopin
America.

MORNINGSIDE PARK AT 4 P. M.
Johnson's Band.

PART I.

"Star-Spangled Banner."
March—"Stars and Stripes Forever" ..... Sousa
Overture—"Morning, Noon and Night" ..... Suppe
Characteristic Waltz—"Over the Waves" ..... Fischer
Selection—"Lohengrin" ..... Wagner
Romance—"Hungarian" ..... Daddi

PART II.

Selection—"Babette" ..... Herbert
Characteristic—"Three and the Dance" ..... Lampe
Cornet Solo—"Bluebells of Scotland" ..... Lampe
Descriptive Picture on Popular Airs—"Art O'Neil's March" "Hands Across the Sea" ..... Sousa
America.

CURTIS ATHLETIC FIELD.
New Brighton, Richmond Borough, at 4 P. M.
P. Kalenborn's Orchestra.

PART I.

"Star-Spangled Banner."
March—"Gloria" ..... Kalenborn
Overture—"Triumphale" ..... Kalenborn
Selection—"La Gitana" ..... Jacobowski
Symphony No. 4, C minor, Op. 47 ..... Raff
Introduction, Allegro, Andante, Scherzo, Finale.
Violin solo—Nocturne in B flat ..... Chopin
Franz Kaltenborn.

PART II.

Overture—"The Merry Duchess" ..... Wenzel
Selection—"The Rose Maid" ..... Wenzel
Waltz—"Dreaming" ..... Wenzel
Selection—"Madame Sherry" ..... Hoschna
Finale—"Star-Spangled Banner."

FOUR MORE ARRESTS FOR BURNING NEGRO

Life Insurance Official, Driver, Mill Hand, and Balloonist Held as Witnesses of Lynching in Coatesville.

TO INVOKE HABEAS CORPUS

No Complaint Yet Made Against Any of the Police—Negro Attacks a Man on the Street.

Special to The New York Times.

COATESVILLE, Penn., Aug. 18.—At the instance of Assistant District Attorney H. L. Sprost four arrests were made to-night in connection with the recent lynching. The accused men were held as witnesses.

Richard S. Tucker, Assistant Superintendent of the Prudential Life Insurance Company and a prominent citizen of Coatesville, was the first arrested and was released under bail of $1,000. W. D. Hadley, who was driving an ice cream wagon; Chester Bostic, a mill hand of Marietta, Lancaster County, and A. Berry, a balloonist, who was brought here last Thursday to make an ascension at the Harvest Home demonstration, were also arrested and held in $1,000 bail each.

Stahl of Marietta, Schofield of Parkesburg, and Price of Thorndale will be arraigned on Aug. 26, and counsel for the accused will ask the court for a writ of habeas corpus.

"No complaint as yet has been made against any of the police," said Assistant District Attorney Sprost to-night, "and I don't know whether there will be or not."

It is believed that to-morrow will wind up the investigation of witnesses in Coatesville. Many were examined here to-day, and among them were a number of women.

"We're going to do our duty and bring the guilty to justice," declared Assistant District Attorney Sprost to-night.

The first disturbance since the burning of Zack Walker, occurred to-night, when Alexander Kubishen, who was walking on Main Street, ran into two negroes. One knocked Kubishen down without any apparent provocation. He fell against the curb and cut his head.

W. S. Stillwell of Troop C was on the alert and put the negro under arrest and turned him over to Thomas Nafe, a borough policeman. The negro will have a hearing to-morrow night before Burgess Jesse Shallcross.

EXTENDING BANK INQUIRY.

Cropsey Confers with Commissioner Dodge on the Union's Affairs.

Ex-Police Commissioner James C. Cropsey, who has been chosen as Chief Examiner in the Union Bank inquiry, was busy yesterday preparing for the hearing in Brooklyn on Monday. With him were Edward L. Dodge, before whom the investigation is being conducted, and Assemblyman Louis Goldstein.

The investigators apparently have not heard everything Kenneth A. Southworth, the indicted cashier of the old Mechanics and Traders' Bank, has to say about the financial affairs of that institution. While he has given considerable data, which is regarded as important to the investigators, they are going deep into the affairs of the old bank and its condition also under the reorganization as the Union Bank, and they are anxious to find out about some loans that have not been explained satisfactorily.

John C. Judge, counsel for David A. Sullivan, the indicted former President of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, said yesterday:

"The alleged crime charged against Sullivan is four years old. This confession of Southworth is shop-worn. He made it three and a half years ago, and it has been peddled by public gossip ever since. There is nothing to it. We are ready to meet this charge when called upon to do so, either early or late. In the meantime we will resort to no invectives or newspaper talk."

The Kings County Grand Jury was discharged yesterday. In addressing the jury Judge Dike said:

"You have disclosed and laid before the public this week what might be called a plague spot in the body financial. You have handled it the right way by indictments."

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Some of Those Sailing To-day on Four Steamships.

Transatlantic liners leaving to-day and some of their passengers are:

OLYMPIC (Southampton)—Mrs. Frank Allport, J. C. Black, Miss S. M. Borden, S. Bowles, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Breed, Mr. and Mrs. Max D. Brill, Mrs. Bruce-Brown, J. A. Burden, W. F. Burrows, Miss Beatrice Butler, Mrs. J. Cassatt, James C. Colgate, Capt. Wilfred Cotchett, United States Military Attache at Vienna; Robert B. Craig, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Dodge, Irving W. Drew, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Duval, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar C. C. Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. Snowden Fahnestock, C. B. Ford, E. J. Geer, Judge Newton W. Gilbert, Vice Governor of the Philippines; Dr. Otto Graff, Austrian Vice Consul; Lady Beresford, R. J. Hardenburgh, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Capt. C. E. Hutton, Miss Virginia S. Hoyt, Dr. and Mrs. W. Irwin, Miss Dorothy Newbold, Mr. and Mrs. William Barclay Parsons, Col. and Mrs. E. St. C. Pemberton, Rear Admiral L. L. Reamey, U. S. N.; Dr. Paul Ritter, Swiss Minister to the United States; George Taber, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Washington, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, William A. Woodhouse.

KROONLAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. L. A. Blyth, Capt. Preston Brown, U. S. A., and Mrs. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Clark, J. Francis Day, Miss Day, the Rev. A. T. Keator, Miss M. K. Moore, A. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Rose, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Walcott.

TRENT (Southampton, via West Indies)—Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Atwood, A. P. Bishop, S. S. Buxton, J. W. Eagan, C. C. Lewis, G. S. Lewis, H. S. Martin, Jonas A. Moore, Miss E. M. Seaton, George H. Slayin, Miss Isabel Gordon.

GEORGE WASHINGTON (Bremen)—Count J. H. von Bernstorff, German Ambassador to the United States; Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Bunsa, B. S. Calder, A. H. Carlisle, Miss Vera M. Carlisle, Edward B. Coyles, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Day, Jr., Senor D. L. Figueroa of Cuba, Capt. G. S. Goodale, U. S. N., Mrs. Goodale, Mrs. A. L. Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Pablo Mendoza, Capt. John McClintock, J. N. Parker, A. Stewart Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Stanfield, Andrew Stewart, Mrs. H. Stoll, and Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Todd.

Dies at the Age of 113.

MOUNTAIN VIEW, Mo., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Rachael Blount died at her home near here yesterday at the age of 113 years. She was the widow of William Blount, who for many years was a "pony express" rider and government messenger between Willow Springs and West Plains, Mo., before construction of a railroad between those places.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

KATHERINE HOFFMAN, 22nd April 15, 1911; left $250 personalty to be divided equally between Cornelia Building of Ada Clarson Avenue, Rockville, and Charles E. Phillips of 140 Central Park West.

JOHN H. GUNNER died Aug. 3, 1911, at [illegible]; left $5,000 personalty, $2,000 to his daughter, Alice Marie Gunner, and the residue to his wife, Elizabeth Gunner, both of 251 West Ninety-third Street.

EDWARD E. DE GROVE left his estate to his wife, Henrietta O. De Grove.

CATHERINE BROWN died July 13, 1911, at [illegible]; left $1,000 personalty to Mary Brown, [illegible] Brown, and the residue to Mary Brown, [illegible] Brown, Jr., and Mary Brown, [illegible] Brown.

FIRE PANIC ON COAST SHIP.

Men Fought Women for Life Preservers on Liner Massachusetts.

Panic followed the discovery of a fire on the Maine Steamship Company liner Massachusetts while on the voyage from Boston to this port, which ended yesterday morning. The ship was off Cape Cod at 7 o'clock Thursday evening when it was discovered that the boiler room was on fire. The call to fire quarters was immediately sounded and the wireless operator, acting under the direction of the Captain, sounded the call "S. C. S.," the international wireless signal of distress.

The call was caught by shore stations and vessels near. Two battleships were among the craft that responded to the call. They were speeding to the liner when a message was received saying that the fire was under control and there was no need for assistance.

The fire did not amount to much and the damage to the ship was not sufficient to cause her withdrawal from the service. It was the excitement among the passengers that gave the officers more concern than the fire. Many of the passengers were at the dining table when the signal was rung sending the crew to quarters. There was a rush to the deck in which men fought with women to gain the open and, according to some of the passengers more than one man grabbed a life preserver from a woman. One passenger said he saw an officer knock down one man for such an act and another told of having seen a steward felled by a blow for attempting to desert his station.

"I was on the top deck talking to the wireless operator," said Miss Martha Gunterberg of 2,325 Millard Ave., Chicago. I noticed a dense cloud of smoke arising and soon it was very thick. Then the fire alarm was sounded and those in the dining room and staterooms rushed to gain the deck. Men fought their way up the stairs regardless of the women and I saw some tear life preservers from the women."

Many of the passengers put on life belts, but they soon became sorry, as the fire and excitement was short lived. It was, however, long after the fire scare was over before the hysterical women and children stopped crying.

The fire was caused by ignition of packing in the engine room.

LINCOLN SMILED TOO SOON.

Cigar Manufacturer Thought He Had Beat the Customs—He Hadn't.

Eight pieces of baggage belonging to Edgar R. Lincoln and his wife of 207 West Seventy-ninth Street, who arrived from Europe on the Mauretania early yesterday morning, were seized by Gen. Henry, Surveyor of the Port, after an opportunity had been given to the travelers to explain why they had not properly declared their effects. Mr. Lincoln in his declaration put the value of their baggage at $275, but an examination by the Customs Inspectors showed they were worth more than $800. Mr. Lincoln is a cigar manufacturer of 12 Laight Street.

The baggage consisted of three trunks and five other packages, containing ladies' hats, children's dresses, house linen, an oil painting, and wearing apparel. Mr. Lincoln enumerated the articles in his trunks, but placed no value on them. An Inspector asked how much they were worth, and Mr. Lincoln replied $275, the Inspector says. That sum was accepted as his declaration.

The first Inspector passed the baggage without question. Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln appeared so much elated thereat that Acting Deputy Surveyor O'Connor and Inspector Brady thought it would be well to look into the baggage a little further. O'Connor requested Mr. Lincoln to produce his declaration, and also the bills of the articles contained in the baggage.

According to the officials, the bills showed that the articles were worth about $800 and that the small painting, which Mr. Lincoln had valued at $5, had been purchased for 200f., or $40. Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln were summoned yesterday to the office of Surveyor Henry to explain the matter. The explanation being unsatisfactory, Gen. Henry ordered the baggage to be seized, and to recover it they will have to pay about $1,200 in duties and penalties.

When asked why he had valued the painting at $5 the officials say that Mr. Lincoln remarked that "he wanted to see what the customs folks knew about art works."

Francis Collingwood.

Francis Collingwood, for many years an examiner for the Municipal Civil Service Association, died yesterday at Avon-by-the-Sea, his Summer home. He was 77 years old. Mr. Collingwood was considered one of the best civil engineers in the United States. He entered the Municipal Civil Service Association in 1885. He was associate engineer to the late W. A. Roebling during the construction of the Brooklyn Bridge, and received a gold medal from an English engineering society for his report on the Firth of Forth bridge in Scotland. Mr. Collingwood was born in Elmira in 1834, and was a graduate of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. His wife, Elizabeth W. Bonnett, died about a year ago. He lived in El

TURNER SAVES NAPS IN NINTH INNING

Cleveland Short Stop Smothers Knight's Liner and Spoils Yankees' Chance to Win.

THE SCORE.

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3—4

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Graney, lf	4	1	2	3	0	0
Ball, 3b	2	1	1	1	2	0
Jackson, rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Lajoie, 2b	4	0	1	3	2	0
Stovall, 1b	4	0	1	8	1	0
Birmingham, cf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Turner, ss	4	1	1	0	4	1
G. Fisher, c	4	0	1	5	2	0
Knapp, p	3	0	0	0	3	0
Total	33	5	10	27	14	1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, cf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Welter, rf	4	1	0	2	1	0
Chase, 1b	5	1	1	10	1	0
Cree, lf	5	1	2	1	0	0
Knight, ss	3	0	0	0	2	1
Hartzell, 3b	2	0	0	1	2	0
Gardner, 2b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Warhop, 2b	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sweeney, c	3	0	0	6	3	0
R. Fisher, p	3	0	0	1	4	0
Quinn, p	0	0	0	1	1	0
*Caldwell	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Hemphill	1	0	0	0	0	0
‡Johnson	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	8	24	15	2

*Batted for Gardner in eighth inning.
†Batted for Sweeney in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Quinn in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Chase, 2; Hartzell, Cree. Three-base hits—Jackson, Turner. Home run—Birmingham. Sacrifice hit—Ball. Stolen bases—Stovall, Daniels. Double plays—Sweeney and Hartzell; Wolter and Sweeney; Turner, Lajoie, Stovall, and Fisher. Pitching record—Thirteen hits off Fisher in seven, none out in eighth. No hits off Quinn in one inning. First base on balls—Off Krapp, 6; off Fisher, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Krapp 1, (Knight.) Struck out—By Krapp, 3; by Fisher, 2. Wild pitch—Fisher, 1. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2; New York, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; New York, 10. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Mullen and O'Loughlin.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 18.—The Naps got even with New York to-day for the beating of yesterday by winning the game 5 to 4. Pitcher Krapp weakened toward the close of the game, and only for a star stab of a hot liner by Turner in the last inning the score would have been tied. Roy Fisher, for the Yankees, was touched up for thirteen hits, but kept them well scattered until the sixth inning. Two errors helped the Naps collect runs.

Nothing exciting occurred for the New Yorks until the fourth inning, when, with two down, Krapp wabbled and hit Knight. The latter scooted to third, when Hartzell doubled to left and the Yankees had hopes of scoring, but Ball stopped their efforts by throwing out Gardner. The visitors did not have another look in until the eighth inning, when the Naps had a three-run lead. With one down, Cree singled to left, and then Krapp showed signs of distress. He walked Knight and Hartzell, filling the bases. Caldwell, batting for Gardner, shot a hot grounder to Turner, who tossed out Knight to Lajoie as Cree scored. Larry tried to nip Caldwell at first, but Stovall relayed the ball to Fisher in time to double Knight at the plate, ending the inning.

The Yankees donned their fighting togs and hammered away again in the ninth, after the Naps had added two more tallies to their tab. Hemphill, batting for Sweeney, lifted to Turner. Johnson, batting for Quinn, walked, but was forced by Daniels. Wolter was safe, and Daniels reached third when Turner heaved wild to Stovall. Chase rapped a beauty double to left, scoring both Daniels and Wolter. He himself scored on Cree's double to the right field fence. With a chance to tie the score and possibly win, Knight swung viciously at a fast one, and the ball set sail for deep short field. Turner ran almost with the crack of the bat and made a bare-handed stab, which ended the game.

The Naps got men on bases in the second and fourth innings, but fast fielding and steady pitching prevented scoring. In the sixth, however, Graney was safe on an infield grounder, was sacrificed to second by Ball, and scored on Jackson's triple to centre. Lajoie lifted a long fly to Wolter, whose wonderful throw nipped Jackson at the plate. With one down in the seventh, Birmingham rapped the ball along the third-base foul line, and it rolled under the grand stand fence in left field for a homer. Turner again aroused the enthusiasm of the crowd by driving a triple to centre. Fisher grounded out and Krapp was safe on Hartzell's low throw, Turner scoring. Graney's foul ended the trouble for the Yankees.

In the eighth, Ball walked, went to third on Jackson's single, and scored on Lajoie's single. Knight fumbled Stovall's grounder, filling the bases. Quinn displaced Fisher and Jackson scored on Birmingham's grounder. The Naps were checked, however, a grounder and a fly ending the inning.

White Sox Break Tie and Win.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—A triple, a double, and two singles by the locals broke a tie game, which Chicago won, 7 to 5, from Philadelphia to-day. Morgan's wildness, coupled with two hits and an error, gave the locals five runs in the opening inning. Timely hitting by the visitors in the second and fourth innings, coupled with bases on balls and two errors, enabled them to tie the score. Payne was hit in the mouth by a ball thrown to him by the "ball boy." He was removing his mask and did not see the ball. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
M'Intyre, rf	4	1	0	2	0	0
W. Lord, 3b	5	0	2	2	0	0
Dougherty, lf	5	1	2	2	3	0
Bodie, cf	5	2	2	2	0	0
M'Conn'll, 2b	4	1	1	2	4	0
Tu'hill, 1b	4	1	1	15	1	0
Corhan, ss	4	0	1	3	7	0
Payne, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	0	0	0	0	2	0
Block, s	5	0	1	1	0	0
Scott, p	1	1	0	0	0	0
Mogridge, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Walsh, p	1	0	0	0	1	0
*Lange	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total	36	7	12	27	19	0

PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
B. Lord, lf	5	0	2	3	0	0
Oldring, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Collins, 2b	5	0	2	3	3	0
Baker, 3b	5	0	1	1	2	0
Murphy, rf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Meinnes, 1b	5	1	0	8	0	0
Barry, ss	4	0	1	3	7	0
Thomas, c	0	0	0	1	0	0
Lapp, c	3	2	1	6	0	0
Morgan, p	0	1	0	0	0	0
Krause, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
D'nforth, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
†Coombs	1	0	1	0	0	0
Total	38	5	10	24	11	0

*Batted for Mogridge in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Krause in the eighth inning.
Errors—McConnell, 2; Corhan, McInnes.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—7
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—5

Two-base hits—Collins, Bodie. Three-base hit—Dougherty. Hits—Off Morgan, 3 in two-thirds of an inning; off Krause, 9 in six and one-third innings; off Danforth, 1 in one inning; off Scott, 4 in three and two-thirds innings; off Mogridge, 1 in two and one-third innings; off Walsh, 5 in three innings. Stolen base—Dougherty. Double play—H. Lord, McConnell, Sullivan, Corhan, and Tannehill. Left on bases—Chicago, 9; Philadelphia, 10. Bases on balls—Off Morgan, 1; off Krause, 2; off Scott, 4. Hit by pitcher—Bodie, by Morgan. Struck out—By Krause, 2; by Danforth, 2; by pitcher—Morgan, 2. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Parker and Sheridan.

Tigers Beaten by Red Sox, 9 to 3.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 18.—Willett and Works were both easy for Boston to-day and this, coupled with poor feeding, gave Donovan's men the second victory of the series, 9 to 3. Del Gainer made his first appearance on first base since May 20, when his right forearm was broken by a ball pitched by Coombs of Philadelphia. Score:

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Hooper, rf	4	0	1	4	0	0
Yerkes, 2b	4	1	1	2	3	0
Speaker, cf	4	2	2	3	0	0
Gainer, 1b	4	1	1	11	0	0
Stanage, c	4	0	1	5	1	0
Wagner, ss	4	0	1	1	4	0
Wood, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Willett, p	3	1	0	0	4	0
Works, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	7	28	12	0

DETROIT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Jones, lf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Bush, ss	4	0	0	2	3	1
Cobb, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Drake, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Delehanty, 2b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Gainer, 1b	4	0	1	8	1	0
B'man, 3b	4	0	0	0	2	0
Stanage, c	4	0	0	7	0	0
Willett, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Works, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	0	4	27	11	1

Two-base hits—Yerkes, Speaker. Three-base hit—Gainer. Sacrifice hits—Gainer (2), Wagner, Stanage, Bush. Stolen bases—Hooper, Yerkes, Speaker, Gainer (2), Wagner (2), Yerkes, Bush. (2.) Delehanty, Gainer.

Boston	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	4—9
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—3

Two-base hit—Yerkes. Three-base hits—Speaker, Gainer. Sacrifice hits—Hooper, Kelley, Willett. Stolen base—Kelley. First base on balls—Off Willett, 2; off Works, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Detroit, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Willett (Gardner.) Struck out—By Nagle, 3; by Willett, 2; by Works, 3. Wild pitch—Nagle. Time of game—Two hours and eleven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Hughes Outpitches Pelty.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—Tom Hughes had the better of Barney Pelty in a pitchers' battle and Washington won from St. Louis again to-day, 3 to 2. The score:

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	5	1	2	2	0
Schaefer, lb	3	1	1	12	1
C. Walk'r, lf	3	1	0	1	0
Gessler, rf	4	0	2	1	0
McBride, ss	4	0	1	4	3
Conroy, 3b	4	0	0	2	2
Cun'h'm, 2b	3	0	0	1	5
Street, c	4	0	1	4	2
Hughes, p	3	0	0	4	0
Total	33	3	7	27	17

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	5	0	1	0	1
Austin, 3b	4	1	1	1	1
Schw'zer, lf	1	1	0	2	0
Laporte, 2b	2	0	0	1	3
Meloan, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Stephens, c	4	0	0	5	0
Gust, 1b	4	0	0	14	1
Wallace, ss	3	0	2	1	2
Pelty, p	3	0	0	0	4
*Criss	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	5	27	12

*Batted for Pelty in the ninth inning.
Errors—Austin, Wallace, Milan, McBride.

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2

Two-base hits—Gessler, (2,) Austin, Meloan. Sacrifice hits—Schweitzer, C. Walker, Laporte, Schaefer. Double plays—Hughes, McBride, and Schaefer. Stolen bases—McBride, Milan. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 5; off Pelty, 3. Struck out—By Hughes, 3; by Pelty, 3. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Washington, 8. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cubs Lose Again to Boston.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—The wildness of Reulbach and Toney gave Boston 5 runs to-day, and the locals were ahead of the Cubs, 5 to 2, when the game was called after the sixth inning because of darkness and rain. Manager Chance and Pitcher Richie of the Cubs were put off the field, and Catcher Archer was ruled out of the game following arguments with Umpire Johnstone. A one-hand running catch by Donlin was a feature. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sw'ney, 2b	2	2	0	1	4
B'dwell, ss	1	1	1	1	1
Jackson, lf	2	0	0	0	0
Kaiser, lf	2	0	1	0	0
Donlin, cf	2	1	0	1	0
Miller, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Tu'ton, 1b	3	0	0	7	1
M'Don'd, 3b	1	1	0	1	1
Rariden, c	3	0	0	6	0
Tyler, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	21	5	2	18	8

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	0	1	0	1	0
Schulte, rf	3	0	0	0	0
Tinker, ss	3	0	0	0	0
Zim'm'n, 3b	3	0	2	1	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	1	1	0
Hofman, cf	1	1	0	5	0
Saier, 1b	3	0	1	4	0
Archer, c	1	0	0	5	0
Graham, c	1	0	0	3	0
Reulbach, p	0	0	0	0	1
Toney, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	20	2	3	18	3

Error—Doyle.

Boston	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—5
Chicago	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Hits—Off Reulbach, none in one-third inning; off Toney, 2 in five and two-thirds innings. Sacrifice hit—Jackson. Stolen bases—Hofman, Saier, Kaiser, Bridwell. Double play—Bridwell, Sweeney, Ingerton, and Rariden. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Chicago, 5. First base on balls—Off Reulbach, 3; off Toney, 6; off Tyler, 5. Hit by pitchers—Ingerton, by Reulbach; Kaiser, by Toney. Struck out—By Toney, 6; by Tyler, 4. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Newark Wins Last Game with Montreal—Second Game Off.

The Montreals made their farewell appearance of the season in Newark yesterday and dropped a game to the Indians by a score of 4 to 3. It was intended to play two games, but rain put an end to the second game in the first inning, neither side having scored. Joe McGinnity pitched the opening game, and with the exception of two innings, had the Royals at his mercy. In the second a force hit and Demmitt's triple gave them one run, and in the fifth a double by Nattress, Yeager's triple, and Miller's sacrifice fly gave them another. The Indians got their four runs in the second inning. Singles by Cady and McGinnity, a pass to Agler, and two more singles by Smith and Dalton, with a wild throw by Holly, accounting for the runs. The score:

NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Agler, lb	2	1	2	8	3
Smith, 2b	4	1	2	2	2
Dalton, rf	4	0	2	2	0
Kelly, lf	4	0	1	0	0
Louden, 3b	4	0	2	1	1
Collins, cf	4	0	1	1	0
Fisher, ss	4	0	0	0	5
Cady, c	4	1	1	7	1
McGin'ty, p	3	1	1	1	3
Total	34	4	12	27	15

MONTREAL.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Nattress, 2b	4	1	1	1	3
Yeager, 3b	4	1	2	2	1
Miller, cf	4	0	1	1	0
Gandil, 1b	2	0	0	13	1
Hart'd, rf	4	1	1	2	0
Dem'tt, lf	4	0	2	1	0
Holly, ss	4	0	1	1	5
Hardy, c	4	0	0	4	0
Parsons, p	3	0	0	0	1
*Roth	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	3	8	24	12

*Batted for Parsons in ninth inning.
Errors—Holly, Parsons.

Newark	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—4
Montreal	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—3

Sacrifice fly—Miller. Stolen bases—Smith, Agler. Two-base hits—Louden, Nattress, Demmitt. Three-base hits—Demmitt, Yeager. Bases on balls—Off McGinnity, 1; off Parsons, 3. Struck out—By McGinnity, 4; by Parsons, 3. Hit by pitched ball—By McGinnity (Gandil.) Left on bases—Newark, 7; Montreal, 6. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Halligan and Killen.

At Baltimore.

Rochester	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0—3
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—1

Batteries—Hughes and Mitchell; Adkins, Roth, and Egan. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Karins.

Boston Nationals Get "Cy" Young.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—"Cy" Young, the veteran pitcher, who was unconditionally released by the Cleveland American League Baseball management several days ago, will report to the Boston Club of the National League on Sunday. It is stated that he probably will pitch Monday's game against Cincinnati. Pitchers Tyler and Pfeffer have been released to New Orleans of the Southern League, under an option agreement to facilitate an early delivery of Pitcher Otto Hess, formerly of Cleveland, who has been purchased by Boston. William Purtell, the third baseman signed by the Boston Americans from Chicago last season, has been sold to the Toronto team of the Eastern League; Stan M. Myers, formerly of the Pacific Coast League, recently tried out by St. Louis and Boston Americans, goes to Jersey City of the Eastern League, and Outfielder Mike Mahoney will be sold to one of three Eastern League clubs. It was announced to-day.

FOOTBALL CODE WILL SHOW MINOR CHANGES

More Comprehensive Interpretation of Forward Pass Made by Special Committee.

The official football rules for 1911 were announced yesterday in The Annual Football Guide, edited by Walter Camp of Yale. The code is practically as it was last year, with a few minor changes, which simplify the interpretation of rules relating to the forward pass. When the Rules Committee met last Fall they decided to "stand pat" on the code, and appointed a sub-committee to make any changes which would simplify the code. Many complicated expressions and involved phrases have been simplified, especially in relation to the forward pass play. The committee who did the revising was made up of Walter Camp, Yale; E. K. Hall, Dartmouth, and Dr. Carl S. Williams of Pennsylvania. Percy Haughton of Harvard, who was on the codifying committee last year, has retired.

Of the three changes in the interpretation of the forward pass, the first relates to the penalty for an incompleted or an illegal forward pass. The incompleted pass is one which hits the ground before being touched by a player of either side and an illegal pass is one that is made from less than five yards behind the line of scrimmage or one which is first touched by a member of the attacking side.

Heretofore, penalties for violations of this kind have been made from the point where the pass was made. This confused the officials and diverted their attention often from the pass itself. The new interpretation provides that the penalties on the violations will be measured from the spot where the ball was put into play as marked by the linesman.

Another change relates to the protection of the player catching the forward pass. To insure safety on the play the new rules provided that the player catching the forward pass could not be tackled or interfered with until he had taken one step after making the catch. The past season the rules makers believe showed that there was no necessity for this rule, as the chances for injury had been greatly lessened. Officials found it extremely difficult to judge whether a player had taken a step or not, so under the revised rule a player catching the forward pass may be tackled just the same as a player catching a punt and taking a chance of running the ball back.

The other change in relation to the forward pass relates to the possession of a pass that has been fumbled, after which the ball strikes the ground. Last season the ball remained in play after a forward pass was fumbled, and went to the team that secured it. This tended to make a rough-and-tumble scramble for the ball, and the rules makers believe they have eliminated another dangerous feature in changing the rules so that the ball is declared "dead" when it strikes the ground. So, hereafter, in case of a muff or fumble, the ball shall be declared "dead" and the play shall be regarded as an incompleted forward pass, the attacking team retaining the ball, except when the fumble is made after a third down.

The other change has to do with the shortening of the intermission between the first and second and the second and third periods from three minutes to two minutes each. It is believed that this is sufficient time for the players to change positions on the field and is not long enough to handicap the players by allowing them to "cool off" or interrupt their pace after it has once been set. Hereafter, three men, instead of five, will be allowed to walk on the side lines during the game.

RAIN SPOILS BALL GAMES.

Giants and Reds and Superbas and Pirates Unable to Play.

The thunderstorm which broke boisterously at playing time at the Polo Grounds yesterday caused the postponement of the game between the Giants and the Cincinnati Reds. A double header will be played by the teams to-day, the first game beginning at 1:45 o'clock.

Although idle, the Giants moved up to within a game of the Cubs, who are showing the way in the league race. The rejuvenation of the Boston Rustlers comes just at the right time for the Giants and the downfall of the Chicago team again yesterday in Beantown brought McGraw's men up close to the front. The standing of the two teams follows:

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	64	39	.621
New York	64	41	.610

The storm also prevented the Pittsburgh-Brooklyn game at Washington Park, and a double header will be played across the bridge to-day, the first game beginning at 2 o'clock.

Next week promises to be the biggest week of the season for the Polo Ground men, for the real fight will come with the Cubs on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday and on the last three days of the week Pittsburg will be entertained.

Semi-Professional Baseball To-day.

There is much interest among the fans who follow the fortunes of the semi-professional baseball teams in the game at American League Park to-day between McMahon's Lincoln Giants and the Cuban Stars. The game is the first of a series of five to be played for the semi-professional championship. These two teams defeated nearly every team they have played this season. Mendes, who has won forty-one games and lost only one this season, will pitch for the Cuban Stars, and Gonsales will catch. The Lincoln Giants will have in the box Redding, the young pitcher from Florida, who has won seventeen straight games. The game promises to be a hard, closely fought struggle. Play will begin at 4 o'clock.

The New York Letter Carriers' baseball team will play the New York Firemen this afternoon at Bronx Oval, 163d Street and Southern Boulevard. The game will begin at 3:45 o'clock, and will be preceded with a concert by the Letter Carriers' Band. The firemen will have Spillane or Gill on the mound, and the letter carriers will put forth their best battery. There will be a preliminary game between the Bronx Stars and a strong amateur team.

Yankees Buy Two More Players.

The New York American League Club has further fortified itself with players for next season by the purchase of Second Baseman Simmons and Outfielder Osborne of the Rochester club.

Cubs Outbid for Pitcher Baskette.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Aug. 18.—Cleveland outbid the Chicago Nationals for the services of Pitcher James Baskette of the Toledo team and to-day the twirler was sold to Charles Somers. Baskette is leading the American Association pitchers. He will report at the close of the American Association season.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

Connecticut League.

At New Haven—New Haven, 0; Springfield, 0. (six innings; rain.)
At Hartford—Hartford, 8; Waterbury, 1.
Other games postponed—Rain.

New York State League.

At Utica—Albany, 10; Utica, 5.
Other games postponed—Rain.

Tri-State League.

All games postponed—Rain.

New England League.

At Worcester—Worcester, 8; Lawrence, 0.
At Lowell—Lowell, 10; New Bedford, 2.
Lowell, 9; New Bedford, 0.
Other games postponed—Rain.

American Association.

At Louisville—Toledo, 4; Louisville, 0.
At Milwaukee—Minneapolis, 6; Milwaukee, 3.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 8; Columbus, 0.
Columbus, 10; Indianapolis, 2.

Southern League.

At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 7; New Orleans, 0.
At Nashville—Nashville, 4; Montgomery, 2.
At Atlanta—Mobile, 9; Atlanta, 4.

South Atlantic League.

Savannah vs. Macon—Rain.
At Jacksonville—Jacksonville, 5; Charleston, 4.
At Columbia—Columbia, 3; Augusta, 2.
At Albany—Albany, 6; Jesup, 0.

RACE FOR WINDWARD.

New York Yacht Boats Beaten Boston Boats in Second Match of Intercity Series.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Aug. 18.—The weather qualities of the New York thirty-one-raters Windward and the able seamanship of her owners, Richard J. and J. F. Monks, to-day won the second of the Intercity races for this class of boats. As the Amorset and Timandra of the local Corinthian Yacht Club were second and third and the Joyant, the second New York boat, was disabled, the total of points for the two days' racing stands 11 to 7 in favor of Boston.

Five minutes after the yachts started over a triangular course to-day on what was expected to be a beat and two reaches a white squall swept over Massachusetts Bay from the northwest and nearly capsized several of the yachts. The Joyant carried away the jaws of her gaff, while Timandra and Amorset were forced to lower mainsails to the decks. The Windward let go her peak and, hoisting her topping lift, ran through the squall and gave the other boats a sound beating. The summary:

	H.M.S.
Windward, R. J. and J. F. Monks	1:25:30
Amorset, C. B. Wheelock	1:40:10
Timandra, J. B. Fallon	1:11:48
Joyant, W. H. Childs	Dis.

FASTEST MOTOR BOAT HERE.

Maple Leaf III. Arrives from England to Compete at Huntington.

The Maple Leaf III., J. Mackay Edgar's speedy motor boat, which will fly the flag of Great Britain in the International motor boat races at Huntington Bay, Sept. 4, 5, and 6, reached New York yesterday on the steamer Baltic. It was the inability to ship this and other challengers across the Atlantic earlier that caused the postponement of the races which were originally set for this month.

The Maple Leaf is said to be the speediest motor boat in the world, having attained a velocity of 40¾ knots, or 57 miles an hour, during the trial on the Solent last March. She was designed by Sir John Thornycroft to lift the British Cup from America, measures 40 feet over all, and is equipped with two twelve-cylinder motors developing 350 horse power each.

NEWPORT POLO FIELD SAVED.

T. Suffern Tailer Buys Land to be Used Again for Popular Sport.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—To-day the announcement was made by De Blois & Eldridge of the sale for Seth Low, former Mayor of New York; George Gordon King, and Mrs. Edith Edgar McCagg of the land bounded by Harrison, Atlantic and Commonwealth Avenues, containing about twenty-six acres and leased for a number of years by the Westchester Polo Club to T. Suffern Tailer of New York and Newport.

It was not long after the sale was made the news was generally known. Pleasure was expressed on every side for Mr. Tailer's action, showing a broad and public spirit, which means that Mr. Tailer, by his quick action, has saved polo for Newport. It was only a matter of time before this land would have been sold for building purposes like the lands surrounding it.

At the dinners this evening the purchase of the polo grounds by Mr. Tailer was generally discussed and many compliments were passed.

The efforts of August Belmont, Harry Payne Whitney, Eugene S. Reynal, William A. Hazard, William Goadby Loew, Raymond Belmont, Morgan Belmont, J. M. Waterbury, Jr., R. Livingston Beekman, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, and Rudolph E. Agassis to bring polo back here, to extend the grounds at Bateman's Point, and for other improvements which will soon be announced, and a conference of the polo players at Narragansett Pier to-day show that the initiative taken by Mr. Tailer is already bearing fruit.

DESTROYERS WIN AT POLO.

Sea Gulls Defeated in Match for Special Series at Point Judith.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 18.—The first of a series of polo matches for silver cups presented by Joseph B. Thomas, was played to-day on the grounds of the Point Judith Polo Club between the Sea Gulls and the Destroyers. The Destroyers won by the score of 6½ to 5.

J. C. Rathborne and C. P. Beadleston played aggressively for the Destroyers, and Major Hunt and C. C. Rumsey proved an effective foil on the Sea Gull team, the former scoring most of the goals. Aiken will play with the Destroyers in the second match for the Thomas Cups. The line-up:

SEA GULLS.	DESTROYERS.
1—C. D. V. Hunt.	1—P. Stephenson.
2—J. W. Converse.	2—Morgan Belmont.
3—H. D. Morgan, Jr.	3—J. C. Rathborne.
Back—C. C. Rumsey.	Back—C. P. Beadleston.

A New Auto on Broadway.

One of the most interesting events along automobile row recently was the arrival of the Stearns-Knight demonstrator. Since the announcement of the adoption of the Silent Knight engine by the Cleveland manufacturers there has been a great deal of curiosity as to the performance and appearance of the new model.

Despite the fact that the Knight engine is known most favorably for its extreme quietness, James G. Sterling says that the silence is really the least of the qualities of this motor.

"First of all I put power," said Sterling in a paper recently contributed to a well-known scientific publication, "for our tests have shown that this so-called thirty horse power engine easily gives fifty to sixty horse power without straining or faltering. In addition to that, the flexibility is really remarkable. Then, too, the Knight engine, when accelerated, sets in a totally different manner from a poppet valve engine. It is hard to describe the action, the 'feel' and 'touch' of the motor are much smoother."

The demonstrator now here is a big, roomy five-passenger car, with a wheel base of 121 inches, three-speed transmission, three-quarter elliptic rear springs, 36 by 4½ inch tires. It is a thoroughbred Stearns in every sense of the word, and in common with preceding Stearns models is built with a low centre of gravity.

F. J. Murphy for Wisconsin Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 18.—Frederick James Murphy has been offered by Wisconsin University the position of athletic coach. He was formerly a star Yale athlete, and he will probably give up a business career upon which he entered after his graduation from Yale two years ago, to take up coaching either at Wisconsin or elsewhere. He has won his "Y" in three branches of sport. He was centre fielder on the baseball nine, halfback on the football eleven, and guard on the basket ball team. He captained the Yale nine when in his senior year defeated Harvard and Princeton. He has been offered the position of baseball coach at Yale. He is a nephew of Mike Murphy, the Yale and Pennsylvania football trainer and track coach, and of Dr. William H. Murphy, the former Yale and New York National League baseball player.

Motor Cycle Tourists Reach Paris.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—William Streiff of San Francisco and Joseph Estes of Quincy, Ill., who left New York the beginning of August on an attempt to break all records in motor cycle traveling by going around the world in double quick time, reached Paris yesterday from London after an uneventful journey across Ireland, Scotland and England. After a few days' rest here, during which they will be entertained by H. Short and Charles Friedlander, they will start again for Belgium, Holland, Germany, Switzerland and Italy, after which they will proceed eastward to Asia. Barring accidents they are likely to upset their schedule and reach New York by the end of December.

Essex Golf Reaches Semi-Finals.

MANCHESTER, Mass., Aug. 18.—In spite of a windstorm and frequent showers, the golfers entered in the August tournament at the Essex County Club succeeded in completing the first and second rounds to-day. As the result of the day's play, T. M. Claflin, Wellesley, will play T. G. Stevenson, Myopia, and L. F. Stanley, Brookline Country Club will oppose A. S. Squire, Brae Burn, in the semi-finals to-morrow. D. D. Sutphin of Cincinnati was eliminated in the second round of play to-day.

Stamford Yacht Club Regatta.

The twenty-five annual regatta of the Stamford Yacht Club will take place this afternoon over the triangular course in Long Island Sound, starting in Stamford Harbor. Twelve entries in the one-design class have been received, including two new boats, which are expected to arrive from Bayonne, N. J., this morning. Several of the yachts entered in the cruising class will also participate.

SULLIVAN HEADS BOXING COMMISSION

Promin

BUNDY OR LONG FOR MEADOW CLUB TITLE

Californians Reach the Final Match in Southampton Tennis Singles.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., Aug. 18.—The two lawn tennis players from the Pacific Coast, Thomas C. Bundy and Melville H. Long, won their places in the final of the cup singles here to-day on the turf courts of the Meadow Club. Bundy was compelled to extend himself to his full limit through three fast sets against Karl H. Behr before he took the match 4-6, 6-0, 6-2. The semi-final in which Long defeated Theodore R. Pell, the National indoor champion, was a duel of slashing driving from back court. Once in the third set Pell led at 5-3 and 30—love, within two points of the victory. That was as near as he came to eliminating Long, as the latter opened a fusillade of shots that swept Pell before him through four games so that Long scored the match at 8-10, 6-3, 7-5.

Edward P. Larned and William A. Larned arrived in the final round of the doubles after a poor beginning which cost them a set and which for a time looked as if they were sure to lose. They finally straightened out their game and defeated William J. Clothier, who paired with George P. Gardner, Jr., the Harvard hurdler, by the score of 4-6, 6-2, 6-2. Clothier forced the play in the opening set and he picked the openings with certainty or slashed the ball straight at either of the Larneds with such pace that Edward P. Larned hit all of his returns into the net, while Billy experienced a session at driving out. At last Clothier was obliged to slacken his gait and the Larneds got together, winning the match despite the closeness of the point scores in the games. The scores:

Men's Singles.—Fifth Round—T. C. Bundy defeated Hugh Tallant, 6—3, 7—5. Semi-final Round—M. H. Long defeated T. R. Pell, 8—10, 6—3, 7—5; T. C. Bundy defeated K. H. Behr, 4—6, 6—0, 6—2.

Men's Doubles.—Fourth Round—T. R. Pell and L. E. Mahan defeated Roland Evans and Fisher Goodhue, 6—4, 6—3; E. P. Larned and W. A. Larned defeated A. S. Dabney and N. W. Niles, 6—4, 12—10; Clothier and G. P. Gardner, Jr., defeated Colket Caner and Shaw McKean, 6—1, 4—6, 6—0. Semi-final Round—E. P. Larned and W. A. Larned defeated W. J. Clothier and G. P. Gardner, Jr., 4—0, 6—2, 6—2.

Mixed Doubles.—First Round—Miss Cook and R. Livingston defeated Miss Elisabeth C. Bunce and partner by default; Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Niles defeated Mrs. A. C. Winthrop and R. Babcock by default; Miss Hyde and Fisher Goodhue defeated Miss Livingston and partner by default; Miss Marion Fenno and Reginald Fincke defeated Miss Prehn and R. C. Bagge, 6—0, 6—3; Mrs. Ambrose Monell and Clarence Fisher defeated Mrs. Delancy Nichols and partner by default; Miss Marie Stillman and G. A. Lyon, Jr., defeated Mrs. H. Reginald Bishop and partner by default; Miss Mary Livingston and B. F. Schwengers defeated Miss Edith Rogers and Stanley Cutting, 7—5, 6—3; Miss Breese and A. S. Dabney defeated Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Pell by default; Mrs. Harry Nichols and G. P. Snow defeated Miss Eugenia Philbin and Roland Evans, 7—5, 6—4; Miss Louise Trevor and W. F. Johnson defeated Mr. and Mrs. George Hollister by default; Miss Whitney and J. T. Hammond defeated Miss Landon and H. Landon, Jr., 6—4, 6—4; Miss Margaret Trevor and L. E. Mahan defeated [illegible] Shaw and partner by default.

Second Round—Mrs. L. E. Griswold and C. C. Pell defeated Miss Elsie [illegible] P. Humphreys, 6—2, 6—1; Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Niles defeated Miss Cook and R. Livingston by default; Miss Marion Fenno and Reginald Fincke defeated Miss Hyde and Fisher Goodhue, 6—3, 6—1; Miss Marie Stillman and G. A. Lyon, Jr., defeated Mrs. Ambrose Monell and Clarence Fisher, 6—3, 7—5; Miss Henderson and C. F. Watson defeated Miss Delafield and Alfred Schermerhorn, 6—1 6—0.

Third Round—Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Niles defeated Mrs. L. E. Griswold and C. C. Pell, 6—4, 6—3; Miss Marion Fenno and Reginald Fincke defeated Miss Marie Stillman and G. A. Lyon, Jr., 6—2, 7—5; Miss Louise Trevor and W. F. Johnson defeated Miss Breese and Arthur Dabney, 7—5, 6—1.

Consolation Singles.—Third Round—Henry N. Tifft, Jr., defeated Shaw McKean, 4—6, 6—2, 7—5.

Semi-final Round—Clarence Fisher defeated C. C. Pell, 5—7, 6—2, 9—7; H. N. Tift, Jr., defeated R. C. Bagge, 8—6, 8—6.

Jackson Tournament Near End.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, N. H., Aug. 18.—A great deal of good tennis characterized the next to the last day of the Jackson tournament for the championship of the east side of the White Mountains to-day. To-day's play went to the finals in the singles and in the mixed doubles, and besides the finals to-morrow there will be an exhibition match of men's doubles between the players who were in the semi-finals to-day. The scores:

Preliminary Round.—Miss C. Small and R. Barker, Pitman Hall, defeated Miss J. Gray and W. B. Shark, Gray's Inn, 6—2, 7—5; Miss Ficks and R. L. Ficks, Gray's Inn, defeated Miss E. Bingham and R. E. Platt, Fairview, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4; Miss M. Norcross and R. Wood, Wilson Cottage, defeated Miss J. Ficks and G. H. Cosgrain, Jackson, 7—5, 7—5.

First Round.—Miss Firbough, Moatsview, and R. Tunnis defeated Miss A. Lane and C. G. Sherman, Iron Mountain, 6—1, 6—0; Miss Small and Barker defeated Miss Ficks and Ficks, 6—1, 2—6, 7—5; Miss I. Lackner and E. F. Andrews, Iron Mountain, defeated Miss Norcross and Wood, 6—7, 6—3, 6—4; Miss A. Gott and A. Wise, Gray's Inn, defeated Miss E. Wilson and H. F. Clark, Eastman House, 6—2, 6—0.

Semi-Finals.—Miss Firbough and Tunnis defeated Small and Barker, 7—5, 6—3; Miss Gott and Wise defeated Miss Lackner and Andrews, 6—4, 6—3, 6—4.

Singles, Semi-Finals.—Tunnis defeated Locke, 6—3, 6—3; Moore defeated Platt by default.

Big Entry for National Lawn Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 18.—This afternoon 180 entries were received for the National lawn tennis tournament. The drawings will be made to-morrow by Dr. James Dwight, President of the National Lawn Tennis Association, who has additional entries. Players arrived in large numbers to-day, and immediately started practice.

Old Trotter Orator Dies Suddenly.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLVALE, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The trotting stallion Orator, 2:22, at Victor Farm stud, the last surviving son of Dictator, sire of the former world's champion Jay-Eye-See, 2:06¾, died here yesterday suddenly from colic. He was 25 years old. Orator took a race record of 2:22 to high wheel sulky many years ago and was the sire of some fast performers, including Contractor, 2:10¼; Major Chew, 2:18¼. He was bred by the late Major McDowell, Lexington, Ky., and his dam was the famous breed mare Ethelwyn, dam of Estatic, 2:01¾; Ethel's Pride, 2:06¾, by Harold, sire of Maud S., 2:08¾.

NOTES FOR THE GOLFERS.

It looks now as if the coming Fall golf season will be the liveliest hereabouts in many years. What is more to the point, it will offer an international flavor that must claim the attention of golfers generally. Not long since news was received to the effect that George Duncan, one of Great Britain's foremost professionals, would shortly sail for these shores; a little later comes the announcement of Ouimet's visit on the part of H. H. Hilton, the last named won the amateur title of Great Britain a few months ago. Rumor has it that he will reach here in a few days, intent upon taking part in the amateur championship tournament of the United States Golf Association, to be held Sept. 11 to 16 over the links of the Ardsley Club. Unless Hilton makes a formal entry through the Secretary of his home club, it is possible that he may be turned down by the officials. According to the conditions governing this affair, it is open to "all golfers belonging to clubs which are members of the United States Golf Association and to those foreigners visiting this country who may be invited by the Executive Committee of the association." So far as is known, no official word of his coming has as yet been received at association headquarters, which seems rather strange in that Hilton is supposed to be coming for the sole purpose of competing in the championship. Hilton is 42 years old, and has held both the amateur and open titles.

The annual invitation tournament of the Brooklyn Forest Park Golf Club, Aug. 24 and 25, will begin with an eighteen-hole qualifying round. Conditions stipulate that the top thirty-two players will qualify for match rounds, which will consist of eighteen holes. There will also be a medal play handicap on the last day. The winner of the tournament will receive a gold medal and the runner-up a silver cup. Prizes have also been offered for the winner and runner-up of the beaten sixteen, likewise three net prizes in the handicap. Since a year ago the course has been improved and lengthened.

The annual tournament to be held under the auspices of the New York Golf Club at Van Cortlandt Park, Aug. 31, Sept. 1 and 2, will begin with an eighteen-hole testing round, thirty-two to qualify. The first match round will be run off on the afternoon of the first day, second and semi-final rounds on Friday, the decisive round at thirty-six holes on Saturday. J. P. O'Connell has presented a cup for the fourteen sixteen. Entries will close on the 29th with P. J. Kelly at 44 West Street.

MURPHY WINS THREE RACES.

Eastern Trainer and Driver Sweeps Card at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 18.—Four races were on the card for the third day of the International Breeders' race meeting here to-day, but one of them, the Kentucky Stock Farm Futurity, for three-year-old trotters, failed to materialise.

About twenty-eight horses had entered for the event, and five of them, including the record-breaking Miss Stokes, were on the track ready to start, when it was announced that no representative of the Kentucky Stock Farm having appeared with the money, $4,500, the race had been indefinitely postponed, as the owners refused to start their horses.

Secretary Shepherd said he had heard nothing from A. G. Leonard of the stock farm, and had also declared off the pacing futurity set for to-morrow.

The failure of the Futurity left three races on the card, and these turned out to be good ones. It was a great day for Tommy Murphy, the Eastern trainer, who was up behind the winner in nine of the ten heats raced, and placed three more $1,200 races to his credit, in addition to the 2:05 trot and the $5,000 Hotel Hartman Stake on Wednesday and the $10,000 Hoster-Columbus Stake on Thursday. The summaries:

2:06 pace; best three in five; purse, $1,000.
Twinkling Dan, b. h., by Dan Patch (Murphy) 1 1 1
Princess Hal, b. m. (Hedrick) 4 2 2
Shaughran, b. s. (Sanders) 2 4 5
Zuiu Hal, b. m. O'Brien) ..... 3 3 Ds
Time—2:00¼; 2:05¼; 2:07¼.

2:09 trot; best three in five; purse, $1,200.
Charlie Mitchell, ch. g., by Marvelous (Murphy) 2 1 1 1
Binvelo, b. s., by Bingara (Snedeker) 1 2 2 2
The Stroller, ch. h. (McDevitt) 3 4 3 3
Annette R., blk. m. (McCarty) ..... 4 3 4 Ds
Maud Caesar, b. m. (Andrews) ..... 5 Ds
Time—2:11¼; 2:07¾; 2:11¼; 2:07¾.

2:16 pace; best three in five; purse, $1,200.
Longworth, b. s., by Ontime (Murphy) 1 1 1
Willy Penny, b. h. (McLaughlin) 6 6 2 2
Faith McKinney, b. m. (Taylor) 3 3 4 3
Maple King, b. h. (Clayton) 4 4 3 4
Miss Dora Patchen, b. m. (Patterson) 5 5 5 5
Maxine Audubon, s. m. (Grady-Balentine) ..... 2 2 Dr
Time—2:10¾; 2:10¾; 2:10¾.

Driver Dean Hurt in Peoria Race.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 18.—Keen finishes marked the Great Western Circuit races here to-day, as well as numerous accidents. Favorites were upset in each event. As Driver Charlie Dean, behind Peter Clay, scored past the judges in the opening heat of the 2:14 trot the horse stepped upon his quarter boot, turning a somersault and alighting upon his back. Driver Dean was thrown twenty feet against the fence, sustaining an injury which will prevent him from driving for many weeks. The summaries:

Juvenile Stakes; three-year-olds and under; race; two in three; $500.
Tally B., b. g., by Colonel Gentry, (Thomas) 1 1
Fred Swift, blk. c., by Swift Bell, (Caine) 2 2
Lillian Green, b. m., by Colonel Green, (Parker) 3 3
Time—2:17¼; 2:18.

Hotel Stakes; three-year-olds and under; trot; two in three; $500.
Jack Swift, br. c., by Swift Bell, (Caine) 1 1
Ed Symboleer, br. c., by Symboleer, (Taylor) 2 2
Special Parole, br. c., by Parole, (Huff) 3 3
Storm Cliff Junior, b. c., by Storm Cliff, (Dunham) 4 4
Time—2:16¼; 2:16¼.

Distillers' Stakes; 2:14 trotters; $1,500.
Sheeney, b. m., by Medium Mine, (Fleming) 1 2 1 1
Belle Tolus, b. m., by Factolus, (Harrison) 4 1 2 4
Abbie Frost, ch. h., by The Puritan, (Caine) 2 4 7 2
Starlight, br. h., by Spokane, (Cox) 3 3 4 3
Time—2:11¾; 2:11¼; 2:10¾; 2:11¾.

2:09 pace; $800.
Birdie Gray, b. m., by Highwood, (Taylor) 10 1 1 1
Buck Muscovite, b. g., by George Muscovite, (Kenyon) 1 2 9 5
Ivan C., b. g., by Argot Wilkes, (Rash) 5 4 2 2
Electro Hall, br. h., by Roy Hal, (Osborne) 2 5 5 3
Time—2:07¼; 2:06¾; 2:09; 2:10¼.

Fort Erie Racing Postponed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The Grand Circuit races scheduled for to-day at Fort Erie were postponed on account of rain. To-day's card will be raced to-morrow.

50 PERSONS HURT IN BIG FOUR WRECK

Five Cars Ditched When New England Special Strikes Switch Near Columbus, Ohio.

RUNNING 40 MILES AN HOUR

Physician on Train Uses Dining Car Table Linen for Bandages—Columbus Sends Aid.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 18.—Fifty persons were injured, some of them seriously, to-day when Big Four Train 46, one of the fastest trains in the service, was ditched near the Ohio State Hospital for the Insane, just west of Columbus.

The more seriously injured are:

BRODALL, ALBERT, Cincinnati, chef on dining car; back injured.
DICKERSON, Stanley, Columbus, fireman.
HEMINGER, MABEL, 7 years old, Mount Carmel, Ill.; left arm torn off.
NOE, J. S., Columbus, Ohio, engineer.
ROUGH, MRS. C. E., Dayton, Ohio; back hurt.
SHARP, MISS MINNIE, Dayton, Ohio; head cut.
WUEST, MRS. CALLIE, Dayton, Ohio; jaw broken.

The most seriously injured is Mabel Heminger, 7 years old, of Mount Carmel, Ill., whose left arm was torn off and head severely bruised. Her mother, sister, and two brothers also were cut and bruised.

The wrecked train is known as the New York & New England special, and left Cincinnati at 8:30 for New York, being due in Columbus at 11:40 A. M.

It was made up of mail car, baggage car, three day coaches, a diner, and two Pullmans. As the train rounded a curve at the Grand View Avenue crossing of the Toledo & Ohio Central tracks the front trucks of the second day coach climbed a switch point and the car was derailed.

Bumping over the ties at the rate of forty miles an hour, the derailed coach pulled the other coaches from the track, and two of the coaches toppled over a ten-foot embankment.

It was nearly an hour after the accident that the report reached the police. In the meantime the injured were taken into near-by homes and given treatment. Then came the call for physicians, and all the available ambulances in the city and police patrols were rushed to the scene.

Before the ambulances arrived persons living near by had extricated all the wreck victims. A relief train brought twelve injured passengers to this city. None of these was seriously hurt.

Dr. C. H. Baumgardner of Selma, Ohio, was on the train and helped care for the injured. He was without bandages, and table linen was taken off the dining car tables and torn into strips to bind cuts.

Seriously Crushed Seeking a Job.

In his struggle to keep his place in line with nearly 500 other men, all seeking work with the Interborough Rapid Transit Company at the yards at Ninety-eighth Street and Third Avenue, yesterday afternoon, William Swacot, 22 years old, a laborer, of 217 East 148th Street, was crushed so badly that he had to be taken to Harlem Hospital. The men had been standing in line, shoving and pushing, all day, and when the foreman announced that he only needed fifteen men there was a wild rush to be one of the fifteen picked. Swacot's condition is serious.

TOOK 388,297,792 NICKELS.

Trolley Lines' Net Income Less, Though Gross Was More.

A summary of the reports for the three months ended March 31, 1911, of street railway companies in this city, prepared by Dr. A. F. Weber, chief statistician to the Public Service Commission, was given out yesterday. The total number of revenue car miles operated was 75,205,380, an increase of 5,823,349 over the corresponding period of last year.

The number of passengers paying cash fares was 388,297,792. The total amount of fares collected was $10,261,631, an increase of $800,546. The total revenue from transportation was $10,307,722, and the total operating revenue $29,262,730, an increase of $973,609.

But notwithstanding these increases there was a decrease of $129,129 in the net income due to the fact that the Interborough has been equipping many of its Subway cars with side doors and making other improvements.

The Hudson and Manhattan Railroad Company showed an increase in net operating revenue of $109,750.

TRY POLICEMAN O'FARRELL.

Merely Borrowed on Human Life Stock, Another ex-Detective Testifies.

Policeman Valerian J. O'Farrell of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, who was formerly a detective at Police Headquarters, was put on trial before Deputy Police Commissioner Walsh yesterday on the charge of taking $1,000 from Isaac A. Silverman, also a former detective, in the recent cloakmakers' strike.

Silverman testified that after the strike O'Farrell came to him and asked the loan of $500. O'Farrell, he said, tendered and he accepted fifty shares of the stock of the Human Life Publishing Company as collateral. Later O'Farrell, he testified, came again and got another $500, the security being fifty shares more of the Human Life stock.

A few months later, Silverman said, the Human Life concern failed, and O'Farrell promised him to make good the money within a year. Morris Rose, an insurance broker, testified that Silverman had told him he had bought certain shares in the Human Life concern from O'Farrell.

Commissioner Walsh adjourned the case until next Tuesday at 9 A. M.

Congressman Becomes a Freshman.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 18.—George Bartlett, Congressman from Nevada, has entered the University of Nevada as a Freshman.

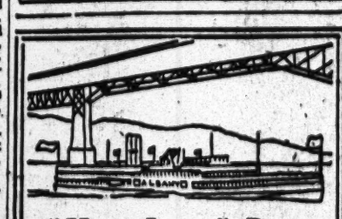
EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

Mauch Chunk and Glen Onoko
Sunday Aug. 20 $1.50
Bellewood Park
Every Sunday $1.00
Trains leave Pennsylvania Ferries, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts., for
Mauch Chunk..9:30 A. M.
Bellewood.....9:00 A. M.
Hudson River Tube Trains Connect at Jersey City Station.
Lehigh Valley Railroad

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BY SEA to BOSTON
BOSTON LINE
EXPRESS SERVICE DIRECT FROM CITY TO CITY.
ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER ROUTE
Luxurious, New Steel Passenger Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS AND NORTH LAND
in place of "YALE" & "HARVARD."
Daily, including Sundays, at 4 P. M., from Pier 35, N. R., foot Barclay Street. Due to arrive at Boston following day at about 8:30 A. M.
Through tickets and baggage checked to all the popular Eastern Summer Resorts. Express service for Freight, Automobiles and Horses. For full information and Booklet apply to—
MAINE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, 290 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

BY SEA to MAINE
PORTLAND LINE
THE MOST CHARMING SHORT SEA TRIP ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.
STEAMSHIPS
OLD COLONY & NORTH STAR
About 12 hours between New York and
PORTLAND, MAINE
Sailings Monday, 10:30 A. M.; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 5 P. M., from Pier 34, East River, N. Y.



"Hour-Later" Boat
You may leave New York on the "Hour-Later Boat," sail up the Hudson to Poughkeepsie and return by twilight on the same steamer.
To the romance of the river is added the practical comforts of a good restaurant and well drilled service.
The sail itself affords 150 miles of the most beautiful inland water scenery in the world. Plan to go one of these August days.
ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:10 A. M.; landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 P. M.; W. 42d St., 10 P. M.; W. 129th St., 10:10 P. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.
Steamer Mary Powell
Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rondout, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. daily, except Sunday, at 1:48 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:10 P. M.
Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. "ALBANY" or rail.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

*Maiden	Magnificent steel steamers
Smith's L'd'g	DE WITT CLINTON (new) and
Germantown	ONTEORA leave Pier 43, N. R., daily except Sunday, foot Christopher St., 6:30 P. M., and W. 129th St., 7 P. M. Special Saturday trip 2 P. M. Pier 43 and 1:30 P. M. W. 129th St.
*Catskill	
*Hudson (by Annex)	
*Athens	
Stockport	
Coxsackie	
*Saturday special lands only at points marked *.	Tickets for sale at all agencies and at Pier. Phone 1623 Spring. Send 3 cents in stamps for booklet of Summer hotels and boarding houses.

1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
ROUND TRIP, $1.50. GOOD 10 DAYS.
Steamers Pier 41, foot Beekman St., 9 A. M.; Pier 41, foot W. 129th St., 9:30 A. M.
Arrive Albany 5:30 P. M.
Direct connection with Hudson River Night Line Steamers.
Manhattan Line Ticket Office, Pier 41, N. R., foot Beekman St.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Aboard a Fall River Line steamer to Boston—
—you'll have every convenience that can contribute to your comfort.
Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like.
Fare to Boston..... $4
City Ticket Office—171 B'way—Phone 5121 Cort.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.'S
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
Largest and Finest River Steamers in the World; splendid accommodations; cuisine and service unexcelled; fine orchestra on each steamer.
Beautiful sunsets; cool, delightful night trips. Favorite route going North, West or East. Direct train connections at Albany and Troy.
PEOPLES LINE To Albany—Str. C. W. Morse (cold daisy Aug.), Adirondack (alternating), Pier 32, foot Canal St., 5 P. M. daily (Saturday included); Yonkers, 7 P. M.; stops at 129th St. 8:15 P. M. daily (Saturday included); Observation and Palm Room a new feature.
CITIZENS LINE To Albany & Troy—New Str. Trojan (cold daisy Aug.), Nemaskar (alternating), Pier 32, N. R., 5 P. M. daily (Saturday included); Yonkers, 7 P. M.; stops at Albany in both directions.
Tickets at pier and principal ticket offices. Rail tickets accepted for passage between New York and Albany. "Journal" a guide for tourists—and Summer Resorts Book Free. Phone 2400 Spring.
"THE POPULAR SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE."

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.90
PROVIDENCE, Boat Direct..... 2.00
FALL RIVER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.25
WORCESTER, via Boat and Rail.. 2.90
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 29, N. R., foot of Houston St.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS—FINEST SERVICE.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.

JOY LINE 240 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
BOSTON, via Boat and Trains, $2.50.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $1.40
Daily, Including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 14, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND & MAD HARBOR
Montauk Steamboat Co.'s fav. Montauk leaves N. Y., New Pier 9, E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M. Sats., 1:00 P. M. Str. "Wyandank" for Mad. Har. and intermediate landings only Mon., Wed., & Fri., 5:30 P. M.
Pier No. 9, Montauk's quotient of distinguished has been temporarily withdrawn from service.

HARTFORD LINE
Steamer leaves Pier 32, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. Connecting at Harlem River with Steamer leaving Pier 3, E. R., at 4:30 P. M. Sundays at 4 P. M.

BLOCK ISLAND, R. I.
EVERY SUNDAY $1.50
Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; E'klyn, Flatbush Av., 8:40; Nostrand Av., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:48 A. M., for Montauk; thence by the steamer "SHINNECOCK."
Leave Block Island, returning 4 P. M.
Tickets on sale, commencing Friday, at 129 B'way, 5th Ave. Bldg., (5th Av. & 23d St.), and Long Island R.R. stations, foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y.; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Music and refreshments on steamer.

GLEN ISLAND
ROUND TRIP 50 CTS.
DAILY, fm. Battery 9:45, 11:15, 1:30, 3:00, 5:15, 7; N. 79th St. ½ hr. later; HUN., Battery, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5:30, 6:30, 7:30; N. 34th St. ½ hr. later; E. 138th St., Bronx, 10 c. children under 10 free. Steamer Glen Island, Pier A, N. R. Phone 3417 Cort.
SPECIAL MOONLIGHT TRIPS—Tues., 7 P. M.

CONEY ISLAND
(Dreamland Pier) and
ROCKAWAY BEACH
STRS. ROSEDALE AND SYLVESTER.
Time Table for To-day.
Leave West 129th St., 9:30 A. M.; West 23d St., 10:00, 3:30; Battery, 10:30, 3:00; Coney Island, 6:15; Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:30.
Excursion Tickets to Rockaway.....75c
To Coney Island from W. 129th St. & Battery.....50c
To Coney Island from W. 23d St. & Battery.....40c

DAYLIGHT TRIPS ON LONG ISLAND SOUND
NORWICH LINE Str. Mondays, Wed., CHESTER W. CHAPIN, Tues., Thurs., Sats., Clarkson St., 12:00 A. M.; ft. of Barclay, 12:30 P. M. for New London, connecting there for Hamburg, Norwich, Narragansett Pier, Providence. Room $2. For New Haven and Bridgeport Line service see regular advertisement. Folder on request.
City Ticket Agent, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.
Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:48 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:10 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Returns to New York by Str. "ALBANY" 6:1, or by rail 5:10. Opera-tra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

UP THE SOUND See Cliff & Glenwood
Str. "Seawanhaka" leaves Pier 9, foot Fulton St., E. R., 2:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Returns 6:30 P. M. Str. "Sunshine" leaves Pier 9, foot Fulton St., E. R., 9:30 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Returns 5:30 P. M. Str. "Sunshine" leaves Pier 9, foot Fulton St., E. R., 2:30 P. M. Sundays only. Returns 6:30 P. M.

Saugerties Boats
Leave Pier 20, N. R., foot Christopher St., 9 A. M. Daily except Saturdays at 1 P. M.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton
Around Manhattan Island, daily, 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. Pier 1, E. R., foot Battery Place. Tel. 4144 Broad.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S. S. PENNSYLVANIA (13,500 TONS) SAILS AUG. 24, 10 A. M.
S. S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC. (25,000 TONS) SAILS AUG. 31, 11 A. M.
CRUISES DE LUXE
Around the World
On an Ocean Liner
TWO GRAND CRUISES
by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND (17,000 tons), the first to leave New York on October 31, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 3, 1912.
$650 and upwards, including all necessary expenses. 110 Days' cruise aboard and ashore. Duration. ANNUAL EVENT "Around the World Cruises" will be repeated in October, 1912, and February, 1913, by the large Cruising Steamship Victoria Luise.
REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
*PENNSYLVANIA.....Aug. 24, 10 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC.Aug. 31, 11 A. M.
*PRES. GRANT.....Sept. 7, 1 P. M.
CLEVELAND.....Sept. 7, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton à la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. ‡Hamburg direct and Second cabin only. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. HAMBURG.....Sept. 30, 1 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.....Oct. 14
S. S. CINCINNATI.....Oct. 28
‡Will NOT call at Algiers.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
TOURS to West Indies, Spanish Main, Panama Canal, 11 to 35 DAYS, $70 to $135
Write for Booklets of All Cruises.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS ARE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNAL EQUIPPED
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
TRIPLE SCREW 45,824 TONS
OLYMPIC
Largest & Finest Steamer in the World.
Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium, Verandah Cafe, Palm Court.
French & La Carte Restaurant.
SAILS AUG. 19, 1 P. M. SEPT. 9
Kronland, Aug. 19, 10:00 A.M.
Canopic, Aug. 19, 4:00 P.M.
American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Paul.....Aug. 26 | St. Louis.....Sept. 2
Philadelphia.....Sept. 2 | New York.....Sept. 16
Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 59, N. R.
Minnewaska.Aug. 26, 10:30 AM | Minnetonka...Sept. 9
Minneapolis...Sept. 2, 1 PM | Minnehaha...Sept. 16
Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland.....Aug. 19 | Vaderland.....Sept. 2
Finland.....Aug. 26 | Lapland (new)...Sept. 9
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 1100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62 N. R., (WEST 23D ST.) N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE
TUESDAY, AUGUST 22 10 A. M.
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
TUESDAYS 10 A. M. | THURSDAYS
Kaiser Wm. der Grosse...Aug. 29 | Prinz Friedrich Wm.....Aug. 31
Kaiser Wilhelm II.....Sept. 5 | *Friedrich der Grosse.....Sept. 7
*Bremen direct
BALTIMORE-BREMEN Direct, WEDNESDAYS—One Class (II) Cabin Steamers
INDEPENDENT AROUND-THE-WORLD TRIPS, $613
Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
SATURDAYS, 11 A. M.
KOENIG ALBERT.....Aug. 26
Berlin.....Sept. 9
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 Broadway, New York City

AZORES LISBON NAPLES MARSEILLES
BY THE FABRE LINE
Approx. weekly sailings by the newest, largest, finest & fastest French steamers in The MEDITERRANEAN Trade.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., Gen'l Agts., 17 State St., N. Y.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.
CONEY ISLAND
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Boats operated by this Company DO NOT land at West 23d St. or at Dreamland Pier. Buy tickets ONLY at Iron Steamboat Co.'s box office.
LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET
9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:30 A. M., 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:30 P. M.
LEAVE PIER (NEW) 1, NORTH RIVER.
9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:45, 7:45, 8:30, 9:30 P. M.
LEAVE WEST 23D STREET FERRY.
10:30 A. M., 12:30, 1:30, 2:30, 3:15, 4:00, 4:45, 5:30, 6:15, 7:15, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 10:40 P. M.
Trips marked * do not go to 129th St.
Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.
Inc. Admission to Steeplechase Park.
FISHING BANKS, STEAMER TAURUS
Leaves 129th St., N. R., 7:30 A. M.; Pier (new) 1, N. R., 8:30 A. M. Bait and tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c; Ladies, 50c; Children, 25c.

Rockaway Beach
Steamer "Grand Republic"
Lv. Yonkers, 9:45 A. M. sharp.
Lv. W. 129th St., 9:40 A. M., *1:15 P. M.
Lv. Pier 1, N. R., 10:00 A. M., 1:30 P. M.
Lv. Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:45 P. M.
*Trip marked * transfers to Str. Grand Republic.
Round Trip tickets, 50c; Children, 25c. Include adm. to Steeplechase Park at Rockaway.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined amusements amid refined surroundings. Cleanest, safest bathing on the Atlantic coast. SCHEDULE OF BOATS:—From Battery Landing, 10 A. M., 12:15, 2:45, and 6 P. M. Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 10 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3 and 7:30 P. M.
RETURNING 11:00 A. M., 1:30, 4, and 7 P. M. On Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays, 11:00 A. M., 1:30, 4, 6:30, and 9 P. M.

UP THE SOUND
BEST SUNDAY EXCURSION OUT OF NEW YORK
BRIDGEPORT AND RETURN $1.00 Round Trip
SUNDAY, AUG. 20, at 10:30 A. M., from Pier 22, East River, foot of Pike St., by Fast and Commodious Twin Screw Steel Steamship HARTFORD, stopping about TWO hours at Bridgeport, Ct. Telephone 3700 Beekman.

EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00
EVERY SUNDAY and HOLIDAY
Leave W. 23d St. 7:30; Liberty St. 8:00 A. M.
Atlantic City, $2.50
To-morrow
Leave W. 23d St. 7:30; Liberty St. 8:00 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

BRIDGEPORT
EXCURSION EVERY SUNDAY
The New Palace Steel Steamer MONTAUK
Lv. W. 129th St. 8:30 A. M., Market St., N. R., 9:00 A. M., Battery, 9:30 A. M., Pier 8, E. R., 9:45 A. M., W. 23d St. 10:15 A. M.
Round Trip 75 CENTS
2 hours at Bridgeport. Due N. Y. 9 P. M. Music, cafe and dining service; moderate. Entertainment.
For stateroom

Harris, Forbes & Co
Successors to
N. W. Harris & Co
New York
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK
Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility | **Bonds for Investment**

Jones & Laughlin Steel Company
First Mortgage
5% BONDS
Prices and Particulars Upon Application
A. B. Leach & Co.
149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

MUNICIPAL BONDS
RAILROAD BONDS
CORPORATION BONDS
Yielding 4 to 6%
Special Circulars on request.
O'CONNOR & KAHLER
49 Wall Street, New York. The Rookery Chicago.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
100 Autosales Gum & Chocolate Stock
200 Computing-Tabulating-Recording Stock
200 Eastern Steel 1st Pfd. Stock
100 Inter Ocean Steel Stock
200 Pinelawn Cemetery Stock
100 Sen Sen Chiclet Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 7480 to 7486 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Y. Schmidt & Gallatin
Bankers & Brokers
111 Broadway, New York

American Light & Traction
American Gas & Electric
Cities Service Company
Clyde Steamship Co.
Denver Gas & Electric 5s of 1949
Republic Railway & Light
Standard Gas & Electric

Williams, McConnell & Coleman
Bonds Stocks
WALL ST. 'Phone 495 John. NEW YORK.

Kings Co. El. Lt. & Power 5s
Edison El. Ills. of Brooklyn 4s
New York State 4s, 1961
New Amsterdam Gas 5s, 1948
Westchester Lighting 5s, 1950

Paterson & Company
Tel. 1935 Rector. 20 Broad St., N.Y.

Internat'l Nav. Co. 1st 5%, 1929
N. O. & Gt. North'n 1st 5%, 1955
Ia. & Arkansas 1st 5%, 1927
D., Y. A. A. & J. Ry. 1st 5%, 1926
Det. Term. & T. 1st 4½%, 1961
E. BUNGE & CO.
42 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

H. M. Byllesby & Co.
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
206 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Duluth, Minn.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers
25 Nassau Street, N. Y.
BOSTON LONDON CHICAGO

Alfred Mestre & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange
Wall Street New York

Potter, Choate & Prentice
Members New York Stock Exchange
WALL ST. NEW YORK

E. C. RANDOLPH
Members New York Stock Exchange,
111 Broadway, New York.
OVER-THE-COUNTER SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT ISSUES
Send for circular.
"Safer Than First Mortgage Bonds"
Freeman & Company
TEL. 7060 JOHN. 34 Pine Street, N. Y.

Del. & Susquehanna Refdg. 4s, 1961
Detroit So., Ohio So. 1st 4s, 1941
Bkln. & Manhattan Bonds & Stocks
Leeds, Francis & Clarkville 4½s, 1962
WOLFF & STANLEY,
Syracuse Bldg., N. Y. 6357-8-9 Broad.

Chicago First Mortgages
Amounts from $10,000 to $200,000, netting
[illegible] per cent. to 5½ per cent. Descrip-
[illegible]
Peabody, Houghteling & Co.
[illegible]

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Make Good Recovery, with Union Pacific Taking Lead in the Advance.

LITTLE SELLING PRESSURE

Opening Showed Sharp Advance, but Best Prices Were Made Near the Close.

Events on the Stock Exchange yesterday helped to strengthen the previous day's indications that the bulk of the liquidation for the time being at least had run its course. At no time yesterday was there sufficient selling to give the market any appearance of weakness and such reaction as occurred after the initial advance in prices was moderate and indicated no urgency on the part of the sellers. The market opened at a sharp overnight advance with the help of higher prices sent over from London, but instead of inviting any fresh selling, the up-turn in prices seems to have led to a good deal of short covering, which with the support given the market by banking interests, accounted for most of the improvement which took place. In the late afternoon after a period of pronounced dullness, prices again rose and the final quotations for the day were practically the best prices of the session. A number of the active stocks, including United States Steel, showed net gains of 2 points or a fraction over, and Union Pacific made a net gain of 3½ points.

Apparently the improvement was due more to the cessation of liquidation than to any large increase in the general demand for stocks. This was suggested by the fact that the dealings were only about half as large as those of Thursday and by the reports of brokers that not much outside buying was being done. The influences which have adversely affected sentiment, have not been abated except to the extent that with the approach of the adjournment of Congress, which seemed closer at hand yesterday than had appeared likely two or three days ago, a respite will be had from tariff and other discussion, which has been unsettling business sentiment. This will at best be but temporary relief from political activities harmful to business and it is questioned whether this will be enough to lift so much of the check on business as is due to uneasiness over Governmental interference with corporations. So severe, however, has been the recent decline that if liquidation on a large scale is not renewed the recovery in prices might well for a time at least ignore the unfavorable factors which present themselves in a long view of the outlook. Whatever may prove to be the course of trade in the later months of the year it is reasonable to expect that the marketing of the crops will result in some expansion in merchandising and signs of this are already appearing. The weekly trade reviews while commenting on the caution which is being displayed tell of some growth in most lines of trade which at this season reflects the beginning of the demand which comes with the marketing of the product of the farms.

The advance in American stocks was a cheering feature in the London market, which was less unsettled by the labor troubles in England, including the call for a general railroad strike, than might have been anticipated. The market here was but little influenced, however, by the English situation. It is somewhat premature to estimate the possible effect of these English labor troubles upon our own trade for unless they are prolonged the ultimate effect is most likely to be slight. Some check has been put on trade between the two countries, but in the event of the speedy adjustment of the labor troubles on the other side this temporary diminution in trade between the United States and Great Britain might quickly be made up.

Among the specific influences contributing to the up-turn in prices yesterday was the official denial by President Lovett, of the rumors which had been circulated regarding Union Pacific. The stories of dissensions had previously been discredited and it was recognized that present discussion of a reduction in the Union Pacific's dividend was entirely unwarranted, but the issuance of an official denial of these reports proved an important factor in strengthening Union Pacific and indirectly the rest of the list. The potency of this influence was not lessened by the assumption in trading circles that the giving out of the statement implied a purpose on the part of banking interests to give support to the stock, which had been subjected to the heaviest selling and had been made the object of most of the adverse rumors of the last few days. In contrast with the strength of the market as a whole, were the declines in a few issues, which for one reason or another did not share in the day's up-turn in prices. Some of the selling which brought about these declines was apparently by way of aftermath of the recent weakness of the market. Such selling apparently caused the decline in American Tobacco 4's which from 85¾ sold down to 81¾, and then rallied 4 point. It is understood that those who have in hand the formulation of a plan for the rearrangement of the company in keeping with the decree of the Supreme Court are at work in the confident expectation that they will be able to complete the task along lines which will receive the ready approval of the Court.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Chestnut Hill Railroad for dividend.
Cuba Railroad for annual meeting.
Evansville & Terre Haute Railway for dividend on common and preferred.
Harbison-Walker Refractories Co. for dividend on common.
Homestake Mining Co. for dividend.
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway for annual meeting.
Philadelphia, Germantown & Norristown Railroad for dividend.
Pittsburgh Brewing Co. for dividend on common and preferred.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	108¾	108¾	108¾	109
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	108¾	109	108¾	109
4½s, May, 1917, old	102¾	103	102¾	103
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102¾	103	102¾	103
4½s, Mar., 1930-60, old	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
4½s, Sept. 1960, new	102¾	103	102¾	103¾
4s, May, 1959, f'shg	99¾	100	99¾	100
4s, Nov., 1958, f'shg	99¾	100	99¾	100
4s, May, 1957, f'shg	99¾	100	99¾	100
4s, Nov., 1956-6, reg	99¾	100	99¾	99¾
4s, May, 1916, f'shg	99¾	100	99¾	100
3½s, Nov., 1954, f'shg	88¾	89	88¾	88¾
3½s, May, 1954, coup	88¾	89	88¾	88¾
3½s, May, 1954, reg	88¾	89	88¾	88¾
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	89	89¾	...	...

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Treasury statement, issued to-day, gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Aug. 17.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Receipts—customs	$1,154,613	$14,733,784	$14,733,784
Internal rev...	826,185	11,283,271	11,283,271
Corporation tax	10,539	302,338	302,338
Miscellaneous	547,589	2,976,603	2,976,603
Total receipts	$2,379,313	$31,296,000	$31,296,000
Expenditures	2,819,023	27,976,878	27,976,878
Surplus	def. 439,709	$3,319,122	$3,319,122
Net balance		$3,319,122	$3,319,122

Open figures include Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was as follows:

Working balance in Treasury offices [illegible]
Deposits in banks and Philippine Treasury [illegible]
Total of general fund [illegible]

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Aug. 18, 1911 468,715
From Jan. 1, 1911 60,095,215
Same period last year 118,009,000

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
61¾	62	10,900	Amalgamated Copper	60¾	62	60¾	61¾	+1¾
53¾	54	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	53½	54	53½	53¾	...
52¾	53	4,900	Am. Beet Sugar	52¾	53	52¾	53	+1
9¾	10	800	Am. Can	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	+¼
85	86½	1,500	Am. Can pf	83½	86	82¾	85	+1½
50¾	51¼	400	Am. Car & Foundry	51	51¾	51	51	+¾
20¼	21	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	21	21	21	21	+¼
37¼	38¼	3,100	Am. Locomotive	38	38	38	38	+¼
4	5	100	Am. Malt	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
71¾	71¾	6,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	70¾	71¾	70¾	71¾	+1¾
105	105½	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	105¼	105¾	105¼	105¾	...
96		100	Am. Snuff pf	96	96	96	96	— ½
114¾	115¼	800	Am. Sugar Refining	114¾	115	114¾	115	...
133¾	134	600	Am. Tel. & Tel	133¾	133¾	133¾	133¾	+¼
...	...	1,700	Am. Tel. & Tel. rights	5/8	5/8	5/8	5/8	+1/16
92	92¾	100	Am. Tobacco pf	92¼	92¾	92¼	92¾	— ¼
28	28¾	200	Am. Writing Paper pf	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¾	...
35¾	36¼	500	Anaconda Copper Co	36¼	36¾	36¼	36¾	...
106¾	106¾	10,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	105	106¾	105	106¾	+1¼
101¾	102¼	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103¼	103¾	103	103	— ¼
122	124	300	Atlantic Coast Line	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	...
102¾	103¼	700	Baltimore & Ohio	103	103¼	102¾	102¾	— ¼
30¾	30¾	1,000	Bethlehem Steel	30¼	30¾	30¼	30¾	+¼
60¾	60¾	400	Bethlehem Steel pf	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	+¾
75¾	76¼	1,800	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	75¾	76¼	75¾	76¼	+¾
235¾	236¾	5,145	Canadian Pacific	235¼	236	234¾	235¾	+1¾
25¼	26	800	Central Leather Co	25¼	26	25¼	26	+1
265	280	5	Cent. R. R. of N. J	281	281	281	281	...
75¼	75¾	2,700	Chesapeake & Ohio	73½	75¼	73½	75¼	+1¾
40	50	50	Chicago & Alton pf	45	45	45	45	...
20	21	800	Chicago Gt. Western	20¾	20¾	20	20	...
38¼	39¼	400	Chi. Gt. Western pf	38¾	39¼	38	38¾	+¼
115¼	115¾	8,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	115¼	115¾	114¾	115¾	+¾
19¾	20	2,050	Chino Copper	19¾	20	19¾	20	+¾
49½	50	2,200	Colorado & Southern	49½	49¾	49¼	49¾	+¾
187¼	187¾	2,000	Consolidated Gas	186	187¾	186	187¾	+2¼
13¾	13¾	600	Corn Products Ref	13	13	13	13	...
830	850	800	Del., Lack. & West	835	838¾	835	838¾	+2
25	25¾	800	Denver & Rio Grande	25	25¾	25	25¾	+1
54	54¾	400	Den. & Rio Grande pf	54¼	54¾	54	54¾	...
81¼	82	100	Distillers' Securities	82	82	82	82	...
29½	29¾	7,200	Erie	29	29¾	29	29¾	+¾
49¾	49¾	8,000	Erie 1st pf	49	50	48¾	49¾	+¾
152½	154¾	800	General Electric	153	153¾	153	153¾	+1¾
45	46	200	General Motors	46	48	45	45	— ¾
81	82½	100	General Motors pf	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	— ¾
5¼	5¾	900	Goldfield Consol	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	...
125¾	126	4,200	Great Northern pf	125¼	126	124¾	126	+¾
47½	48	1,000	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	47¼	48	47¼	48	+1
82½	86	10	Homestake Min. x d	85	85	85	85	...
140¾	141	100	Illinois Central	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾	— ¼
15¼	15⅝	900	Interborough-Met	15¼	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	+⅛
42	43	600	Interborough-Met pf	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	+¾
115	117¼	500	Int. Harvester	117¾	118	117¾	117¾	+2½
47¼	47¾	100	Int. Paper pf	47	47	47	47	...
83	86	300	Int. Steam Pump	84	84½	84	84½	+1
18¼	18⅝	100	Iowa Central	18¼	18¾	18¼	18⅝	— ¾
34	36	400	Iowa Central pf	34	34	34	34	— 2
29½	30¼	200	Kansas City South	30	30¾	30	30¼	+⅛
65	69	100	Kan. City South. pf	67	67	67	67	+1
104¼	104½	100	Laclede Gas	104½	104½	104½	104½	...
10	13	100	Lake Erie & West	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
164¾	165	7,400	Lehigh Valley	163½	164¾	163¾	164¾	+2¾
142¾	144¼	400	Louisville & Nash	143¾	143¾	143¾	143¾	+1¾
84	85	190	Mackay Cos	84¾	84¾	84¼	84¼	...
70	73¼	90	Mackay Cos. pf	72	72	72	72	+1
75¾	76¾	200	May Dept. Stores	76	76	76	76	+1
15	15½	100	Mercantile Marine pf	15	15	15	15	— ¼
19¾	19¾	1,200	Miami Copper	19½	19¾	19¾	19¾	+¼
135¼	135¼	800	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	134	135¼	134	135¼	+1½
31¾	32	1,900	Mo., Kansas & Texas	31¾	32	31¾	32	+¼
41	42	2,500	Missouri Pacific	41½	42	41	41½	+¼
127¾	127¾	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	127¾	127¾	127¾	127¾	+¾
16½	17	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	17	17	17	17	+¼
93	98	200	Nat. Enam. & S. pf	93¾	94	93¾	94	+1
50½	50¾	100	Nat. Lead Co	50½	50½	50½	50¾	+½
17¼	17¾	1,900	Nev. Consol. Copper	17¼	17¾	17¼	17¾	+½
103¼	103¾	2,500	New York Central	103¼	104¼	103¼	104¼	+1½
55	57	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	55	55	55	55	— ½
133	135	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	133	135	134	134	+1
39¾	40¼	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	40	40	40	40	— ⅛
103¾	104	700	Norfolk & Western	103½	103¾	103¼	103⅝	— ⅛
71	72	100	North American	71	71	71	71	+¼
119¾	119¾	9,000	Northern Pacific	119¼	119⅝	118¾	119⅝	+2¼
29¾	30¼	1,000	Pacific Mail	29½	30	29½	30	+¼
120¾	120¾	4,200	Pennsylvania R. R.	120½	120¾	120½	120¾	+¾
103¼	103½	300	People's Gas, Chi.	103¼	103¾	103¼	103½	...
92¾	95	400	Pr. C., C. & St. Louis	93	95	93	95	...
85¼	85¼	500	Pittsburgh Coal pf	85	85½	85¼	85¼	+1⅛
81¼	82	330	Pressed Steel Car	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	+¼
157½	159	100	Pullman Company	158¾	158¾	158¾	158¾	+¾
14⅞	15¼	100	Ray Consol. Copper	15	15	15	15	+¼
82¾	83¾	300	Ry. Steel Spring	81½	83¼	81¼	83¼	+1¾
144¾	145	84,000	Reading	144	145¾	143¾	144¾	+2
25¼	26	850	Rep. Iron & Steel	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¾	+¼
26¾	26¾	3,600	Rock Island Co	26¼	26¾	25¾	26¾	+¼
50¾	51	1,800	Rock Island Co. pf	49¾	50¾	49¾	50¾	+1¾
62	63	200	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	...
41¼	41½	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	41	41	41	41	+ ⅛
31	32	870	St. Louis Southwest'n	31	31	31	31	— ⅛
68	69	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾	+1¾
114	114½	12,650	Southern Pacific	113¼	114¾	113¼	114¾	+2¼
26¾	29	3,100	Southern R'way ext	28¼	28¾	28¼	28¾	...
70¼	70¼	1,100	South. R'way pf., ext	69¼	70¾	69¼	70¾	+1½
33	33¾	400	Tennessee Copper	32½	32¾	32½	32¾	+1
95	95	650	Texas Co	95¼	96¼	95	95	+3
24½	25	700	Texas & Pacific	24½	24¾	24	24¼	+ ⅛
85¾	87	100	Texas Pac. Land Tr	86	86	86	86	—4½
8¼	9	25	Third Avenue	8	8	8	8	...
41½	42	500	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	41½	41¾	41½	41¾	...
106	108	100	Twin City R. Transit	107	107	107	107	—1
5½	7	100	Union Bag & Paper	6	6	6	6	...
172½	172¾	95,700	Union Pacific	170	173¾	170	173¼	+3¾
91½	92	300	Union Pacific pf	91½	92	91½	92	+1
33	36	200	United Rys. Inv.	34	35	34	35	+¾
62	65	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	62	62	62	62	+2
13¾	14	800	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	13½	13¾	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
46¾	56	120	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	47½	47½	47½	47½	+1¾
37	38	900	U. S. Rubber	36½	37	36½	37	+1
73¾	73¾	114,950	U. S. Steel	72¾	73¾	72¾	73¾	+2½
115¾	116¼	1,800	U. S. Steel pf	116	116¾	115¾	116¼	+¾
45	45¼	4,300	Utah Copper	44¼	45	44¾	45	+¾
55¼	56	800	Va.-Caro. Chemical	54½	55¾	54½	55¾	+1½
14½	14¾	500	Wabash	14½	14¾	14½	14¾	+⅛
30¼	31	100	Wabash pf	30	30	30	30	+⅛
58	59	200	Western Maryland	58	58¼	58	58¼	+¼
75	75¼	365	Western Union Tel	75¼	75¾	75¼	75¾	+¼
65¼	65¾	800	Westinghouse E. & M	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	+1
7¼	8	200	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	8	8	7¾	8	...
53¼	53¼	400	Wisconsin Central	52½	53¾	52½	53¼	+¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	100¾
2s, c., 1930	100¾	...
3s, r., 1918	101½	102¼
3s, c., 1918	101¾	...
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114¼
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	100½
Pan. 2s, c., 1936	100	100½
Panama 3s, 1961	102¼	103¾
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	106	106
Adams Exp.	220	230
Allis-Chalm.	6¾	7⅛
Allis-Chalm. pf.	17	20
Am. Ag. C. pf.	103¼	...
Am. B. S. pf.	96	98¼
A. B. S. & Fdy.	90	94
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	122	133
A. C. & F. pf.	116	118¼
Am. Coal	75	100
Am. Cot. O.	53¾	55
Am. Cot. O. pf.	100	103
Am. Exp.	214	220
A. H. & L.	4	4¾
A. H. & L. pf.	19	19¾
Am. I. Sec.	10	10
Am. L. Co.	27¼	28
Am. Locom. pf.	104¼	106
Am. M. pf.	38	40
Am. S. pf.	87	88
Am. Snuff, 250	...	86
Am. St. Fd.	85	...
Am. S. Ref. pf.	114½	117
A. T. & C.	23¾	24
Am. W. Co.	25½	33
Am. W. Co. pf.	83	91
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann Arbor pf.	60	80
Asso. Oil	67¼	71
B. & O. pf.	85	87¼
Batopilas M.	1⅝	2
B. Un. G.	134	140
Brung. Tex.	7	9
B., R. & P.	107½	120
B., R. & P. pf.	129	130
Bkln. Co.	78¼	80¼
Canada So.	...	72¼
Cent. Leath. pf.	97¼	98¼
C. & S. A. Tel.	116	118
Chi. & Alt.	...	30
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. M. & St. P. pf.	145¼	150¾
C. & N. W.	141	142
C. & N. W. pf.	195	201
Chi. St. P. M. & Om.	139	140
Chi. St. P. M. & Om. pf.	145	160
Chi. Un. Tr.	3	3
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. ctf. st.	5	7
C. C. C. & St. L.	81½	82
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	94¼	100
Cleve. & P.	150	...
Col. F. & I.	25¾	30½
Col. F. & I. pf.	106	110
Col. & So.	77	79
Col. & So. 1st pf.	72	80
Col. & So. 2d pf.	72	80
Col. & H. C. & I.	11	12
Col. & H. C. & I. pf.	70	...
Corn Pr. R.	7	12
Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	97	98
Cruc. Carpet	85	90
Cub. Am. S.	39	45
Cub. Am. S. pf.	95	98½
D. & H.	164	167
D. & H. Pa. Coal	...	95
Del. & Hud.	175	...
Det. & M.	75	...
Det. & M. pf.	73	...
Det. So.	23	25
Det. So. pf.	75	...
Dul. & Ir. Ran.	15	20
Dul. & Ir. Ran. pf.	40	45
Dul. So. Sh. & Atl.	19	20
Dul. So. Sh. & Atl. pf.	38	40
Elec. Boat	8	10
Elec. Boat pf.	30	40
Erie 1st ext. 4s	90	91
Erie 2d pf. 4s	40¾	40¾
Erie & Jer. 6s	130	...
Evans. & T. H.	30	40
Evans. & T. H. pf.	73	85
Ev. & T. H. pf., ex div.	75	100
F. M. & S.	50	53
F. M. & S. pf.	50	53
Gen. C. Co.	128	133
Gen. C. Co. pf.	107½	...
Granby Con.	88	89
Hav. E. R.	93½	99¼
Hock. Val.	...	129
Inger.-Rand.	100	...
Inger.-Rand pf.	100	...
Int. H. pf.	121¾	123¼
Int. Paper	10	10¾
Int. St. P. pf.	84¼	86½
Jol. & Chi.	161¾	...
Kan. C., Pitt. S. & Mem. pf.	73	80
K. & D. M.	5	7
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Kn. L., Chi., pf.	...	75¼
Lack. Steel	35	40
L. E. & W. pf.	25	30
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	47	52
Mah. C. R.	600	...
Man. Elev.	138½	137½
Mex. Marine	4	4¾
May Dept. Stores pf.	111	113¼
Mich. Cent.	...	180
M. & St. L.	82½	...
M. & St. L. pf.	46½	...
M. St. P. & S. S. M.	...	...
M. St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	150	155
M. St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	88	93
Mo. K. & T. pf.	65¾	68
Mor. & Es.	168	175
N. C. & St. L.	149	160
N. Y. Air B.	121½	139¾
Nat. Lead pf.	...	...
Nat. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	107	110
Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	63	64
N. Y. A. & W.	25¾	29¼
N. Y. C. & H. R.	66	70
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st	95	102
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	...	...
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d	83	88
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	...	...
N. Y. D. Co.	...	25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	...	68
N. Y. L. & W.	115	125
N. Y. & N. E.	45¾	46¾
Norf. & W.	85¼	90
Norf. & W. pf.	...	...
Nor. Coal	245	...
N. O. T. & M.	60	65¼
Light	...	94
Out. Mining	1¼	...
Pac. Coast	89	100
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	93	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel	80¼	...
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	...	...
Pan. Tel. & Tel. pf.	97¾	...
Pan. Tel. & Tel. pf.	80	90
Peo. & P. U.	15	20
Pere Marq.	...	80
Pere M. 2d pf.	...	...
P. C. C. & St. L. pf.	106	116
Phila. Co.	15½	19
Phila. Co. pf.	...	...
Phila. Rap. Tr.	...	134
Pitts. & W. pf.	4	6
Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	...	175
Pitts. Ft. W. & C. pf.	...	175
Pitts. Lake E. & W.	4	6
Pitts. Lake E. & W. pf.	4	6
Pitts. Steel pf.	94	96
Pitts. Un. Tr.	4	6
Pitts. Un. Tr. pf.	20	25
Pr. Steel Car	25	30
Pr. Steel Car pf.	85	90
Pull. P. C.	112	117
Quicksilver	2	3
Quicksilver pf.	4	6
Ry. Con. Corp.	2	3
Ry. Con. Corp. pf.	6	8
Ry. Steel Spring pf.	94	96
Reading 1st pf.	91	92
Rep. I. & S. pf.	91	91½
Rep. I. & S. pf. ctfs.	90	100
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	95	100
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. ctfs.	135	150
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. new ctfs.	84	61½
St. L. & S. F. C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	150	...
Sears-Roeb.	135½	...
Sears-Roeb. pf.	121¾	...
S.-S. F. & I.	45	48
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	112	...
So. P. R. S.	78	83
So. P. R. S. pf.	105	110
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	81¼	83
Stand. Mill.	15	17
Stand. Mill. pf.	48	53
Tenn. C. & I.	16	...
T. P. & W.	6	...
T. R. & L.	9	...
Tol., St. L. & West	18¾	18½
T. C. R. T. pf.	182½	185
Und. Typew.	85	90

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@2¼ per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½@3 per cent. for sixty days, 3@3½ per cent. for ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four months, 3½@3¾ per cent. for six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4¼ per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4¼@4½ per cent. for January and February maturities.

Private disc

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Cooling the Brokers.

Passersby in Broad Street yesterday were surprised to see a crowd of brokers standing on the open-air balconies which have hitherto had only an ornamental value. The big glass doors opening off the floor of the Exchange were swung wide for the second time since the building was erected, and traders who had time to spare soon made for the open air, where they were able to catch stray sentences from the speech of a Socialist haranguing the crowd in the street below. The Stock Exchange has a costly and elaborate cooling and ventilating system, which has been shut down since the shortage in the water supply made it necessary to economize, and the only alternative was to open the doors on Broad and New Streets.

***

Safeguarding Cotton Buyers.

While the Liverpool conference is not without supporters in this country in its efforts to protect foreign purchasers of cotton, the establishment here of a central office through which bills of lading are to be sent is not likely to be taken advantage of by many New York banks. Some of the leading institutions still maintain that the British mills need only to exercise reasonable caution in their dealings to avoid losses. As an international banker puts it, "If the foreign proprietors are going to buy cotton of every Tom, Dick, and Harry who offers it below the ruling quotation, they need a central office, but if they deal with reputable agents it is only an unnecessary item of expense."

***

Bond Trading Off.

While there has been no marked disposition on the part of the investing public so far to avail itself of the lower prices of stocks, the buying of purely investment bonds in the Stock Exchange list, which was a characteristic of the activity in this department in the earlier months of the year, has fallen off noticeably. Yesterday's total transactions in bonds aggregated only $1,566,500, the lowest total since April 21, also a Friday. Only last Saturday the two-hour session furnished transactions of $1,624,000 in bonds. Of yesterday's aggregate bond transactions American Tobacco 4s made up $308,000 of the total, and the convertible issues about $506,000 more, leaving only about $756,000 to be reckoned as general trading. This period, however, is one of dullness in the bond department. Last year on the corresponding day transactions were only $1,207,000.

***

Bank Clearings' Showing.

Although the bank exchanges at the leading money centres of the country this week make an aggregate of $2,616,994,732, a gain of 16.6 per cent. as compared with the same period last year, the figures make a loss of 12.6 per cent. as compared with the same week in 1909. Moreover, much of the gain is the result of the stock market activities in this city, where the gain, according to the statistics of R. G. Dun & Co., amounts to 23.7 per cent. over the same week in 1910. Outside cities show an increase of 4.2 per cent., the improvement manifesting itself in every city but Minneapolis and Kansas City. Most of the outside cities also make favorable comparison with 1909, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cleveland, Minneapolis, St. Louis, Louisville, New Orleans, and San Francisco all reporting substantial gains. A still better showing is made by the daily average clearings, which now make much the most gratifying exhibit since the first of the year.

TEACHER INDORSES CHARTER

Miss Strachan Thinks Small Paid Board of Education Desirable.

Miss Grace Strachan, President of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers, in a letter to Assemblyman James A. Foley, Chairman of the Assembly Cities Committee, yesterday made a strong indorsement of the educational features of the proposed new city charter. Miss Strachan backs up the contention of Mayor Gaynor that a small paid Board of Education should take the place of the present system. Miss Strachan also takes issue with Dr. A. S. Draper, State Commissioner of Education. She points out that in San Francisco the plan of a small paid Board of Education has been tried and that she had heard no complaint about it. In Buffalo, she says, there is a Board of Examiners consisting of five members who are appointed by the Mayor and paid an annual salary. Rochester, also, she says, has a paid board of five members.

Charles P. Howland, who has had correspondence with prominent educators in various parts of the country over the educational chapter of the proposed New York City Charter, said yesterday:

"The list of those who have condemned the chapter includes twelve university and college Presidents, the heads of school boards, and in most cases the school Superintendents also of Boston, Albany, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, and Denver. No single educator has opposed their views.

"The only reply made to these strictures is the timid defense that the educators in question are not familiar with the local conditions."

An appeal to up-State legislators to use their influence to strike out the "glaringly bad provisions" of the proposed charter or to use their votes to defeat it was sent out yesterday by the Bureau of Municipal Research.

POLICEMEN SHOOT TWO DOGS

One Had Run Wild Among Women and Children on Recreation Pier.

Edward Berzen's mongrel terrier broke loose yesterday morning from his junk shop near the Recreation Pier at the foot of West Fiftieth Street and ran snapping among the hundreds of women and children on the pier, who had been unable to find room on the St. John's Guild Boat, that had just pulled out. The badly frightened women gave way in huddling, screaming groups as the animal raced up and down, with men racing after in the bold hope of throwing it into the water before it hurt any one. In passing, the dog took a nip at the outstretched hand of Thomas Fennelly, a pier attendant, who had joined the chase.

The dog finally forsook the pier for the street, and at Twelfth Avenue Policeman Caulfield brought it down with one shot from his revolver, fired at a distance of forty feet. The shot killed. When Fennelly was sent to the Roosevelt Hospital, and later to the Willard Parker Hospital, for treatment, it was found that Berzen himself was there, and that the dog had bitten him in the hand the night before.

Policeman Schillett was patrolling East Fifty-first Street yesterday morning between Third and Lexington Avenues when a touring car stopped beside him and a woman asked him to shoot the fox terrier she carried in her arms. She said it had become ill on her way down from Stamford. She winced at the thought of the shooting being done right away, but braced herself and held the leash while the policeman fired.

Wounded Bookmaker Will Recover.

Thomas Fullum, the former bookmaker, who was shot in his home at Patchogue, L. I., on Thursday by a woman, will recover. The bullet that entered his left side has been removed. The woman who did the shooting was known as Mrs. Fullum, but is now said to be Adelaide Grant, formerly an actress. Fullum now declares the shooting was accidental, and the woman has been released from cus-

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Trading in Lessened Volume, with Gains General in Most of the Local Issues.

SLUMP IN NATIONAL CARBON

Shares Sell in Chicago at Par, Which Is 11 Points Below Last Previous Sale—Local Issues Strong.

Although the security markets in the principal out-of-town trading centres were dull yesterday, the tone was generally strong.

National Carbon stock in a lot of 25 shares sold on the Chicago Exchange yesterday at par, which represented a drop of 11 points from the previous sale, Aug. 8. More stock was offered at 102 and 103, but there were no takers. Up to a late hour nothing was forthcoming as to the cause of the drop, though wires were sent to the officials of the company at Cleveland inquiring if any action had been taken that would cause the weakness. Aside from this feature the general local market was firm. Commonwealth Edison rose more than a point to 133, and there were smaller gains in Can preferred and Pneumatic Tool. Prices on Can common and People's Gas were soft.

A somewhat better undertone was noted in the Boston market yesterday morning, and buying orders were more numerous than has been the case for some days. Amalgamated advanced to 62⅝, North Butte to 25¼, Shannon to 9, and the balance of the market all showed a fair advance for the day.

Trading in Philadelphia relapsed into dullness yesterday. United States Steel was bid up on moderate transactions, but there was little activity elsewhere, except in the anthracite shares. Cambria Steel weakened.

Local bond dealings were quite extensive in comparison to the small amount of stock changing hands. Substantial blocks of Philadelphia Electric 4s and United Railways Investment 4s changed hands.

The market in Baltimore continued sluggish with trading only in driblets.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Consolidation Coal	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
125	Houston Oil	9¼	9¼	9¼
350	Houston Oil pf	74	73	74
10	United Rys.	17¾	17¾	17¾

BONDS.

$10,000	A. C. L. con. deb. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
2,000	Col. & Green. 1st 6s	106	106	106
1,000	Ga. So. & Fla. 5s	107½	107½	107½
12,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98½	98½	98½
40,000	United Rys. notes	99½	99½	99½
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	87	87	87

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Atchison	105½	105½	105½
20	Boston Elevated	127¼	127¼	127¼
15	Boston & Albany	222	222	222
13	Boston & Maine	102	102	102
10	Fitchburg pf.	127½	127½	127½
1,110	Mass. Electric	18¼	17¾	18¼
190	Mass. Electric pf.	80	88½	80
282	N. Y., N. H. & H.	134¼	133⅝	133⅝
410	Union Pacific	172	170⅝	172
524	West End	88	88	88
114	West End pf.	100½	100	100⅜

TELEPHONES.

1,607	American	134	133½	133⅝
6,314	Am. T. & T. rights	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	Mexican	4½	4½	4½
65	New England	147½	147½	147½
210	Western	18	17	17⅛

MISCELLANEOUS.

210	Am. Agr. Chem	54	53½	53½
87	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103⅜	103	103⅜
60	Am. Pneu. Svc.	4	4	4
10	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf.	14	14	14
106	Am. Sugar Rfg.	115	114⅝	115
46	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	115	115	115
61	Am. Woolen pf.	90½	88½	90
155	East Boston Land	10½	9⅝	10⅛
100	Eastern S. S.	95	95	95
10	Edison	286½	286½	286½
10	General Electric	153⅝	153⅝	153⅝
182	Mass. Gas	93	93	93
103	Mass. Gas pf.	97⅝	97⅛	97⅝
4	N. E. Cotton Yarn	113	113	113
25	Portland Electric	63	63	63
6	Pullman	159¼	159¼	159¼
10	Seattle Electric pf.	103	103	103
83	Swift & Co.	101¼	101¼	101¼
4	Torrington Class A	30	30	30
2	United Fruit	153¾	153¾	153¾
515	United Shoe Mach.	44	43	43
66	United Shoe Mach. pf	27½	27½	27½
8,359	U. S. Steel	73⅝	72	73⅛
211	U. S. Steel pf.	116⅛	115⅞	116

MINING.

195	Algomah	7	6¼	7
100	Allouez	24½	24½	24½
635	Amalgamated	62⅝	60⅝	62
1,455	Am. Zinc	23¼	22⅝	23⅛
7,725	Arizona Com.	7	5⅝	6
2,750	Boston Corbin	6	5⅞	6
285	Butte Coalition	16¼	15⅞	16
665	Calumet & Ariz.	49	48	49
21	Calumet & Hecla	410	410	410
10	Centennial	9¼	9¼	9¼
635	Copper Range	55	54½	54½
15	Chino Copper	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
1,602	East Butte	10⅝	10	10⅜
93	Franklin	9	9	9
1,030	Giroux	5¼	5	5
158	Granby	29	27	28
10	Greene-Cananea	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
105	Hancock	21¼	20	21⅛
145	Hedley Gold	15⅝	15½	15⅝
303	Indiana	10	9½	9⅝
1,010	Inspiration Mining	7	6⅞	7
470	Island Creek	34½	34½	34½
165	Island Creek pf.	85⅝	85½	85½
893	Royale	13⅞	12½	13⅝
330	Kerr Lake	4¾	4¼	4¼
220	Keweenaw	2¼	2 3-16	2¼
950	Lake	27¼	26	27⅛
240	La Salle	8¼	8	8¼
50	Mass	6¼	6¼	6¼
600	Mayflower	1	1	1
30	Miami	19½	19½	19½
140	Mohawk	41	41	41
222	Nevada	17⅜	17	17⅜
50	New Arcadian	2¾	2¾	2¾
260	Nipissing	8¼	8	8¼
1,625	North Butte	25½	24½	25⅛
445	North Lake	6	5⅛	6
45	Ojibway	5¼	5	5
240	Old Colony	1¾	1¾	1¾
90	Old Dominion	37¼	37	37¼
67	Osceola	92	90	90
70	Parrot	9⅞	9¼	9⅞
51	Hay Cons	15	14⅝	14⅞
50	Santa Fe	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
5,170	Shannon	9	7¾	9
35	Shattuck Arizona	15	15	15
100	Superior	24	23	24
90	Superior & Boston	4¼	4	4⅛
145	Trinity	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
150	U. S. Smelting	33⅝	32	33½
162	U. S. Smelting pf.	46¼	46	46
485	Utah Apex	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
295	Utah Cons	13½	13	13
280	Utah Copper	45	44	45
150	Winona	6	6	6
940	Wolverine	103	100¼	102
100	Wyandotte	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛

BONDS.

$18,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼
5,000	Am. Zinc 6s 1915	104	103	103
59,000	Ariz. Com. 6s	87½	86	87½
3,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96¾	96¼	96¾
2,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, '15	101½	101½	101½
5,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Can	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
150	Am. Can pf.	82¾	81¾	82¾
15	Am. Telephone	134	134	134
50	Booth Fisheries	41	41	41
425	Chi. Pneu. Tool	47¾	47¼	47⅜
140	Chicago Subway	2¾	2½	2¾
50	Com. Edison	133	9 132½	133
50	Corn Prod. Ref.	13⅛	12⅝	13⅛
10	Diamond Match	103¾	103¾	103¾
100	Illinois Brick	61	61	61
100	Int. Harvester	117¾	116¾	117⅜
25	Nat. Carbon	100	100	100
850	People's Gas	104⅜	103⅝	103⅝
125	Sears-Roebuck	136⅜	135¾	136⅛
185	Sears-Roebuck pf.	118¾	118¼	118¾
25	Street's Stable Car	6¾	6¾	6¾
215	Swift & Co.	102	101⅜	102
100	United Box Board	2¾	2½	2¾
850	U. S. Steel	73⅝	72¾	73⅝
100	Amal. Copper	61	61	61

BONDS.

$1,000	Armour & Co. 4½s	92¼	92¼	92¼
2,001	Chi. City Rys. 5s	102¾	102⅝	102⅝
10,000	Com. Edison 5s	102	102	102
10,000	Met. gold 4s	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Smelting	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
12	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
865	Cambria Steel	44⅞	44⅜	44⅛
100	Erie	29⅝	29⅜	29⅝
70	Electric Storage	23½	23	23½
5	General Asphalt	30	30	30
44	Lea. Co. N. A.	29⅝	29⅛	29⅛
900	Lake Sup. Corp.	2¼	2¼	2¼
50	Lehigh Nav.	69½	69½	69½
10	Lehigh Nav. 4 s.	89½	89½	89½
475	Lehigh Valley	153⅝	153⅜	153⅝
10	Minehill pf.	49	49	49
100	Mo. Pacific	37¾	37¾	37¾
50	P. R.	54	54	54
100	P. R. T. & C.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
855	Pennsylvania R. R.	57⅝	57⅜	57⅝
700	Penn. Trac.	67½	67½	67½
110	Phila. Co. pf.	39½	39½	39½
700	Phila. Electric	17¼	17⅛	17¼
2,075	Reading	93⅝	93⅛	93⅜
100	Reading 1st pf.	49	49	49
75	Reading 2d pf.	41	41	41
10	Tonopah Mining	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
25	Union Gas, N. J.	70	70	70

4,625	U. S. Steel	73⅝	72	73⅛
80	Union Pacific	170⅝	170	170⅝
100	Union Pacific pf.	91¼	91⅛	91¼
14	Union Traction	51	50¼	50

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Pittsburgh M.	25¼	25¼	25¼
30	Independent Brew. pf.	25¼	25¼	25¼
100	Ohio Fuel Oil	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
120	Oklahoma Gas	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
215	Pure Oil	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
500	River Coal	10	10	10
30	River Coal pf.	33¾	33¼	33¼
10,100	Sun Toy	47	46	46
10	U. S. Steel	73¼	73¼	73¼
20	Westing. Air Brake	150	150	150
40	Westing. Elec.	33	33	33
20	Westing. Elec. pf.	57	57	57

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat was firm early, weak at midday, closing with prices very steady at a net advance of about ⅛c at New York, a slight decline at Chicago, while the Northwestern markets were strong at 1 to 1¼c over the final of the previous day. Reports of an agreement among transport laborers abroad was a factor late. The early market was firm on the cable, and the New York market was relatively strong all day, credited to buying against export business. The Chicago market was weak and there was a good deal of liquidation West. The Winnipeg market was weak and the Minneapolis market heavy early. Very favorable crop reports came from Winnipeg, and weather conditions were reported ideal. About midday Minneapolis began to show firmness, and late in the session ran up 2c a bushel on reports of very poor quality of new wheat arriving and of very disappointing yields. An estimate of only 102,000,000 bushels for the three States was given out. The strength at Minneapolis and the export buying at New York turned the entire market. The Modern Miller report was favorable as to progress of plowing for the new crop. Export sales were 20 loads of No. 2 red at New York and 3 loads at Philadelphia. Bradstreet's exports for the week were 2,507,000 bushels, against 2,561,000 bushels the previous week. The exports of wheat from the United States in July were 6,085,000 bushels, against 3,079,000 bushels last year. The exports of Canadian wheat during July were 4,675,000 bushels, against 1,505,000 bushels last year. Argentine exports for the week were 856,000 bushels, against 728,000 bushels the previous week; Indian 336,000 bushels, against 960,000 bushels; Australian 1,000,000 bushels, against 320,000 bushels. The indicated world's exports were 1,000,000 bushels larger than last week. No. 2 red was quoted at 94⅝c; No. 1 Northern, $1.10¾; No. 2 hard Winter, 97¾c; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.06¼.

CORN.—The market was firm early, influenced by damage reports, selling off later on the reports of rains and in sympathy with wheat, closing steady at about the final of the previous night. The weather report showed quite general rains, although lighter, and in the last two days the rains have covered a wide territory. Insistent damage reports are coming all the time, however, and the market is nervous over these reports. Receipts, however, continue to increase West, and in five days have gained 900,000 bushels over last week. Bradstreet's exports for the week were 614,000 bushels, against 906,000 bushels the previous week; no Argentine exports were reported. No. 2 corn was quoted at 71⅜c elevator domestic, and 71¼c, fob, on board, afloat.

OATS.—Trading in oats was quiet, with prices selling off after a little early firmness, but closed steady at about unchanged for the day. Receipts continue small at the West, and have decreased 1,000,000 bushels this week, compared with last, and are scarcely one-third of last year. Distribution was very active last year, however, while this year stocks seem to be accumulating. Spot oats were steady, standards 44c; No. 2 white, 44½c; No. 3 white, 43½c.

PROVISIONS.—The trade in hog products was somewhat more active, with the tone very steady. There was improvement in cash demand reported, while live hogs were firm, and receipts for the day were only 48,000 at all interior points.

NEW YORK MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
Wheat—				
September	96¼	95¼	96⅜	95⅞
December	1.00⅝	99⅜	1.00¼	1.00
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.00@9.80	9.00
September	..	..	9.23@9.30	9.27
October	..	..	9.35@9.47	9.29
November	..	..	9.05@9.20	8.95
December	..	..	8.90@9.10	8.85
January	..	..	8.85@8.95	8.84
March	..	..	8.80@8.95	8.75

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. close.
Wheat—				
September	90⅛	89¼	89⅝	90
December	94⅝	93⅝	94⅜	94⅜
May	1.00⅝	99⅜	1.00¼	1.00⅝
Corn—				
September	65¼	64⅝	65	64⅞
December	62¼	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
May	64⅝	64¼	64¼	64⅜
Oats—				
September	42¾	41⅝	41¾	41⅞
December	44¼	44⅛	44⅜	44⅝
May	47⅛	47¼	47⅜	47⅝
Lard—				
September	9.07½	9.02½	9.07½	8.95
October	9.15	9.07½	9.15	9.02½
January	8.80	8.72½	8.80	8.72½
Ribs—				
September	9.12½	9.05	9.10	9.07½
October	9.05	8.95	9.02½	8.95
January	8.35	8.32½	8.35	8.27½
Pork—				
September	..	..	17.20	17.20
January	16.45	16.35	16.45	16.30

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was considerable buying during the session by export interests said to be against sales abroad. Sentiment appears to be less bearish and but little opposition was given to the upward movement. Crude offerings at the South continue light, resulting in a widening of premiums, but it would be but natural for the South to sell more freely on the scale up. Crude oil for early shipment is quoted at 35c bid, or at prices slightly above a parity with the future market.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.90	5.90
August	..	..	5.90	5.85
September	5.63	5.54	5.74	5.60
October	5.63	5.51	5.62	5.49
November	5.46	5.43	5.45	5.40
December	5.46	5.39	5.45	5.38
January	5.46	5.44	5.45	5.40
February	5.42	5.42	5.47	5.39
March	5.47	5.42	5.46	5.41

COTTON.

A somewhat improved technical position manifested itself during yesterday's session, and, although during the morning price fluctuations were confined within narrow limits, decided strength developed in the late trading. Shorts covered freely on a diminution of the floating supply of cotton brought about by free buying early through large traders. Detailed weather reports from Texas, as given by the official Weather Bureau, failed to disclose other than light precipitation at scattered points, while there were vague reports of a storm in the Central and Southwest, which were also regarded as factors in the late trading.

Liverpool was again rather disappointing, due chiefly to the strike situation, but the disposition is to ignore foreign news to a large extent. In fact, trade conditions abroad are declared to be healthy with a fair demand for cloth and yarns, despite the fact that inquiry at American Southern points is practically nil. Home trade conditions show no important change, although some interests assert that certain branches in the dry goods trade give evidence of slow betterment.

Crop news is rather conflicting. Showers were again reported in parts of Texas, with prospects of further precipitation in Arkansas and East Texas, with unsettled conditions prominent throughout Oklahoma. The Ginning report issued before the opening yesterday had surprisingly little effect. It gave a condition of 66 against 60.5 on July 25, 66 a month ago, and 68.2 last year. Principal deterioration was 12 points in Texas, 9 in Alabama and 7 in Arkansas. The fact, however, that recent showers in the Southwest were not taken into consideration, and the effect of subsequent sun status of the report, leads have not changed materially in regard to the crop situation. It being generally believed that only seasonable more than average August deterioration is being experienced, with an inclination to await the Government report on Sept. 1. The document will give condition figures for the period ending Aug. 25. Movement of cotton is increasing, and about 12,000 bales are coming in at Galveston to-day, against 5,000 last week and 4,000 last year. Owing to the labor situation abroad, some authorities believe that conditions may result in forcing unusual amounts of cotton on the contract market for delivery.

Into-sight figures for the week were 51,000 bales, against 36,000 last week and 44,000 last year, and 25,000 two years ago. Spinners' takings were 57,000 bales, against 130,000 last year. Southern spot cotton very unchanged to ⅛c decline; locally spot cotton was .10c advance; middling, 12.50c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	12.13	12.16	12.31@12.32	12.09
September	11.35	11.29	11.39@11.40	11.26
October	11.27	11.16	11.33@11.34	11.20
November	..	..	11.29@11.30	11.20
December	11.42	11.32	11.40@11.41	11.29
January	11.39	11.17	11.38@11.39	11.30
March	11.49	11.26	11.44@11.45	11.31
May	11.57	11.35	11.53@11.54	11.40
July	..	..	11.54@11.55	11.41

Market steady, at 10 to 21 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was quiet, and while near months held up well, later positions were easier. The close was steady, net unchanged to 4 points lower. Sales reported, 46,000 bags.

The opening was quiet at unchanged prices to 3 points lower. Havre closed ¼ franc lower; Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig higher. A decline of 1-64d in Brazilian exchange was accompanied by an advance of 50 reis in Rio, while Santos was 50 reis lower.

Spot coffee, 13¼c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	11.75@11.77	11.75
September	11.80	11.77	11.80@11.81	11.80
October	..	..	11.43@11.45	11.45
November	..	..	11.25@11.25	11.25
December	11.20	11.18	11.18@11.19	11.23
January	..	..	11.16@11.18	11.18
February	..	..	11.12@11.13	11.15
March	11.10	11.09	11.08@11.09	11.12
April	..	..	11.06@11.09	11.11
May	11.07	11.06	11.07@11.08	11.10
June	..	..	11.06@11.08	11.10
July	..	..	11.06@11.08	11.10

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general business conditions, Dun's Review says:

A strong undertone is in evidence in leading mercantile lines, and while trade continues very conservative, there is no lack of confidence concerning the future and the actual volume of business is up to recent averages. More activity is noted in purchases of dry goods by retailers, but in wholesale lines the tendency is to restrict buying as far as possible, readjustment of conditions in cotton and cotton cloths still holding that market in check. Curtailment of production by the large New England mills will be especially marked during the next two weeks. In New England manufacturers of woolens have additional orders for finished goods and are operating more freely in the raw material market, the week's business being the largest in a long time. Shoe factories are well employed, but new orders are not large in volume. Leather is in restricted request, but prices are very firm.

More reassuring advices from the Northwest and exceptionally favorable crop reports from Canada caused renewed liquidation in wheat, prices declining rather sharply. Conditions are apparently more settled in the East and South than in the West, the demand at many Southern centres helping most wholesale lines. Railroad gross earnings for the first week of August, of roads reporting are 0.9 per cent. larger than a year ago.

Bradstreet's says:

The improvement which is generally conceded to have occurred in the later planted Western crops, and particularly corn, since the first of the month, the advance of the season of Fall jobbing activity, and the consequent presence in the leading markets of Fall buyers, is all reflected in a further slight improvement in the volume of wholesale trade this week. Trade at best, however, is only fair, and demand waits upon real or expected consumption to an extent not often witnessed at this season. Not all lines of trade are equal in showing expansion.

Retail trade does not greatly expand and moves largely under the spur of reduction sales, which are still the feature. Collections are not greatly improved, and sections where early crops have turned out short report some visible effects upon both demand and payments. Money is rather firmer as the needs for crop moving develop, but the quietness in past trade has made financial accommodation easier than usual of attainment.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 215 business failures in the United States during the week, against 208 for the previous week and 222, 183, 236, and 153 for the corresponding weeks of 1910 to 1907. The Middle States had 36, New England 20, Southern 49, Western 48, Northwestern 24, and Far Western 18. Canada had 28, against 40 for the preceding week. About 87 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less and 10 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Julia	.32
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.12	Kentucky Con.	.05
Belcher	.45	Mexican	4.12½
Best & Belcher	1.04	Occidental Con.	.60
Bullion	.10	Ophir	1.30
Caledonia	.35	Overman	.36
Challenge Con.	.17	Potosi	.15
Chollar	.21	Savage	.21
Confidence	.60	Sav. Belcher	.12
Con. Cal. & Va.	.82	Sierra Nevada	.51
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	1.55
Crown Point	.15	Utah Con.	.10
Gould & Curry	.13	Yellow Jacket	.36
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.50	Goldfield Con.	2.60
Jim Butler	.20	Goldfield Merger	.20
MacNamara	.18	Great Bend	.04
Midway	.17	Jumbo Ext.	.18
Montana	.10	Lone Star	.05
North Star	.15	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Ext.	.36	Sandstorm-Kend.	.04
West End	.56	St. Ives	.25
		Silver Pick	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	3.33½
Adams	.07	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.16	Bullfrog-Nay & E.	.01
Bluebell	.01	Gold Bar	.01
Comb. Fraction	.60	Homestake King	.01
Booth	.08	Mont. Mountain	.01
C. G. D.	.09	Original Bullfrog	.01
Florence	1.35	Tramps Con.	.03

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	9¼	9¾	Jackpot	6	9¼
Elkton	90	93	McKinney	82	85
Four Aces	2½	3	Old Gold	2¾	3¼
Findlay	4½	5	Portland	98	100
Gold Dollar	15	15¼	Vindicator	74	75
Isabella	10¾	11	Sep. Sample	6	7

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Julia	.32
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.05
Andes	.12	Kentucky Con.	.05
Belcher	.45	Mexican	4.12½
Best & Belcher	1.04	Occidental Con.	.60
Bullion	.10	Ophir	1.30
Caledonia	.35	Overman	.36
Challenge Con.	.17	Potosi	.15
Chollar	.21	Savage	.21
Confidence	.60	Sav. Belcher	.12
Con. Cal. & Va.	.82	Sierra Nevada	.51
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	1.55
Crown Point	.15	Utah Con.	.10
Gould & Curry	.13	Yellow Jacket	.36
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.50	Goldfield Con.	2.60
Jim Butler	.20	Goldfield Merger	.20
MacNamara	.18	Great Bend	.04
Midway	.17	Jumbo Ext.	.18
Montana	.10	Lone Star	.05
North Star	.15	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Ext.	.36	Sandstorm-Kend.	.04
West End	.56	St. Ives	.25
		Silver Pick	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	3.33½
Adams	.07	BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.16	Bullfrog-Nay & E.	.01
Bluebell	.01	Gold Bar

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Upper West Side Apartment House Property Purchased by Investors—Sale of West Broadway Loft—Mystic Shriners Seek Harlem Site for New Temple.

Apartment house property on the upper west side proved the feature of yesterday's realty market. That this section is especially favored by both investors and operators was shown by the fact that four of the deals were north of 110th Street.

By far the most important transaction was the sale of Regent Hall, a six-story elevator apartment, on the northeast corner of Broadway and 123d Street, by Charles M. Rosenthal to George J. Schroder. The structure occupies a plot 100 by 100. The buyer gives in part payment a lot, 98.6 by 103, on the west side of Haven Avenue, between 171st and 172d Streets, and a plot, 50 by 100, on the west side of Riverside Drive, between 170th and 171st Streets. Regent Hall has been held at $275,000 and the lots at $20,000 and $45,000, respectively. John R. Davidson negotiated the deal.

In Washington Heights the two five-story apartments 510, 512, and 514 West 162d Street were sold by A. D. Thompson to an investor. The buildings occupy a plot 75 by 100, the sale being negotiated by McDonald & Thomson.

Further north on the Heights J. J. Marlin is reported to have sold the five-story apartment, with stores, on the northeast corner of 186th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue. The buildings occupy a plot 58 by 100, and were purchased by the seller from Donald Robinson, the builder, who completed them last Spring.

There was also the rumor of a block-front deal in the Dyckman section, but could not be verified.

Buys Edgecombe Avenue Lot.

Buell & Stern have sold for Oscar Willendodt the lot, 25 by 100, on the west side of Edgecombe Avenue, opposite 153d Street. The purchaser is Floyd W. Davis.

Sale of West Broadway Loft.

Leopold Porrino has sold for Mrs. H. A. De Long and Mrs. A. T. Carroll, 534 and 536 West Broadway, a five-story loft building, on a plot 65.4 by 75 by 90 feet. The buyers, Messrs. Pessagno & Montresor, agents for Gancia's champagnes, will occupy the premises after extensive alterations are completed. This is the first sale of this property in over fifty years.

Deal on West Eighty-third Street.

William J. Carlin is reported to have sold to a builder a plot, 50.9 by 102.2, at Nos. 163, and 165 West Eighty-third Street. The three old private dwellings will be replaced by an eight-story fireproof building, designed for the automobile industry.

Mystic Shriners Seek Harlem Site.

Negotiations are pending between Bing & Bing and the committee appointed by the Mystic Shriners to select a site for a new home for the triangular block bounded by St. Nicholas and Manhattan Avenues and 122d and 123d Streets, containing about fourteen lots.

It has frontages of 286.10 feet on St. Nicholas Avenue, 201.11 feet on Manhattan Avenue, 224.2 feet on 122d Street, and 200.8 feet on 123d Street.

It has been used for many years as tennis courts by the New York Lawn Tennis Club. Bing & Bing bought this property and two other blocks in that vicinity in April from the Pinkney estate by private contract, through Joseph P. Day, for about $1,000,000.

Jersey City.

James A. Hunt has sold in West Bergen his property located on the northeast corner of West Side and Clendenny Avenues to Andrew Conroy. The property consists of a three-story frame house with a one-story frame building adjoining, erected on a plot having a frontage of 50 feet on West Side Avenue and 100 feet along Clendenny Avenue. The price paid for the property is reported at $30,000.

There was recorded in the Register's office in Jersey City Thursday a lease whereby Annette Meister and Evangeline Korff rented to Annette Van Den Bogaert the house 169 Zabriskie Street for the term of ninety-nine years, from July 15 next.

This is the first lease of any Jersey City dwelling to be filed for such a term.

Staten Island.

The S. S. White Company has sold through Cornelius G. Kolff the hotel now occupied by Mrs. Sherman, on Wilbur Street, near Seguine Avenue, Princes Bay, to Benjamin and Adolphine Frey. The structure occupies a plot 100 by 150.

$225,000 Deal at Red Bank, N. J.

Dalton Parmly, one of the heirs of the late Dr. Ehric Parmly of Rumson, has purchased the Parmly estate of 800 acres, at Red Bank, N. J., from the heirs for $225,000.

The buyer has made no definite plans, but it is understood that he will retain the old homestead on Bingham Hill, and will probably offer for sale the property fronting the North and South Shrewsbury Rivers.

The estate is located in the Borough of Rumson, and runs from the bank of the North Shrewsbury to the bank of the South Shrewsbury River, a distance of about a mile and a quarter. It is about a half mile wide and is intersected by the Rumson Road, the Ridge Road, and the road to Red Bank.

Arverne Hotel Auction.

Joseph P. Day will offer to-day, at 2:30 P. M., on the premises, the Arverne Hotel, cottages, casino, bath houses, and seventeen lots on Summerfield Avenue at absolute auction sale, in five separate parcels.

New $650,000 Park Avenue Apartment.

Plans have been filed for a twelve-story fireproof apartment house on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-second Street. It will be equipped with two passenger and one service elevators, and will have no fire escapes, the exterior stairs being inclosed in fireproof partitions.

The building will also be equipped with an auxiliary fire-fighting apparatus, having a 100,000-gallon tank on the roof, a method of fire protection the Superintendent is advocating in all new buildings.

The structure will have accommodations for thirty-five families, and will cost $650,000. Pickering & Walker are the architects, and the 960 Park Avenue Company, George P. Walker, President, is the owner.

Queens Building Bureau Rushed.

So great has been the rush of applications for building permits in the Building Bureau in Queens that Commissioner Thomas Simmons, who is in charge, was compelled to ask for additional help. Permission was given him to employ ten extra men, and yesterday four appointments were made.

There were three Inspectors of Carpentry and Masonry—Frederick E. Neary, 1,784 Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn; Edwin Thompson, 1,960 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, and Reinhard F. Elkins, 518 East Eighty-third Street, Manhattan. They will receive $1,200 a year. John Delaney of 188 East Avenue, Long Island City, was appointed Plumbing Examiner.

Leases.

Caswell Pell & Co. have rented the entire four stories in 27 West Thirty-seventh Street, adjacent to Miss Elizabeth Cunningham Ladies' outfitter, doing business at No. 25.

Buell & Stern have leased for Henry C. Frick the entire building 20 West Fifty-seventh Street, running through to Fifty-eighth Street, the eighth, ninth and tenth floors containing a space of about 20,000 feet, for a long term of years, at a total rental of about $60,000.

Notes.

Walter Brady has appointed Henry Wolf receiver of the rents of premises 1,941 First Street, pending foreclosure proceedings.

Mary E. Hall of Manhattan is the purchaser of the dwelling erected on Bayside Drive, adjoining the corner of Sixth Avenue, Rockaway Park, and also the purchaser of the balance of the block running to and including the corner of Seventh Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Cauldwell Av, 758-764 e s, 104.7 ft n of 156th St, 76.7x100, two five-story tenements; foreclosure to the plaintiff, Herbert Baum, for $62,625.

3d Av, 803, e s, 28.3 ft n of 49th St, 26.5x75, five-story tenement and stores; also 54 Av, 951, w s, 75.5 ft s of 46th St, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores; partition sale to the plaintiff, A. E. Arndt, for $83,000; No. 951 to Mary L. Kern for $22,700.

Washington Av, 1,365, w s, 242 ft n of 176th St, 25.10x irreg, 10x146.2, five-story tenement; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Ernest Kast, for $49,000.

Garden St, n s, corner of Cretona Av, 40.2x79.2x44.1x70.2, four-story tenement; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Theodore Wentz, for $9,600.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Gold St, 74, n s, 47 ft e of Ferry St, 15.8x75, part of three-story loft and store building; James Oliver, referee; adjourned to Aug. 21.

By J. E. Mayers.

130th St, 350 East, s s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Francesco Stropoli, for $23,160.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

24th St, n s, 260 ft w of 9th Av, for a one-story stable, 35x60; E. E. Hart, Amityville, L. I., owner; P. C. Hunter, 191 9th Av, architect; cost, $2,000.

136th St, s s, 100 ft w of Madison Av, for a one-story gill storage, 20.4x24; Pure Oil Co., lessee; 2,171 Madison Av; Hausle, 61 East 125th St, architect; cost, $800.

Park Av, n e corner of 52d St, for a twelve-story apartment house, 139.8x200; 960 Park Avenue Co., 103 Park Av, owner; Pickering & Walker, 103 Park Av, architects; cost, $650,000.

Bathgate Av, w s, 230.17 ft n of Wendover Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 66x100; Joseph Diamond Construction Co., (Joseph Diamond, 189 Wyatt St, President,) owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $45,000.

Mayflower Av, w s, 180 ft n of Alice St, for three two-story frame dwellings, 22x43 each; John Young, Mayflower Av, owner; M. A. Buckley, 1,813 Home Av, architect; cost, $11,100.

Aqueduct Av, n e corner of 181st St, for a one-story brick garage, 12x250; William C. Bergen, 187th St and Andrews Av, owner; Service & Glew, 30 Kingsbridge Road, architects; cost, $500.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Morris Park Av, s e corner of Adams St, to a two-and-one-half-story frame dwelling, 31x44; Mary Childs, 803 Morris Park Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $1,500.

Brook Av, 873, to a five-story brick tenement, 23.5x76.9; L. Hopp & Co., on premises, owners; Moore & Landsiedel, 145th St and 3d Av, architects; cost, $800.

Crosby St, 8, e s, 22.2 ft n of Broome St, to a four-story-and-basement converter station; New York Edison Co., 55 Duane St, owner; W. Weissenberger, 55 Duane St, architect; cost, $20,000.

Broadway, 175, to a five-story store and offices; Wendel Estate, owner; A. Globle, 144 West 39th St, architect; cost, $1,500.

26th St, s s, 149 ft e of 3d Av, to a three-story shop; J. Hammerer, 210 East 26th St, owner; O. Reisemann, 30 1st St, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, AUG. 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

ALLEN ST, 97, n w s, 22x27.6, deed of trust; Hannah Baum to E. B. and F. Marks, 416 West 123d St, and D. Marks, 15 Morningside Av, in trust, Aug. 16; Walter T. Kohn, 309 Broadway.....$1

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 156th St, 62.11x125, Audubon Improvement Co. to Jacob Ruppert, a corporation, 1,639 3d Av, (mtg $121,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 57.11 ft n of 156th St, 24.11x125; same to Isaac Goldowitz, 198 Tompkins Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $60,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Fyfe, 115 Broadway.....$100

CLINTON ST, 178, e s, 25x100, deed of trust; Hannah Baum to E. B. and F. Marks, 416 West 123d St, and D. Marks, 15 Morningside Av, in trust, Aug. 16; Walter T. Kohn, 309 Broadway.....$1

COSTER ST, e s, 200 ft s of Spofford Av, 20x100; Julius Bernstein to Hy. J. Feiser, 206 Jane St, Wanawhen Heights, N. J., (mtg $6,350 and $3,000 liens,) June 16; A. Hoobermann, 972 Boston Road.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Hegeman Feiser to Hy. Ebeling, 648 East 162d St, and August Hoobermann, 972 Boston Road, (mtg $6,350 and all liens,) B. & S. and C. A. G., Aug. 15; address, same.....$1

DOCK ST, n e s, 109 ft s e of Thomas St, 50x100, Westchester; John Davis, Jr., to Thomas R. Watson, 1,661 East Chester Road, all liens, Aug. 16; attorney, John Davis, 68 William St.....$1

DOCK ST, n e s, 109 ft s e of Thomas St, 50x100, Westchester; Thomas B. Bowne & Son Co. to John Davis, Jr., 426 East 144th St, all liens, Aug. 16; John Davis, 68 William St.....$1

GREENWICH ST, 179, e s, 25.1x59.3; Eleanore Wicheins to Bronx Investment Co, 128 Broadway, 1-6 part, July 12; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred Wicheins to same, 1-6 part, Aug. 14.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; John F. Wicheins to same, quitclaim, Aug. 17.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alma Wicheins and others to same, 2-6 part, Aug. 17.....$13,512

JACKSON AV, w s, 184.3 ft n of 161st St, 19.9 x75; Helen Wegner to Arthur Wegner, 887 Jackson Av, (mtg $4,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.$1

LOT 11, Map 325, in partition of Wells v. Storer; Joseph P. Coffey and others to The Harlem River & Port Chester R. Co., 70 East 45th St, Aug. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,250

LOTS 46 to 50, Map of 176 lots, estate of Lewis G. Morris; Joseph H. Butterworth to Henry Cleland, 1,849 Anthony Av, (mtg $12,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 313 to 316 and 320 to 327, Map of 327 lots of Hunter estate; William K. Rose to Charlotte R. Jenks, 308 Broome St, May 11.....$1

PARK AV, e s, 75.3 ft s of 110th St, 25.2x80x irregular; George Ketcher Corporation to Getzel Kotcher, 1 and 3 Watkins St, Brooklyn, all liens, March 14, 1910.....$1

PROSPECT PLACE, n e corner of 42d St, 17.1x 68; Ephraim Buchwald to Stephen H. Jackson, 59 East 97th St, (mtg $17,100,) June 15; address, 109 Lexington Av.....$100

PROSPECT PLACE, n e corner of 42d St, 17.1 x58; Stephen H. Jackson to the N. T. Hegeman Co., 501 5th Av, (mtg $17,000,) Aug. 14.....$100

VYNE AV, w s, 242 ft s of 167th St, 20x100; Max S. Levine, Referee, to Alice R. Nash, Hotel Paffrass, Paris, France, Aug. 17; attorney, Elmer A. Allen, 42 Broadway..$8,600

WATER ST, 256, n s, 19x80x17x80; Nina C. Jarvis and another, heirs of Walter S. Jarvis, Jr., to Josephine Leland, 233 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, all title, B. & S., C. H. and C. A. G., Aug. 10; attorneys, C. H. & J. A. Young, 76 William St.....$1

WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, n s, 22x97; Nina C. Jarvis and another, heirs of Walter Jarvis, Jr., to Josephine Leland, 233 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, one-third part, all title, B. & S., C. H. and C. A. G., Aug. 10; attorneys, C. H. & J. A. Young, 76 William St.....$1

WOOSTER ST, 150, e s, 22x100; Morris Schacter et al., to Mercury Holding Co., 1,459 East 9th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $26,000,) Aug. 15; attorney, David Freiberger, 271 Broadway.$100

127 AV, w s, 80 ft s of 100th St, 40x100; Martin L. and D. Stone to Fannie Stone, at 867 East 23d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $54,000,) Aug. 15; attorneys, Newman & Butler, 115 Nassau St.....$100

2D AV, 710 and 712, w s, corner of 42d St, 49.5x63; Agnes L. M. Carey to Frederick Gebien, 78 West 94th St, Aug. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

3D AV, e s, 25.9 ft s of 98th St, 25.2x82.8, R. H. Jackson to Moses Pearlman, 1,873 Crosby Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $32,000,) July 18; attorney, Samuel Zuckerman, Jr., 189 Broadway.....$100

21ST ST, 139 and 141, s s, 40x94; New Realty Co. to Harry M. Dins, North Columbus Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $279,000 and all liens,) Aug. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

22D ST, 116 East, s s, 20x98.9; Harold Bisney to Arthur R. Gray, 231 4th Av, (mtg $18,000,) Aug. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

56TH ST, 327, n s, 100x100.5; Alfred Mitchell, administrator of Magdalena Mirzali, to Cora A. Meister, at Weehawken, N. J., and Alfred Mirzali, Fort Chester, N. Y., Aug. 17; attorney, Irving Kane, 15 Wall St.....$1

97TH ST, 406 West, n s, 20x75.5; Mary A. Kenyon to Ethel D. Chapman, 874 West 94th St, Aug. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

98TH ST, 110 West, s s, 112x100.5; Alice Mitchell, administrator of Magdalena Mirzali, to Leah K. Wilson, 125 East 84th St, all liens, June 30; attorney, A. L. Schoyer, 66 Liberty St.....$1

116TH ST, 206 to 212 West, n s, 100x100.5x100x irregular, Zacharias Zacharias to 21st Street Co., 1,265 Broadway, (mtg $190,000,) Aug. 16; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

116TH ST, 208 West, n s, 20x100.5, Ella S. West to Emma Gilgoff, 124 St Nicholas Av, (mtg $10,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Max Schwartz, 277 Broadway.....$100

Brooklyn, all liens, July 21; Stephen H. Jackson, 109 Lexington Av.....$100

106TH ST, 234 East, s s, 25x100.10; Jacob Horowitz to Max Berrow, 471 Miller Av, Brooklyn; B. A. & Alex. S. H. Jackson, 109 Lexington Av.....$1

136TH ST, 60 West, s s, 17.6x99.11; Oscar Rehfeldt to Regina Rehfeldt, 1 Sutton Place, quitclaim, June 8; attorney, Howard S. Gans, 27 William St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Wilhelm Rehfeldt to same, quitclaim, June 8.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Rose Kruger to same, quitclaim, June 8.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Antonia Rehfeldt to same, quitclaim, June 8.....$1

143D ST, 111 and 113 West, n s, 41.8x99.11; Leonhard Realty Co., 126 East 170th St, to Florentine M. Fuld, 130 East 71st St, (mtg $50,250,) Aug. 15.....$100

146TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x100, except part for Burnett Place; Helen F. McAndrew to John J. McAndrew and Ellen M. Marshall, 2,815 Burnett Place; heirs of Michael McAndrew, Aug. 15; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 31 Chambers St.....$1

146TH ST, s s, 433.4 ft w of Morris Av, 32.1x 80.6; John J. Donovan to Anna R. Somers, at Fort Edward, N. Y., in part, quitclaim, Aug. 9; attorney, C. J. Hardy, 165 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Elizabeth J. Stanciff, 242 West 104th St, in part, quitclaim, Aug. 9; same attorney.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to Elizabeth J. Shannon, 236 Main St., Hempstead, L. I., in part, quitclaim, Aug. 9; same attorney.....$1

168TH ST, 903 East, s w s, 81.8 s e s of Union Av, 80x31x80.10x28; William J. Frey to Edward Miller, 3364 Webb Av, Bronx, (mtg $35,000,) Aug. 15; attorney, C. J. Hall, 18 Broad St.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest in at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

BERNOW, Max, to Mary Pearlman, 1,972 Cropsey Av, Brooklyn, N. Y.; 100th St, 324 East, s s, 25x100.10, Aug. 4, due Feb. 4, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. H. Jackson, 108 Lexington Av.....$5,000

BEZOLD, Margaret M., to Ellen F. Donlin, 225 West 140th St; Inwood Av, e s, Lot 16, map of 25 lots of M. Schirck estate; Inwood Av, n w corner of Goble Place, 22x100; Brevant Av, s w corner of 178th St, 80x80.6x50x 90.6, 1-3 part, June 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. C. Hirleman, 381 East 149th St.....$500

BRONX INVESTMENT CO. to Alfred Wichelns, 156 Schenectady Av, Brooklyn, and others; Greenwich St, 179, e s, 25.1x80.3, Aug. 17, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$32,500

CHAPMAN, Ellen D., to Lincoln Trust Co., 206 5th Av; 5th St, 403 West, n s, 20x 100.5, except strip on rear, 20x25, Aug. 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$9,000

CLELAND, Henry, to Joseph B. Butterworth, 2,070 Ryer Av; Lots 46 to 50, map of 176 lots of L. G. Morris estate, prior mtg $12,800, Aug. 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CROTONA AVENUE REALTY CO. to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St.; Mapes pl, w corner of 181st St, 46.1x146.8, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$7,000

DECATUR CONSTRUCTION CO. to Leon Meyer, 1,801 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Webster Av, w s, 83.8 ft s of 195d St, 20x 96.10x25.2x96.10, Aug. 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

DOERINCKEL, Adelaide M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; St. Raymond Av, at n e s of Washington Av, 50x 100, Aug. 17, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$2,000

DU PONT, Etta G., to George E. Brewer, 61 West 46th St; 119th St; 125 West, n s, 20x 100.11, prior mtg $16,000, Aug. 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Conklin & R., 31 Nassau St.....$5,000

DWYER & CAREY CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Jennings St, n e corner of Minford Place, 100x25, Aug. 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$22,000

GAFFNEY, James C., to Margaret Knox, 478 Mott Av; Southern Boulevard, s w s, 115 ft n of 167th St, 50x100, prior mtg $15,000, Aug. 7, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Knox, 158 Broadway.....$5,500

GANSZ, William, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 165th St, 590 East, 19.9x 95, Aug. 17, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway.....$5,000

GEBIEN, Frederick, to Agnes L. M. Carey, at Cambridge, Mass., 24 Av, 719 and 721, s w corner of 39th St, 49.5x63, Aug. 10, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co.....$45,000

GIBLIN, James, to Charles C. Munson, 180 West 104th St; Overing St, n w corner of Tratman Av, 18x90.2x22.8x84.1, Aug. 16, due Oct. 1, 1914, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,500

GLASSHEIM, Nathan, and Paul Brass, to Nathan J. Gumbiner, 16 East 97th St; 20th St, 66 and 68 East, s s, 37.6x100.11, Aug. 17, due Nov. 18, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway.....$5,000

GRAY, Arthur E., to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 32 Nassau St; 22d St, 134 East, s s, 20x 86.9, Aug. 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$20,000

HANOVER ESTATES to Frances K. Pendleton, 7 East 86th St; Haven Av, n e corner of 169th St, 73.1x127.8x71.9x169.3, Aug. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$26,000

HANOVER ESTATES to Charles L. Brookhelm, Hastings-on-Hudson; Haven Av, n e corner of 169th St, 73.1x127.8x71.9x169.3, prior mtg $24,000, Aug. 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$3,000

HILLCREST BUILDING CO. to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,508 3d Av; 162d St, s s, 97 ft w of Anderson Av, 82.8x90.10x58.11x99.10, Aug. 18, due Dec. 1, 1914; attorneys, Lexow, Root & W., 43 Cedar St.....$40,000

SAME to same; Anderson Av, s w corner of 163d St, 100x57x99.10x97, Aug. 18, due Dec. 1, 1914; attorneys, same.....$55,000

JACOB RUPPERT, a corporation, to Audubon Improvement Co., 974 St. Nicholas Av; Amsterdam Av, n w corner of 156th St, 62.11x 125, prior mtg $100,000, Aug. 17, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$21,000

JACOBS CONSTRUCTION CO. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; Kelly St, w s, 365 ft s of 167th St, 60x100, Aug. 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.$40,000

JENNINGS REALTY CO. to Louis Gordon, 2,026 7th Av; Wilkins Av, n e corner of Jennings St, 50.6x100, July 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$5,000

JENNINGS REALTY CO. to Louis Gordon, 2,026 7th Av; Wilkins Av, e s, 50.6 ft n of Jennings St, 2 lots each 50x100, 2 mtgs each $5,000, Aug. 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same.....$10,000

KNOEDLER, Roland F., to James H. Hyde, Islip, N. Y.; 5th Av, n e corner of 40th St, 26.7x95, Aug. 9, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway.....$450,000

LISSNER, Jacob L., to William A. Brown, 114 East 80th St; Columbus Av, e s, 25.8 ft n of 94th St, 50x80, Aug. 18, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Lord, D. L., 49 Wall St.$44,000

MAHER, Seraphina S., to Florence C. Speranza, trustee, Irvington, N. Y.; Trinity Av, 1,087, w s, 18.10x100, Aug. 14, due April 13, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,000

MANHATTAN HOLDING CO. to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 30 Cooper Square; Broome St, 49, s w corner of Lewis St, 25x80, Aug. 18, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 54 William St.....$15,000

MEYER, Eugene, to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 32 Nassau St; 71st St, 9 e, 12.8 ft e of 2d Av, 21.8x85.5, Aug. 15, due as per bond; address, 32 Nassau St.....$55,000

MILLER, Howard, to William J. Tyer, 1,226 Tinton Av; Union Av, e s, at s w s of 168th St, 50.2x96.10x21x86, Aug. 18, due as per bond; attorney, Otto J. Kalb, 18 Broad St.....$18,100

O'BRIEN, Susan M., to Thomas Thedford, trustee, Allenhurst, N. J.; Lenox Av, 488, e s, 24.1x25, Aug. 17, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., Broadway.....$9,000

O'BRIEN, Susan M., to Mary J. O'Brien, 488 Lenox Av, same property, 1 year, 6 p. c.; same attorney.....$600

PEARLMAN, Moses, to Henry R. Jackson, 68 East 23d St; 3d Av, e s, 25.9 ft s of 98th St, 25x85.9, Aug. 16, due July 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. H. Jackson, 108 Lexington Av.$6,000

POWERS, Mary E., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 121st St, 181 East, s s, 16.7x100.11, Aug. 17, 5 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 310 Chambers St.$5,000

RECTOR &c., of St. Edmund's Church to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; Morris Av, n w corner of 177th St, 160x90, Aug. 17, 5 years; attorneys, R. H. & L. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$15,000

SIMMONS, Sarah R., to Thomas W. Simmons, 258 East 78th St, and another, Lexington Av, 742, n w corner of 50th St, 20.8x85, prior mtgs $35,000, Aug. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$18,000

SMYTH, Ellen, Mary F., Marcella C., Anna, and Owen, to Julius D. Tobias, 1,778 Washington Av; Bronxwood Av, s e corner of 215th St, 25 lots, each 25x100, June 29, due as per bond; Julius D. Tobias, 99 Nassau St.$7,000

STEVENSON CON. CO. to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Madison Av; Morningside Drive, s w corner of 121st St, 101.10x181.2x 100.11x187.2, Aug. 16, due Oct. 1, 1916, 5½ and 6 p. c.; attorneys, Woodcock, H. & H., 160 Madison Av.....$450,000

VAN WAGENEN, Cornelia to August Hunter, 228 East 124th St; 17th St, 64 e, 25 ft s of Audubon Av, 16x84.6, prior mtg $6,000, May 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway.....$1,000

SWEADLING, Mary to William Stowe, 148 East 61st St; 4th St, 193 East, s s, 24.10x84.9, leasehold, Aug. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 15 Avenue A.....$4,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, corner of 156th St, 100, June 15, 1910; Audubon Improvement Co. to Bernard Ruppert, 974 St. Nicholas Av; H. Fauth, 11 Nassau St.; cancels mtg $100,000, Aug. 17, 1911.

BROADWAY, 2,

[illegible]

$65 5th Av; Martin & Howe, 103 Broadway.....$2,500

COLUMBIA ST, 79, e s, 25x48.8, April 20, 1910; Sophie Koppelman to Aronson Mortgage Co., 280 Grand St; Lots 23 and 24, Block 2, Map of Bedford Av, 101 to 109 Sept. 1, 1911; Farmers Realty and Construction Co. to Hunter Point Realties, corner Halsey, Lucas and Hunter Sts; Nov. 1, 1911; Wechsler and Broadway.....$1,100

SAME PROPERTY, Sept. 8, 1909; Peter Realty and Construction Co. to Hunter Point Realties, owner, Rutledge Lucas, 101 East 161st St; Nov. 1, 1911; same attorney.....$1,100

CORBETT CORPORATION to Section 14, 9,100, Liber 34, page 507, Jan. 14, 1909; John A. Steinmetz, 211 East 123d St, to John Twinamm, 2,032 Bathgate Av; satisfied of record without production of mortgage; Mon John J. Delaney, attorneys for petitioner, Bergman & Davis, 239 2d Av.....$2,200

GREENWICH ST, 179, e s, 25.1x59.3; Eleanore Wicheins to Bronx Investment Co, 128 Broadway, 1-6 part, July 12; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alfred Wicheins to same, 1-6 part, Aug. 14.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; John F. Wicheins to same, quitclaim, Aug. 17.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Alma Wicheins and others to same, 2-6 part, Aug. 17.....$13,512

JACKSON AV, w s, 184.3 ft n of 161st St, 19.9 x75; Helen Wegner to Arthur Wegner, 887 Jackson Av, (mtg $4,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.$1

LOT 11, Map 325, in partition of Wells v. Storer; Joseph P. Coffey and others to The Harlem River & Port Chester R. R. Co., 70 East 45th St, Aug. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,250

LOTS 46 to 50, Map of 176 lots, estate of Lewis G. Morris; Joseph H. Butterworth to Henry Cleland, 1,849 Anthony Av, (mtg $12,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 313 to 316 and 320 to 327, Map of 327 lots of Hunter estate; William K. Rose to Charlotte R. Jenks, 308 Broome St, May 11.....$1

PARK AV, e s, 75.3 ft s of 110th St, 25.2x80x irregular; George Ketcher Corporation to Getzel Kotcher, 1 and 3 Watkins St, Brooklyn, all liens, March 14, 1910.....$1

PROSPECT PLACE, n e corner of 42d St, 17.1x 68; Ephraim Buchwald to Stephen H. Jackson, 59 East 97th St, (mtg $17,100,) June 15; address, 109 Lexington Av.....$100

PROSPECT PLACE, n e corner of 42d St, 17.1 x58; Stephen H. Jackson to the N. T. Hegeman Co., 501 5th Av, (mtg $17,000,) Aug. 14.....$100

VYNE AV, w s, 242 ft n of 167th St, 20x100; Max S. Levine, Referee, to Alice R. Nash, Hotel Paffrass, Paris, France, Aug. 17; attorney, Elmer A. Allen, 42 Broadway..$8,600

WATER ST, 256, n s, 19x80x17x80; Nina C. Jarvis and another, heirs of Walter S. Jarvis, Jr., to Josephine Leland, 233 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, all title, B. & S., C. H. and C. A. G., Aug. 10; attorneys, C. H. & J. A. Young, 76 William St.....$1

WEST WASHINGTON PLACE, n s, 22x97; Nina C. Jarvis and another, heirs of Walter Jarvis, Jr., to Josephine Leland, 233 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, one-third part, all title, B. & S., C. H. and C. A. G., Aug. 10; attorneys, C. H. & J. A. Young, 76 William St.....$1

WOOSTER ST, 150, e s, 22x100; Morris Schacter et al., to Mercury Holding Co., 1,459 East 9th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $26,000,) Aug. 15; attorney, David Freiberger, 271 Broadway.$100

127 AV, w s, 80 ft s of 100th St, 40x100; Martin L. and D. Stone to Fannie Stone, at 867 East 23d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $54,000,) Aug. 15; attorneys, Newman & Butler, 115 Nassau St.....$100

2D AV, 710 and 712, w s, corner of 42d St, 49.5x63; Agnes L. M. Carey to Frederick Gebien, 78 West 94th St, Aug. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

3D AV, e s, 25.9 ft s of 98th St, 25.2x82.8, R. H. Jackson to Moses Pearlman, 1,873 Crosby Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $32,000,) July 18; attorney, Samuel Zuckerman, Jr., 189 Broadway.....$100

21ST ST, 139 and 141, s s, 40x94; New Realty Co. to Harry M. Dins, North Columbus Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $279,000 and all liens,) Aug. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

22D ST, 116 East, s s, 20x98.9; Harold Bisney to Arthur R. Gray, 231 4th Av, (mtg $18,000,) Aug. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

56TH ST, 327, n s, 100x100.5; Alfred Mitchell, administrator of Magdalena Mirzali, to Cora A. Meister, at Weehawken, N. J., and Alfred Mirzali, Fort Chester, N. Y., Aug. 17; attorney, Irving Kane, 15 Wall St.....$1

97TH ST, 406 West, n s, 20x75.5; Mary A. Kenyon to Ethel D. Chapman, 874 West 94th St, Aug. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

98TH ST, 110 West, s s, 112x100.5; Alice Mitchell, administrator of Magdalena Mirzali, to Leah K. Wilson, 125 East 84th St, all liens, June 30; attorney, A. L. Schoyer, 66 Liberty St.....$1

116TH ST, 206 to 212 West, n s, 100x100.5x100x irregular, Zacharias Zacharias to 21st Street Co., 1,265 Broadway, (mtg $190,000,) Aug. 16; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

116TH ST, 208 West, n s, 20x100.5, Ella S. West to Emma Gilgoff, 124 St Nicholas Av, (mtg $10,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, Max Schwartz, 277 Broadway

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Hydrochlorate of Quinine in Sealed Tubes Is Granted Free Entry.

In sustaining a claim filed by F. E. Vandegrift & Co. the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday held that solutions of hydrochlorate of quinine in sealed glass tubes are free of duty as salts of cinchona bark, under the provisions of Paragraph 652. The merchandise was assessed for duty under the proviso to Paragraph 65, but Judge Chamberlain says that the proviso is limited to the scope of its application to articles of a medicinal character which conform in appearance or adaptability to capsules, pills, tablets, troches, or lozenges.

The articles, which are intended for hypodermic use, were returned for duty at not less than the rates imposed on medicinal preparations under the provisions of Paragraph 65. Relative to the claim for free entry Judge Chamberlain states that he finds the merchandise to be a salt of cinchona bark. The decision says that the question to be determined is whether this solution of hydrochlorate of quinine contained in sealed tubes falls within any of the classes of medicinal substances mentioned in Paragraph 65.

The General Appraiser says that a careful reading of the paragraph leads to the conclusion that the article under consideration is not included within any of the forms enumerated in the proviso, nor is it similar to the articles referred to. All the forms mentioned in the proviso are so prepared that they can be administered in their entirety. Glass ampoules, however, do not conform in appearance to the articles mentioned in Paragraph 65. It is accordingly held that hydrochlorate of quinine in sealed glass tubes, not falling within the provisions of Paragraph 65, is entitled to free entry. The board rules that the merchandise is specifically provided for under the free list as a salt of cinchona bark. Collector Loeb's decision is reversed and a reliquidation of the duties ordered.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

HENRY DOWD, plumber, White Plains, filed a petition; liabilities $3,807, and assets $2,047 in accounts.

LOUIS S. STILLMAN, musical instructor, 201 St. Nicholas Avenue, filed a petition; liabilities $2,069, and assets $30. He owes $60 for rent to Charles H. Clarke and $200 for rent of an apartment.

EMILE JEANTET, importer of human hair, 24 Fifth Avenue. Petition by Eugenie D. Greco, $500; Bernard Mittelstaedt, $118, and Louis Lewissone, $100. Liabilities are $20,000, and assets, $4,000.

WILLIAM H. MAYBECK COMPANY, manufacturer of architectural woodwork, 276 Ninth Avenue. Petition by McLeod, Ward & Co., $656; Charles H. Harris, $662, and Jacques Kahn, $117. Liabilities, $33,810, and assets, $38,000.

ARONOWITZ BROTHERS, also THE GRAND PLEATING MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—Jacob, Abraham, and Max Aronowitz, manufacturers of embroideries, 109 Mercer Street, petition by Henry Rose, $150; Mendelssohn & Goldstein, $20, and Emanuel P. Spirer, $400. Liabilities $8,000, assets $4,000.

THE FRENCH GARTER COMPANY, Broadway and Twenty-third Street, has made an assignment to Samuel D. Matthews. Samuel Mayper is President and Treasurer and Isidor Mayper Secretary. The company acted as sales agent for M. Mayper & Sons, manufacturers, 413 Broadway, against whom a petition was filed Aug. 9.

JOHN M. LINCK CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, builder and real estate operator, 1,047 Trinity Avenue. Petition by Adam Happel, $9,891; Furlong & Furlong, $653, and Robert Ogilvie, 1,207. Liabilities, (exclusive of mortgages,) $140,000; assets, $63,000, equities in properties, and $2 cash. The properties consist of an apartment house in West 181st Street, near Fort Washington Avenue, mortgaged for $155,000, and twenty-six lots on St. Nicholas and Edgecombe Avenues, assessed for $175,000, mortgaged for $325,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Burdge, Henry—Conservative Realty Co., $216.
Brady, Matthias—A. D. Shaw et al., $154.
Barany, Julian F., (not summoned,) et al.—Texas Co., $514.
Brown, William H.—C. & M. Envelope Co., $114.
Brewster, Ulysses B., and William J. Brewster, administrators—F. G. Brewster Co., costs, $1,171.
Cox, Arthur C.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $121.
Cowen, Lizzie S.—Press Publishing Co., $161.
Donnelly, Francis J.—Blumenthal & Bickart, Inc., $219.
Darre, Richard E., et al.—Texas Co., $514.
Eisenhardt, William, and Emma—A. M. Schwarz, $587.
Guttman, Abraham—Buttler Brothers, $106.
Graus, John C.—R. A. McKee, $165.
Grimaldi, Aurelio—O. B. Coates & Co., $221.
Holmes, C. Wilder—G. Stabile, $170.
Israel, Alfred D.—H. Corn, $204.
Judd, Emma—K. M. Hamilton, $1,199.
Einstier, Moses—Saranac Realty Co., $938.
Kerr, Chester M.—National Park Bank of New York, $188.
Kohn, Samuel, (not summoned,) et al.—B. L. Abrams, $153.
Livermore, T. Dwight, (not summoned,) et al.—P. Griffin, $179.
Mirbach, Samuel—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $234.
Nagsamen, Julius J., et al.—O. E. Beaty, $1,041.
Mannion, Thomas J.—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $265.
McQuade, Francis, et al.—Dover Trust Co., $4,112.
Montgomery, William R., et al.—Same, $4,112.
Michaels, Abraham G., et al.—J. N. Griggs, $119.
Nagel, Charles R.—F. G. Sanvan, $277.
Ochse, Anna E.—C. Schaefer et al., $456.
Peterman, Frank, et al.—B. L. Abrams, $153.
Riefiel, Edward—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $127.
Rosenberg, Jules—I. Heidelburger, $871.
Reed, Lindsay S., et al.—J. N. Griggs, $119.
Sweet, Edward M.—L. R. Hypes, $113.
Steiner, Simon, (not summoned)—Grossman Brothers & Rosenbaum, $432.
Schwartz, Adolph, et al.—Same, $432.
Starr, Louis—George H. West Shoe Co., $102.
Schaefer, Charles E., et al.—I. E. Beaty, $1,041.
Schiff, Bernard—Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y., $280.
Tilly, Charles A.—Thomas G. Knight Co., $215.
Tompkins, Vincent C.—J. N. S. Brewster, $201.
Voss, John—Lang & Co., $263.
Warren, Frederick B.—C. Roos, $11,805.
Werle, John—M. J. Garvin, $125.
Vanderbilt Realty Improvement Co. et al.—P. Griffin, $179.
Auto Spring Repairer Co.—Rotary File and Machine Co., $501.
Same—Same, $203.
Blaine Contracting and Supply Co.—Peerless Rubber Mfg. Co., $664.
George Delion, Incorporated—B. Rosenthal et al., $302.
Brook Construction Co. et al.—Grossman Brothers & Rosenbaum, $432.
John M. Linck Construction Co.—Church E. Gates & Co., $528.
Steinman Realty Co.—C. M. Mapes, $222.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Gill, Horace E.—Manhatan Collecting Co., May 4, 1909, $154.
Kimball, Horatio G., Augustine E. Winnemore—W. C. Carr, et al., July 7, 1911, $417.
Katerbe Automobile & Wagon Mfg. Co.—G. M. Hulbert, July 10, 1911, $188.
Rich, C. Clayton—A. Meltz, July 20, 1911, $364.
Same—Same, Sept. 5, 1900, $209.
Bertine, Crowell M.—W. S. McCarthy, Aug. 30, 1910, $323.
Russell, H. Everitt—J. Becker, June 27, 1911, $183.
Higgins & Seiter—A. R. Keen, Aug. 16, 1911, (canceled,) $388.
Lamar, David—S. Tramm & Co., Feb. 21, 1911, (canceled,) $4,054.
Same, George—G. Hoffman, March 27, 1908, (cancelled,) $3,783.
Alexander, Benjamin, Herman Lehman & Simon S. Kory—People, &c., May 26, 1911, (reversed,) $4,000.
F. G. Brewster Co., Joseph Harton, Harriet Harton, and Emma Golder—U. S. Brewster, May 1, 1911, (reversed,) $707.

TO-DAY'S COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Ford, J. Ex parte business.
CITY COURT—Special Term—Chambers—Smith, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Delaney, J. Kehoe v. Goldstein—Denis A. Delaney.
SUPREME COURT—Ford, J. In re Blendermann—Robert L. Stanton. In re Reid—Charles O. Maas.
CITY COURT—Smith, J. Ahearn v. Mason & Seaman's Transfer Co—Nathan Greenbaum.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Smith, J., Stephen Prine v. John M. Keyes—Julius H. Rosansky.

POLICE AND FIRE TRANSFERS.

Police Department.

Pensioned on Surgeon's Certificate, with Date of Appointment—Sergt. Frank A. Webster, 30th Precinct, $875 per annum, Feb. 18, 1906; Policeman John Bleidinger, 65th Precinct, same, Sept. 2, 1906; John J. Cahill, 144th Precinct, $700 per annum, Oct. 25, 1906; Thomas J. Hunt, 164th Precinct, $700 per annum, Feb. 1, 1906; Joseph A. Rosener, 104th Precinct, $700 per annum, Jan. 8, 1906; Michael Hannon, 30th Precinct, $700 per annum, Nov. 23, 1905; William Engel, C. O. Squad, $700 per annum, April 16, 1906.

Retired from Active Service—Patrolman John Dooledy, 35th to 72d Precinct, as Traffic patrolman, Patrolman to 72d Precinct—W. H. Flynn, 35 to 72d Precinct; J. F. Trainor, 35 to 72d Precinct; [illegible] 72d Precinct, [illegible] 72d Precinct, [illegible] 72d Precinct,

DEFECTS IN OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND HOPES FOR IMPROVEMENT

A Belief That Public Education In This Country Has Not Kept Pace With Progress.

By G. STANLEY HALL.
President of Clark University.

ALTHOUGH the system of public education in our country has grown enormously in size and has improved in quality in many respects, there is, I believe, a growing consensus of opinion among those competent to judge that it has not kept pace with the progress of the age or the country, so that it is, relatively, falling behind and does not meet our needs as well as the school system of 100 years ago did. Let us then briefly glance at some of the admitted shortcomings of the present system:

1. Among these we must count the progressive feminization of the teaching corps. Three-fourths, and, in some States, nine-tenths, (and in the grammar grades the vast and overwhelming majority,) of all teachers are women. This is well enough in the kindergarten and perhaps in the primary grades, but that so many children finish the schooling that the law requires without ever having come once in contact with a male teacher is a grave defect. The school child needs both sexes, just as the home needs a father as well as a mother. This is one reason why boys drop out in the last grammar grade, and especially in the upper high school grades, so that many of the latter are chiefly girls' schools. Adolescent boys feel that education is a thing for girls and women. This of itself is no derogation to women teachers or to the quality of their work. The schools of all nations are slowly becoming feminized, although we are far in advance of any other.

Again, perhaps one-fifth of the entire nearly half million teachers of the country change every year and go into some other vocation, or marry, and their places are filled by raw recruits. Women teachers who marry withdraw and probably few of their sex who enter the vocation would not feel condemned if they knew when they enter that they must spend the best years of their life in the business. Thus much energy is wasted in breaking in fresh teachers. This is connected with the evil of lack of professional training. Although the proportion of normal graduates who enter the system is slightly increasing, there are still very many who have no kind of preparation, so that teaching is unskilled labor.

2. It is estimated that the average duration of school attendance by all the children of the land does not foot up quite six years and that the average child drops out somewhat before the end of the sixth grade. Hence, though the lower grades may often be crowded, the upper grammar grades are rarely so. With the dawn of youth comes the period of American unrest, especially for boys, who wish to go out into the great world, try their mettle, earn money. Again, the number of weeks per year which school keeps in this country averages less than in the best countries in Europe. The Summer vacation is so long that much time in the Fall is spent in reaching the point where the pupils left off in the Spring. Add to this the large number of absences on the part of those enrolled, the large per cent. in many States who are not even enrolled, so that on a given average day not much more than half the children of school age are actually present in the country as a whole, and then add again the enormous waste involved in the fact that probably, according to the very best estimates, one-fourth or more of the children fail of promotion—those are two or three years behind the grade they should have been in had they advanced normally each year—and we can already see that, vast as are the sums of money we spend and excellent as are the buildings, elaborate as is the organization and numerous as is the personnel of the teaching corps, our schools cannot be called up to the standard of efficiency they should attain.

3. Again, in the methods and appliances of teaching we are, as a country, woefully behind the best that is attained in other lands. Take, for instance, the school museum, which we have opened here. Nine-tenths or more of the hundreds of diagrams and illustrative apparatus that have been selected are "made in Germany." Nothing is more effective in teaching every department of science, and even modern and to some extent ancient languages and history, than diagrams, wall pictures that can be used with an entire class and apparatus that can be demonstrated, every item of which, if it is good, immensely eases the strain of comprehension, facilitates memory and generates interest. Of these our school rooms are generally almost bare. To my mind, a school building, however magnificent, without any of this apparatus is almost like a body without a soul. Again, our teachers set lessons and hear recitations instead of really teaching as the German teachers do. We are the greatest consumers of text-books, and these are the most costly in the world, but the best foreign teachers wish themselves to be the source of knowledge and impart it to the children by conversational methods. Books for them are vastly more numerous and immensely better than for teachers here, and there is a vitality and snap about exercises that we do not know. Hearing lessons set beforehand, study hours or busy work are there unknown. The German teacher teaches and does not spend the vast amount of energy that our methods require in finding out whether pupils have prepared tasks previously assigned and in keeping up the elaborate system of marks and gradings which is one of the disheartening and nerve-racking, not to say degrading, duties which American superintendents, especially in large cities, require teachers to do. This, too, is one reason why the zest of the pupils languishes as the restless age of youth approaches.

4. Again, our schools lack vocational education. Some psychologists are telling us that an education that does not train children more effective for their future occupations is dangerous. Others are insisting that there is no such thing as "general culture" or the development of faculty that all training must be more or less specific. For this reason the spectacle of 24,000 young men and women here left school and are now drifting from job to job, tending to spend most likely to fall into the ranks of unskilled labor, but with a blighted sense of dissatisfaction at their hearts which makes them the prey of every movement to discontent. It was recently proposed in Boston, where experiments for the navy in Boston, of the sons of laborers specialized courses of study were applied for children who had no fitness. Many of these children, if given vocational guidance, would be saved from the ranks of unskilled labor and would be started on the road to skilled occupations at their hearts desire. Such guidance would make

Discriminating Patrons.

¶ Time was when "Table Board" and "Furnished Rooms" signs were displayed in the parlor window to beckon patrons, a crude and uncertain method of attracting patrons.

¶ Progress wrought a change and provided a satisfactory way. Clippings from the Want pages of The New York Times are the best sort of directory to consult when board or lodgings are sought. Advertisements in The New York Times attract discriminating people whom you will be glad to have in your rooms or at your table.

¶ Go to any advertising agency or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

Lost

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 2 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Near Pennsylvania R. R. Station, pocketbook marked "A. Harris," containing about $40 and some valuable papers. Keep money, return papers to A. Harris, Hotel Lorraine, Edgemere, L. I. No questions asked.

LOST.—Between 11th St. and Leonard St., on Broadway, on Aug. 18, a yellow sheet pad containing memorandums of value to owner. Finder will kindly return it to Room 503, Hotel Astor. Reward.

LOST—Five diamond rings, tied in handkerchief; liberal reward for same or pawn tickets; no questions asked. Communicate with A. M. Baker, 6 West 99th St., New York City. Riverside—7600.

LOST—A lady's silver bag, from 23d to Reisenweber's restaurant, in taxicab or in Reisenweber's. Liberal reward; no questions asked. F. A. Shepherd, 322 West 22d St.

LOST—Open-face gold watch, monogram W. F., with charm, at Woodstock Hotel; liberal reward for return. Deliver J. Silverblatt, 8 West 19th St., New York City.

LOST—Gold bracelet, Aug. 16, evening, north corners Madison Av. and 125th St.; two diamonds, one sapphire. Reward. Richtmeyer, 2,440 Broadway.

LOST—Monday, the 7th, D. A. R. pin, diamond in centre, surrounded 13 diamonds; "Lizzie B. Bothmer" on back; reward. 846 West 72d St.

LOST—Wednesday, a coral on a gold neck chain Washington Heights, between 159th and 157th Sts.; reward. Weingart, 540 West 157th St.

LOST—Blue silk purse, containing door key and bills, between 97th and 98th Sts.; reward paid. Camp, 209 West 97th St.

LOST—Straight bar pin, small pearls and small diamonds; reward. Murray, 345 West 70th St.

LOST.—Key chain and keys. Return to E. M. Ewers, Broadway Central Hotel. Reward.

LOST.—Will pay reward for return of gold medal. Jones, 70 West 93d St.

$500 REWARD for the capture and conviction of the thieves who robbed the hair importer, Louis Hartung, 711 Broadway, New York City, between 6 P. M. on the night of Aug. 17 and 7 A. M. Aug. 18, of a large quantity of human hair; $1,000 reward for the return of all the hair stolen, or in proportion for any part thereof. Louis Hartung, 711 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 2 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Whoever has found dark brindle bulldog, weighing thirty pounds, short tail, terrier-like body, License 3,732, name Chris, will receive owner's unhappiness by communicating with undersigned. $25 paid, no questions asked. 142 East 37th St.

LOST—Wednesday, female Boston terrier brindle bulldog, without collar; marking: brown eye, brown around ears, white face. Fifty dollars reward if returned to owner, Mrs. Allen Bell, 640 Riverside Drive.

LOST—On Wednesday night, near Broadway, 106th St., Boston terrier, white marked, wearing breast strap; reward. Boyer, 432 5th Av. Tel. 7875—Bryant.

Found

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 2 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Aug. 15—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 300 Mulberry St. Mustang and harness; lady's pin, pocketbook, checks and photos; spectacles and case.

FOUND, Aug. 18—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Ask Lost and Found Department, 9 Morris St.; SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, books, badge, papers, handkerchiefs, slippers, shirt front, towel, collars, music stand. THIRD AV. ELEVATED: Music, four umbrellas, suit case, handbags, spectacles, candy, books, magazine, newspaper, gloves, keys, rosary, hat, shoes, jacket, shirt, apron, bag, piece of iron, pipe. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Eight umbrellas, cane, purse, handbag, eyeglasses, fob, gloves, blank book, scarf, pamphlet, poem, sacque, raincoat.

FOUND, Aug. 18—PENNSYLVANIA STATION, Apply Baggage Room, 7th Av. and 32d St. ON PULLMANS: Comb, cigars, rosary, caps, ladies' hats, two umbrellas, pin, child's dress, fine comb, straw hat. PENNSYLVANIA TRAIN: Two coats, 1 shirt, and package. LONG ISLAND TRAIN: Two umbrellas, raincoat, papers, fan.

FOUND, Aug. 18—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Agent, Jersey City, N. J.: Six umbrellas, four packages, one camera. JERSEY CITY STATION—Package, brush, and grip. ON BOAT—Two packages. IN WAITING ROOM—Cane, suit case, package.

FOUND, Aug. 18, LONG ISLAND R. R. Ask Information, Long Island City Station, L. I.: Bag, four packages, two pairs glasses.

FOUND, Aug. 18—ERIE R. R. Ask at Information Desk, Jersey City: Packages, two straw hats, trousers, waist, shaving outfit, silk dress, underwear.

FOUND, Aug. 18—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Ask at Lost Articles, Grand Central Station: Package, dress-suit case, book, lady's coat, chain, umbrella, cuff button.

FOUND, Aug. 18—D., L. & W. R. R. Ask Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, seven umbrellas, coat.

FOUND, Aug. 17—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 19 Christopher St.: Purse, handbag, keys, three umbrellas.

Business Opportunities

50c. a line 1 time; $1c. a line 2 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

$2,000 bonus to prompt purchaser of $21,500 6 per cent. realty mortgage on Garden City property; every facility extended for immediate investigation, for client must act quickly. Cornelius S. Loder, 80 Church St., New York.

Well-invested rooming or boarding house will show $1,000 profits in 6 months if properly run. 150 East 54th.

Fine farm opportunity; will sell or take partner. "Allen," Hadlyme, Conn.

Business Notices

50c. a line 1 time; $1c. a line 2 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

The Finance Company will discount your outstanding accounts; rate reasonable; call or write 110 Nassau St., Room 328. 'Phone 2146 Cortlandt.

For Sale

50c. a line 1 time; $1c. a line 2 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets, typewriters, safes, cash registers, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, adding machines, neostyles, bookcases; partition. Nathan's, White St. and West Broadway.

Office partitions, telephone booths, tables, desks, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, store furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 54-60 Franklin. 138 Broadway.

Genuine Boston bulldogs, pups, for sale; $8 East 108th St.; no dealer. Y 56 Times.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

50c. a line 1 time; $1c. a line 2 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Chelsea Court, 242 St. Nicholas Av. (corner 157th).—Elegant four, five, six cool rooms; baths; furnished; elevator apartments; lowest summer rates now; one room, $6 to $9 weekly.

Country Board

50c. a line 1 time; $7c. a line 2 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

Fairview, Sea Cliff, L. I.—High elevation, overlooking the Sound; boating, bathing, fishing; excellent board; references.

New York State.

Country Home will be offered 2 or 3 elderly ladies by private family by month or year; at fine country mansion; steam heat; all conveniences; ready Sept. 15; reached by boat or rail. For particulars address Mr. Ives, 264 Simpson St., Bronx.

August and September ideal months in the mountains. Before choosing your vacation resort get descriptive circular Hillair Farm, Walton, New York.

ELLISWOOD.—Board on Ulster County fruit farm; $7. Particulars White, 600 West 46th St.; 'phone 34 Bryant.

Country Board Wanted

50c. a line 1 time; $7c. a line 2 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

IN COUNTRY, family of four and nursemaid, within half hour Cortlandt St.; two rooms required; state terms for August and September. R 269 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 50c. a line 2 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted to assume charge of small office force; publishing business; one with mail order experience preferred; clever, resourceful woman can have permanent employment; but must be expert and have executive ability; give references and salary expected. Y 57 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—A first-class stenographer of education and refinement who can speak English, French, and German; a splendid position with good salary. Call between nine and twelve at 56 Seventh Av. Ask for C. W. L.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted in fire insurance office to attend to a card index; write fully, giving previous experience and salary expected. R 274 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Stock Exchange firm wants experienced man as assistant bookkeeper in foreign department; must be able to correspond in English and German; state full particulars. R 270 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR AND SALESMAN.—Brooklyn and Long Island, over 25; salary to start, $18 weekly and 15 per cent. Patterson, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

DRUGS.—Registered manager; permanent position; must have ability as salesman and furnish A1 references. Address Saloi, Y 48 Times.

MAN, experienced in dipping brass goods, nickel plating, coppering, and pinning by electro process; state wages expected and where last employed. E. P. Stimpson, 68-70 Franklin Av., Brooklyn.

REMINGTON typewriter operator; must be Southerner; literary work. Call (days,) Dargan, 12 East 44th St.

SALESMAN for established real estate development, within commuting distance of New York; plots and 30 completed houses for sale; exceptional prices; all improvements; leads furnished; only experienced man, competent to sell at least $100,000 a year, need apply. P. O. Box 386, N. Y. C.

SALESMAN for city and Middle West on popular-priced line of waists; must have ability and trade; excellent opportunity for right party. Schleff-Grundwerg & Co., 141 Wooster St.

SALESMEN, &c.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good-paying, steady position. Apply all day, 217 West 125th St., Room 18.

SALESMEN.—Live men of good appearance to interview business men; new proposition; sells readily; experience unnecessary. 33 Union Square East, Room 408.

SALESMEN—Shirts, controlling good trade city, Middle West and South; popular line; commission only. Subin Bros., 521 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN, acquainted with notion buyers of department stores city and vicinity; state experience and references. P 284 Times Downtown.

WANTED—By color factory, intelligent and trustworthy gentleman with business experience, able to take care of office during manager's absence; must speak German and be absolutely firm in German correspondence; good, permanent position for the right man; state experience and references, also salary required. Permanent, Box R 267 Times Downtown.

WANTED—One laboratorian at $4 per diem. A competitive examination will be held Sept. 7, 1911, for the purpose of filling the above position. For further information address "Commandant, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y."

WANTED energetic solicitor to push accident and health insurance; commission basis only; best room given. Aetna Life, 200 5th Av.

WANTED—Experienced staple goods buyer for large Southern city; give references and salary expected. Bry & Bro., 140 West 23d St.

WANTED, in a bank uptown, a young man about 18 years old; address, giving age and experience, R 273 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, with brains, law office, high school graduate, desirous of studying law preferred; good salary. P 282 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GIRL, 18, wishes position as bookkeeper; very neat in appearance and an ambitious and willing worker. Address (B. P.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, city.

GOVERNESS, &c.—Educated German lady wants position as governess-housekeeper in widower's family to take mother's place by the children and care of the household. Address Y 55 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, expert all lines, desires monthly audits; books systematized; personal service. Y 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, writes up, balances, audits books, regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 310 Canal.

CHAUFFEUR AND COOK, &c.—Man and wife, no family, man chauffeur and generally useful, wife cook and assist laundry, &c.; go anywhere; references. F. B., 286 West 30th St., city.

CHAUFFEUR, with six years' experience as driver and three years' experience as automobile mechanic, wishes position with private family; can furnish best New York references. X 56 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; 4 years' experience; own repair; best references. N. C., 515 West 36th St.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical and marine, shop and office experience, 13 years, desires situation. Y 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position in engineering concern. R 262 Times.

WANTED.—A position by man who is capable of taking entire charge of business; has been with present employer ten years. Box 72, North Side News.

WANTED.—Some specialties to introduce and sell to building trade uptown. Box 67, North Side News.

YOUNG MAN, 22, experienced elevator operator, wishes position anything. Regan, 163 East 57th St.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus

50c. a line 1 time; $1c. a line 2 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 2425 John.

Domestic.

COMPETENT colored help of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 13 West 69th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COUPLES, cooks, general workers, waitresses, colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7285 Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,252 5th Av. 'Phone Harlem—6070.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 214 West 50th St. 'Phone 4767—Columbus.

Pianos and Organs

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 2 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Will sell very

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

87TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

97TH AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

107TH ST., 20-22-24 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

67TH ST., 33 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; private baths; table guests; exclusive.

49TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private bath; home and table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms; table guests; first class; references.

63D ST., 132 WEST.—Lady having private house, will board one or two refined gentlemen or married couple; homelike, reasonable; telephone; references.

66TH ST., 74 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; private baths; superior table; Summer rates; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, home cooking, parlor dining; table guest; telephone; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Sixteenth year; Summer rates; rooms; private baths; references.

76TH, 259 WEST.—Newly furnished parlor dining; Southerners, Westerners desired; transients accommodated; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 240 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Rooms, en suite or single; first-class in every respect; references.

77TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; parlor dining; table guests; transients; telephone.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Every care given for comfort, table, and privacy; looking to permanency.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—Handsomely furnished house, large light rooms, in single or suite; for gentlemen or couple; excellent cuisine, best of service; all conveniences.

81ST ST., 128 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

82D ST., 126 WEST.—Every room, bath steam heated, parquetted; electricity; excellent cooking; telephone; table board.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Newly furnished; electric light; private baths; telephone.

83D ST., 126 WEST.—Large and single rooms, American house; breakfast and dinner; $5.

84TH ST., 55 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, homelike rooms; parlor dining room; table guests; American family.

84TH ST., 61 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; table guests and transients accommodated.

84TH ST., 53 WEST.—Beautiful large, single rooms; private baths; excellent home table; Jewish; reference.

86TH ST., 302 WEST. (Between West End Av. and Riverside.)—Large rooms; excellent cuisine; Jewish family.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms, near Park; convenient Subway, elevated; table guests accommodated.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Suite of rooms with or without private bath; also single room and large, light dining room.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double and single rooms; near Park and "L"; all conveniences; French cuisine.

93D ST., 123 WEST.—Well-furnished large and small rooms; excellent table; telephone; references.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly renovated house; rooms, with board; homelike; telephone 7645 Riverside; reference.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Two large rooms, southern exposure; suite or singly; 'phone Morningside 8156.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Summer rates.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; private residence; all conveniences; home-cooked meals; table guests.

148TH, 540 TO 546 WEST.—Broadway Subway, famous Riverside, Hudson River park by The Audubon; bright rooms, delicious meals, best accommodations, low rates, large porch, open air dining; transients, table boarders accommodated. Telephone, 2727—Audubon.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

East Side.

157TH ST., 210 EAST. (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor, private bath; single and double rooms; telephone; table guests.

117TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

35TH ST., 15 EAST.
Large, small rooms; Summer rates; transients.

30TH ST., 40 EAST.—One block Park; fine rooms; elevator; excellent board, optional; Summer rates.

69TH, 1,248 LEXINGTON AV.—Large, small rooms; married couple, gentlemen; parlor dining; 'phone, Gross.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $8.50 up.

MADISON AV., 71.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, with board; references.

MADISON AV., 839 (70th St.)—Rooms or board; Summer prices; breakfast in rooms; references.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Fine rooms; excellent board optional; Summer rates until Sept. 15.

Riverside.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, HEIGHTS, R.—Water view; Subway, five minutes; well kept; convenient; cosmopolitan residents; seaside environments, rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, high-class; table, choicest products New York markets; $6-$20 weekly. 908—Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 70, Clear Borough Hall, Subway Station; beautifully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. Phone —Main.

PARK SLOPE, 887 PRESIDENT ST., and other rooms; excellent table; [illegible]

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

[illegible] ST., 70 WEST.—Large, fine well-furnished sitting room and clover bedroom adjoining; private house; $35 month; gentleman; reference.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Large, medium, single rooms; private bath; telephone; resident caterer; meals optional.

72D ST., 108 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; baths; subway express; Summer prices.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and small rooms; all conveniences; bath; 'phone; references.

74TH ST., 108 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite; Summer rates; references; telephone.

76TH ST., 12 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms in refined neighborhood; telephone; references; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive front rooms for gentleman; elevator; exclusive; convenient to subway; moderate.

76TH ST., 130 WEST.—Rooms, medium, small; newly furnished; electric light; private family; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large room on first floor, for gentleman; bath, electric light.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large and small rooms; board optional; references.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room, dressing room; suitable for gentleman; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable room; all conveniences; suitable one or two; references; reasonable.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Entire second floor, with private bath; also small room; private family.

78TH ST., 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms, private bath, two gentlemen preferred; on second and third floor.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms, newly furnished, adjoining bath; private family; telephone; references.

81ST ST., 125 WEST.—Desirable large room, newly decorated; southern exposure; convenient "L." Subway; telephone.

82D ST., 150 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; dressing room, running water; private house; telephone.

82D ST., 123 WEST.—Private bath, electric lights, parquet floors, steam heat, hot water, telephone.

83D ST., 120 WEST.—Large, medium rooms, with dressing room and bath adjoining; moderate; references.

83D ST., 124 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; gentlemen or man and wife; all conveniences. Carlson.

84TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large, small, clean rooms; running water; closet; home comforts; gentlemen. Hoffmann.

85TH ST., 103 WEST.—Delightful rooms; every convenience; ideal location; near Subway and "L"; references.

86TH ST., 239 WEST.—In private house, a few handsomely furnished rooms, bath; terms moderate; telephone 7906 Riverside.

86TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room; running water; private house.

86TH ST., 151 WEST.—Rooms, newly furnished, in private house; references required.

86TH ST., 152 WEST.—Attractive, clean room; ideal location; Subway, "L" express; breakfast optional. Scott.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; 'phone.

102D ST., 310 WEST.—Daintily furnished parlor suite; modern; excellent transportation; Summer rates. Clarke.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—In high-class elevator apartment, large room, attractively furnished; two windows; southern exposure; convenient to subway and elevated stations; private family; references. Apartment 33.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, single closets; elevator apartment; Southern family. White.

112TH ST., 304 WEST.—LARGE, QUIET FRONT ROOM, WELL FURNISHED; ELEVATOR APARTMENT; PIANO; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES. CALDWELL.

113TH ST., 509 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; sunny; bath; telephone; private entrance; very reasonable. Wilford.

113TH ST., 504 WEST.—Front parlor suite, together or separate; 'phone; elevator; clean; cool. Cook.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Attractive rooms; modern bath; telephone; elevator. Apt. 44.

115TH ST., 421 WEST. (Apartment 41.)—Private family; light, clean room, $3; business gentleman preferred.

115TH ST., 414 WEST.—Breezy Manhattan Heights; large and small rooms; Subway, trolley. Smith.

419 WEST 118TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; [illegible]

121ST ST., 209 WEST.—Just completed; [illegible] furnished, unfurnished; single [illegible] vate baths; electric lights; [illegible] dining room; transients accommodated.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—[illegible] dows; telephone; [illegible] Ilungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—[illegible] tionally cool front [illegible] references. Apt. 21.

122D ST., 547 WEST.—[illegible] suitable two, $21 single, $[illegible] ments. Rose.

146TH ST., 505 WEST.—[illegible] rooms; elevator apartment; [illegible] man. Apartment 32.

FURNISHED ROOMS in [illegible] week upward. [illegible] Apt. 302.

East Side.

113TH ST., 26 EAST.—[illegible] Furnished rooms [illegible]

[illegible] ST., 10 EAST.—Attractive [illegible] single or en [illegible]

[illegible] ST., 2 EAST.—[illegible] double [illegible] meals per [illegible] Apartment.

AN [illegible] 20 [illegible] new [illegible]

Write us for [illegible] dwellings [illegible] Company, [illegible]

Ground floor, [illegible] low figures; [illegible] manufacturing [illegible] Co., 541 [illegible]

New Jersey.

[illegible] several pretty [illegible] sale; prices $[illegible] ful [illegible] from New York; [illegible] ing [illegible] hes up or down [illegible] phone [illegible] New Jersey.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 35c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

TWO [illegible] board [illegible] Columbus.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

[illegible] $1,012 per [illegible]

[illegible] bath; [illegible]

[illegible] bath; [illegible]

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

[illegible]

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

CALVARY, 128 West 57th. Dr. R. S. MacArthur, Minister. 11 A. M., Rev. Donald McIntyre will preach. Subject: "The Lost Chord." C. J. Bushnell, soloist, will sing "The Lost Chord."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 93d St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor. Preaching Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., by Rev. Albert G. Lawyer, D. D., of Waterbury, Conn.

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway, 104th. Rev. R. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—Open all Summer. Mr. Pastor preaches morning and evening.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AVENUE COR. 31ST STREET. C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor. REV. F. W. HAGAR will preach Sunday morning and evening. 11 A. M.—"The Christian's Confidence." 8 P. M.—"The Nature of True Religion." Services will be held in SANDERS HALL, Parish House, 31st St., adjoining church.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th St. Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D.D., Pastor. Rev. WILLIAM A. KIRKWOOD, Assistant Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 143 WEST 81ST ST. WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister. Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

Lutheran.

EVANG. LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d.—W. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. Church open all Summer.

Methodist Episcopal.

14th St. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 7th Av. JOHN WESLEY HILL, Pastor. DUBOIS H. LOUX, Associate Pastor. 11—Dr. Loux, "Sparrows of Heaven." 8—Dr. Loux, "The Friend of Friends."

UNION METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 76th St. and Broadway. J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister. 11 A. M., Sermon, Raymond S. Brown, Assistant Minister. No evening service.

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Dr. Albert Parker Fitch of Andover Seminary will preach at 11 o'clock.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av. and 55th St. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. W. MAJOR SCOTT, M. A., of the George Street Congregational Church, London, will preach. While the front of the Church is being altered services will be held in the Chapel, 7 West 55th St. Strangers are cordially invited.

FOURTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH has removed and is now worshipping in EARL HALL OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, (entrance 117th St. and Broadway.) WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., MINISTER, PREACHES AT 11 A. M.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, northeast corner 57 2d St. Public Worship at 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av. Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, Ph. D., Pastor. Rev. Lowrie D. Cory, Assistant Minister. 11 A. M., Mr. Cory will preach. Topic: "God's Cure for Care." 8:45 P. M., open air service, Riverside Drive and 155th St.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th Av., 11th to 12th St. Rev. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor. Rev. James A. McCague, 11 A. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Amsterdam Ave., corner 105th St. Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Preaching by the REV. T. DeWITT TALMAGE, D. D., Chambers-Wylie Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, Pa.

Protestant Episcopal.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St. Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.—Holy Communion 8, 11. Morning Prayer, Litany, and Sermon by Rev. F. J. McKilwain, 11. Evensong, 4.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 112th St. Sunday, Aug. 20. 8, Holy Communion; 11 and 4, Preacher, Dean GEORGE HODGES, D. D.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. Barry, D. D., Rector. Low masses, 7:30, 9; High mass, 10:45; sermons, 4.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29th.—Communions, 7 and 8; WOODWARD'S MASS and Sermon, 10:30; Choral Evensong, 8.

Grace Church; Broadway and 10th.—8, 11, 4. 11, Rev. E. Edwards; 4, Mr. Ball.

SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES. ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av., Cor. 44th St. Sunday mornings at 9:30 and 11 o'clock. Full choir will be present. Seats free. PREACHER, AUG. 20TH: The Rev. J. STUART HOLDEN, D. D., Rector St. Paul's Church, Portman Sq., London. The Services of the Church may be had day or night. Telephone 7355 Bryant.

TRINITY CHAPEL, West 25th and 26th Streets, 21st off Broadway. Sundays, 8 and 11 A. M., 4 P. M. Weekdays, 7:30 and 9 A. M., 5 P. M. Special preacher, St. Rev. H. H. Waller, D. D., Bishop Coadjutor of Fond du Lac.

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Av. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D.D., Minister. Rev. David Van Strien will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Av. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister. Rev. Peter H. Milliken, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "Why Serve God?" Evening: "Decision."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Av. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister. Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D.D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning: "Who Holds the Keys of the Kingdom of Heaven?" Evening: "The Monotony of Sin."

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Av. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister. Rev. Thomas McBride Nichols will preach at 11 A. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M. at 221 East 19th St., Manhattan; and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, Fourth Av. and 20th St.—Service at 11 A. M., conducted by Rev. LEON A. HARVEY. Subject: "THE UNITY OF THE GREAT RELIGIONS." The public cordially invited.

Other Services.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av.—Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor. Sunday, Aug. 20, 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. F. D. Garretson of Philadelphia will preach both morning and evening.

N. Y. SANSKRIT COLLEGE, 280 West 57th St.—P. Banerji, M. D., from Calcutta, lectures Sunday, 8 P. M. Subject, "The Tantrik Religion." Aug. 23 at 8 P. M., S. Brahmachari, M. A., lectures on "Modern India," illustrated by lantern slides.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 2 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

QUARANTINE NURSE SAW NO SUFFERING

Denies Stories of Bad Conditions Among Immigrants on Hoffman Island.

FOOD PURCHASER TESTIFIES

Says Patients Got Same Supplies as the Staff—Commissioner Issues a Warning Against Perjury.

Miss Winifred Noon, superintendent of the nursing staff at Hoffman Island, and Miss Ida Davis, who has charge of buying and distributing the Hoffman Island supplies, were the principal witnesses before the Quarantine Investigating Commission yesterday.

When examined by George Gordon Battle, Health Officer Doty's counsel, both testified that detained immigrants had always received good food and considerate treatment on Hoffman Island. When Charles Dushkind, representing Dr. Doty's opponents, undertook to cross-examine them, however, the two young women indulged in so much fencing that Commissioner Bulger, immediately after the noon recess, without mentioning any names, stated that if he was able to obtain legal evidence that any witnesses were perjuring themselves, he would immediately appeal to District Attorney Whitman, and have the offenders sent to State prison.

The examination of Miss Noon occupied the morning hearing.

"All the nurses on the island are Civil Service appointees," she testified. "I never saw or heard of children being bathed in the same tubful of water in the Hoffman Island Hospital. The testimony of the immigrant women about having bathed live children in the same water in which dead babies had been bathed must be wrong, because the dead children weren't bathed in the hospital. Peanuts couldn't have been stuffed in the mouths of crying children by cruel nurses because such a course of treatment would almost immediately have killed the children by suffocation or strangulation. Detained mothers were never forced to work in the children's hospital, so far as I know. Some mothers were allowed to work there when they volunteered. The mothers were allowed to visit their sick children in the hospital practically every day, and were notified when their children became unusually ill, so that they could be by the bedside at the time of death. I am testifying without prejudice because my position and livelihood don't depend on Dr. Doty's keeping his place, as I am a trained nurse, and am also under Civil Service."

Miss Noon testified that the buildings had always had what seemed to her sufficient heat and hot water. Mr. Dushkind produced a number of daily reports, which Dr. Hudson, the chief medical officer of Hoffman Island sent to Dr. Doty last Winter. Some of the statements contained were: "The detained immigrants complain that they don't want cereal and want eggs instead;" "The hot water system of the island is not large enough;" "The furnace under the hospital has not been fixed." The reports seemed to show that the furnace under the Hoffman Island Hospital had remained unrepaired for seventeen days last December. Dr. Dushkind tried to make the witness admit that the nurses and patients had suffered from cold during this period, but she insisted that she didn't know that there had ever been anything wrong with the furnace and that she and the patients had always been comfortable.

During the dark days of the investigation Mr. Dushkind attached considerable importance to items purporting to be food supplies and almost among the articles which Dr. Doty purchased for the detained immigrants. Miss Noon testified that she had never seen any of these articles on the table, and that the piano which had thus been purchased for public expense was an instrument which belonged to Mrs. Doty, her opinion, after a period of amuse, the Health Officer's wife fixed it and sent over to Hoffman Island for the benefit of the nurses and detained immigrants. The "flowers" or cheese of which much has been made, were purchased for the detained immigrants. Miss Noon testified that she had seen some of these articles on the table, but could not say whether or not they were served to the immigrants. Asked if she knew whether Dr. Doty had introduced into the service reports which were not true, Miss Noon testified that she had never seen any reports which she knew to be false. Dr. Doty, she said, was a stickler for accuracy in reports. Miss Noon testified that she had never seen any of the nurses or attendants on the island drink liquor, and that she had never seen any of the nurses or attendants on the island drink liquor, and that she had never seen any of the nurses or attendants on the island drink liquor, and